BSA MODEL
No. 2, Side Car the real comfortable mount for a Lady Companion. Prices on application.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

EDITED BY
B. G. HORNIMAN, 1913—19.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

CONDUCTED BY
MARMADUKE PICKTHALL & SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI.

VOL. IV NO. 80 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1921. TWO ANNAS.

B·S·A
Bicycles
Latest stock received, price on application.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

SHIPPING.

P. & O.

AND

BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE

Sailing to Plymouth and London. Callin at Marseilles.

A Passengers required to be in possession of passports.

Date 1921.	Steamer.	Tons.
4th June ..	"NAGOYA" X ..	6,854
11th ,, ..	"DONGOLA" ..	8,056
18th ,, ..	"MALWA" * ..	10,911
25th ,, ..	"NEURALIA" ..	9,082
2nd July, ..	"KASHGAR" ..	8,840
9th ,, ..	"KARMALA" ..	8,983
16th ,, ..	"DELTA" ..	8,087
23rd ,, ..	"NARKUNDA" * ..	16,115
30th ,, ..	"MOREA" ..	10,890
6th August ..	"CALEDONIA" ..	7,572
13th ,, ..	"SYRIA" X ..	6,683
20th ,, ..	"MANTUA" ..	10,902
27th	"DEVANHA" ..	8,092

"NAGOYA" } Through steamers from
X "DELTA" } China calling
"SYRIA" } Bombay for mails only.

"MALWA" }
* "NARKUNDA" } Through steamers from
"MANTUA" } Australia.

P. & O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN. A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamers arrival.

B. I. COMPANY'S SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH ONLY.

Date	Steamer	Tons.
2nd June ..	"CHANDA" ..	6,169

Has second saloon accommodation for limited number of gentlemen only.

P & O. SAILINGS FOR THE STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

Date	Steamer	Remarks.
10th June ..	"DILWARA"	To Colombo, Straits and China
26th ,, ..	"MANTUA"	From Colombo to Australian Ports.

SAILINGS TO AFRICA KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date About	Steamers.	Remarks.
2nd June	..KAROA	..East & South Africa.
2nd ..	..LICHTNING	Karachi & P. Gulf.
3rd .. ,,	..BARALA ..	Busreh direct.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passages for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with .

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE and CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD. AND B. I. S. N. CO.'S JOINT SERVICE.

CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

Steamers	Tons	sailing about	Remarks
Canadian Leader	5500	[illegible]	

Terms Rates of Freight and Passages may be arranged with :—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
16, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 163.
Telephone No. 1330.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure.
Saigon Maru	C. Okuda	16th May	6nd June
Honolulu Maru	K. Hirano	25th ..	12th June
Ganges Maru	T. Inouye	4th June	15th June
Indo Maru	Y. Fujieno	18th June	28th June
Peking Maru	K. Yamaguchi	23rd June	1st July.

K. SHIMA,
Manager.

Bellard Road, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.,
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer	Commander	Tons	Arrival	Departure
Wakasa Maru	B. Tauda,	6074	11th May	26th ,,
Nagano Maru	K. Tsukuda	3824	17th ,,	26th ,,
Tetford Maru	S. Ito	5966	18th ,,	25th ,,
Hakata Maru	Y. Tomioka	5970	25rd ,,	5th ,,
Tajima Maru	K. Takano	6995	11th June.	23rd June.
Tatsuno Maru	G. Ota	6995	22nd ,,	4th July.

* This steamer has no passenger accommodation.

†This steamer arrives from New York, and sails for Calcutta via Colombo, Madras and Rangoon.

For Freight and passages apply to
T. TAGAMI,
Manager.

Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED,

(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1886.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 100,0 0,000
Reserved Fund ..... Yen 50,000,000
Head Office—YOKOHAMA.

Batavia, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta Changchun, Dairen, Fentien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai-Yaun, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lions, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, Riddo Jangiro, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Ourabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Hamburg, Saigon.

Branches :—
Tsinam, Tokio, Tsingau, Vladivostock.

CURRENT DEPOSIT Accounts are opened for approved customers, and Interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

N. UTSOKA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 204,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.

Subscribet Capital .....Rs. 7,58,73,52
Paid-up Capital and Reserves ...Rs. 2,38,73,33
Reserve Liability of Shareholders .....Rs. 5,31,11,46

BRANCHES:

London Calcutta, Delhi, Cawnpore Hyderabad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon

SUB-BRANCHES—
Bombay—Share Bazar 20, Apollo Street, Shroff Bazaar, 297, Shaik Memon Street, and Mandvi, Musjid Bunder Road.
Calcutta—Bora Bazaar.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Chandausi.
Cawnpore—Hathras.
London Office: 9, Bishopsgate.
London, E. C.
Sir D J Tata, Kt, Chairman, Board of Directors..

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/ to Rs. 1,00,000/ at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,0000/ interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.

PURCHASES AND SALES OF Securities and Shares effected.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

NOTICE to Savings Bank depositors from April 1st, 1921 interest on Saving Bank accounts has been INCREASED from 4 per cent. to 4½ per cent. per annum.

L. D. L BUCKLEY.
General Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA LTD

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH: AHMEDABAD.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	70,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK Accounts opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

H. A. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANKING.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND	£ 2,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND ...	$21,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, K. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE: 49, Churchgate Street.

OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Knala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsic
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtaec
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkow	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

R. R. HYND,

THE EASTERN BANK LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE:—4, Crosby Square, London, E. C. 3

BRANCHES:

Amara	Bombay
Baghdad	Calcutta
Bahrein	Colombo
Basrah	Hillah
Basrah City	Mosul

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£ 995,00
Reserve Fund	£ 266,00
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,005,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.T. Chairman.

J. S. Haskell, Esq., Deputy Chairman,
Sir J. Leigh-Wood, K.B.E.,
J. H. Batty, Esqr.,
G. Bromley-Hartin, Esqr.,
Meyer Sassoon, Esqr.,

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

A. J. Raymond, Esqr.,
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.,
Narottam Morarji Goculdas, Esqr,
BOMBAY BRANCH.

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street

INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.

SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F .TUCKER,
Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	£1,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£ 750,000
Reserve Fund	£1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE.

14, Gracechurch Street, London, N. C.

LONDON BANKERS.

The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah (Calcutta)	Madras
Bombay	Kandy	Mauritius
Calcutta	Karachi	New York
Colombo	Kobe Shru (Kalantan)	Penang
Delhi		Rangoon
Galle		Shanghai
		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of interest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LIMITD.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	3,97,61,500
CALLED-UP CAPITAL	60,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 18-8-20	59,76,150

HEAD OFFICE:
7. Murzban Road, Fort BOMBAY.
SUB-BRANCHES:

Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street, Share Bazar, Rogay Building, Apollo Street.

LONDON AGENTS:

THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES up to Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at 2 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANKS. Interest allowed at per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.

SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold

Banking business of every description transacted

A. B. OLIPHANT,
Ag. Manager.

ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

AUTHORISED AND SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Rs. 40,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	Rs. 35,50,000
RESERVE FUND IN GOVERNMENT PAPER	Rs. 35,50,000
CONTINGENCY FUND for equalisation of Dividend, Provision for bad or doubtful debts, adjusting fluctuations in values of investments or etc.	Rs. 6,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ALLAHABAD.
BRANCHES.

Bombay, Bareilly, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Dehra Dun, Gorakhpur, Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Lucknow, Meerut, Mussoorie, Naini Tal, Nagpur, Patna.

SUB-AGENCIES.

Allahabad City Office, Amritsar, Aminabad Park (Lucknow) Benares, Cawnpore City Office, Chandausi, Fyzabad, Hathras, Lucknow City Office Lyallpur, Moradabad, Muttra, Rae Bareili, Sitapur.

CORRESPONDENTS. In all the principal Towns throughout India.

LONDON BANKERS.—The P. & O. Banking Corporation, Limited. The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS. Interest at 2 per cent. allowed on balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 100,000 provided the interest amounts to Rs. 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS. Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Small sums received. Copy of Rules can be obtained on application. Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the Custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realised. Loans and Cash Credits granted.

Currecy Notes of any Circle, Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit account free of charge. Banking business of every description transacted. Copy of Rules may be had on application at the Head Office and at any of the Branches.

T. L. FOREMAN,
Agent.

Bombay Branch,
Allahabad Bank Buildings,
Apollo Street, Bombay.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorised	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	47,20,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	18,88,254	15	8
Reserve Funds	15,70,284	2	0

Dividend at the rate of 14 per sent. per annum has been declared by the Bank on paid-up capital.

HEAD OFFICE, LAHORE.

BRANCHES:

Amritsar	Hyderabad	Multan City
Bombay	(Sindh)	Montgomery
Cawnpore	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Calcutta	Jammu	Patiala
Delhi	Jhelum City	Quetta
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Rawalpindi
Ferozepore	Kasur	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Sialkot
Gojra	Lyallpur	Srinagar
Hapur	Ludhiana	Umballa City
Hoshiarpur		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out stations are bought, collected and discounted.

INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to,—

RES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.,

SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK 5%.

Investments mainly in or against Terminable, "Government Securities and in securities admitted by the Insurance and the Trust Acts, thus Eliminating altogether, or Minimising to the lowest degree the danger of Loss or of Depreciation of Assets

It is not the bulk of Assets, but the Quality of Assets that counts for the Investor seeking a place for his unemployed balances.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS 3% FIXED DEPOSITS 5% to 6½%

DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, *Managing Director.*

5 %
WHY SAVE MONEY ?
? ? ?

Because it is THE BEST FRIEND in time of need.
Because the coppers saved daily will provide for the education or marriage of your son or daughter when they are of age.
You can open a Savings Bank account with

8 Annas and upwards and it will earn 5 % Per Annum

Open the account to-day at the

INDUSTRIAL & EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
7 A, Fort Street, opp. G. P. O., BOMBAY.

POST BOX 22. BRANCHES—AT KARACHI AND SURAT PHONE 53 4

BANKING.

THE BANK OF MORVI LTD.

(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)

HEAD OFFICE:—Fort Bombay.
BRANCHES:—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Subscribed Capital .....Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital .....Rs. 60,00,000
Reserve Liability for Calls ...Rs. 60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds .....Rs. 2,52,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Interest at 2 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per sent.

STERLING DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.

GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.

STOCKS and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.

All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

C. I. PAREKH & CO.,
Agents

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK, LIMITED.

Head Office—APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Branch:—MUMBADEVI (in the City).

AUTHORIZED & ISSUED CAPITAL ..... Rs. 10,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL 10,00,000
RESERVE FUND 97,407
CONTINGENCY FUND ... 1,15,700

DIRECTORS.

Sir Goculdas Kahandas Parekh, Kt., Chairman.
The Hon. Mr. Mahomed Hajeebhoy, (Messrs Hajeebhoy Lalji & Co.)
Lalji Govindji, Esq., (Messrs. Bhucandas Govandji & Co.).
Naranji Dayal, Esq. (Messrs. Premchand Chhaganlal & Co.).
Krishnadas Goverdhandas Mandiwala, (Messrs. Sakharam Mancharam).
Gopaldas Tricumji Jivandas, Esq. (Messrs. Tricumji Jivandas), Managing Director.

CURRENT DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on Rs. 300 to Rs 1,00,000.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 5 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 6½ per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 and upwards for twelve months. Rates for short term deposit may be ascertained from the Bank.

LOANS, CASH CREDITS AND OVER DRAFTS given on approved securities.

LOCAL DEMANDS BILLS collected free of charge.

Copies of rules may be obtained from the Bank on application.

GOPALDAS TRICAMJI.
Managing Director.

INSURANCE.

HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.

CALCUTTA.

Second Quinquennium Valuation Report commends a Bonus of ½ per cent. on the sum assured for each complete year of assurance on Policies in the Ordinary Assurance Fund which become claims during the Quinquennium ending 30th April, 1922, after making a Special Reserve of Rupees One Lac.

Premium Reserve Fund exceeds Rs. 42,00,000.

The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic lines.

Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be sent on application to Head Office, or any Branch or Chief Agency Office in India.

S. R. KHOPKAR,
Manager,
Bombay Branch,
31, Madan Street, Fort, Bombay.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security of the Policy-holders.

Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premium in India Liberal Policy terms.

"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India."

For all forms of Assurance please apply to

P. BANERJEA,
Secretary.

RAE & CO.
Managing Agents,
or
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency, C. P. Berar and C. I.,
303, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO LTD.

113, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.
CHAIRMAN:

Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E.
Sir Hukamchand Saroopchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq. Bar-at-Law.
Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq., (Pragjee Soorje & Co.).
Motilal C. Setalvad, Esq. Advocate.
Lalji Naranji Esq., J.P. (Moolji Jetha Co.) (Ex-Officio.)

Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely liberal without any vexatious restrictions.

Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies—a boon to Policy-holders.

Application for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.

For particulars apply to:—

JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.

According to the Goc. of India Insurance Blue Book.

The Oldest Life Office of Bengal.

THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED.

Established 1891.
Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 8,00,000.
Govt. of Bengal (Official Trustee) is the Trustee of the Reserve Fund.
Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.
LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.

This is the only policy holders office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare out-rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before assuring elsewhere.

For particulars apply to:—

The Secretary	The Chief Agents,
809, Bow Bazar,	D. SEN & CO.,
Street Calcutta.	1 Chowringhee
	Calcutta.

Agency Applications Invited.

DON'T BE PUZZLED
Insist on Having Only
S. C. SEAL'S
INK TABLETS
which are brilliant and non-corrosive, cheap and best. Free samples to school masters and merchants, Blue, Black Violet and Green with fancy tin box. Each kind 15 annas per gross, Red Re. 1-6 per gross.
AGENTS WANTED.
SARAT CHANDRA SEAL,
1-3, Lakhsimi Datt's Lane,
P. O. BAGHBAZAR, CALCUTTA.

BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS.
CURE CHRONIC CASES
By Correspondence
A golden opportunity for old sufferers from whatever diseases and for these given up by others. Remedies guaranteed free from harmless materials and cost of medicines refunded in case of failure. What do you want more? We treat all correspondence strictly confidential. Write at once with your full history and get cured.
DR. J. N. SEN, L.M.S.
Homeo and Bio-chemist, Prop,
Behar Chemical Works, Mihijam E.I.R.
Mention this paper while writing
Student patients get concession.

SEASON GOODS
Just Unpacked
LARGE CONSIGNMENT
of
REFLEX CAMERAS
of
VARIOUS MAKES
¼ to ½ Sizes VARIETY
of
HAND AND STAND CAMERA
and
EVERY OTHER THING PHOTOGRAPHIC
S. MAHADEO & SON,
295-299 Dora Bazar Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

MARTIN'S

FOR
Satisfaction of Fitting
Durability of materials
Please pay us a visit
New Stock of
Woollen, Silk and Cotton
Suitings just opened.
A. R. Abdurrehman & Co.
Churchgate Street, Tailors
Fort, **BOMBAY.**

LILLIPUT POCKET STOVE
No. 96.
FOR CAMPERS, HUNTERS, ETC.
Price Rs. 20. Postage Extra.
All kinds of Stoves and parts in Stock.
CALL AT
D. R. WAGLE,
GIRGAON STOVE DEPOT,
Near Tram Terminus, Girgaon

KATOL
The Best Insecticide Ans, 11 per tin
JAPAN INSECT POWDER CO.
Princes Street, BOMBAY.

WANTED AGENTS
Gentleman who can command a decent business are recommended to apply to th
BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
67, Apollo Street, BOMBAY.
Liberal Terms and every FACILITY TO SUITABLE MEN.

JAL DINSHAW & CO
ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS.
SOLE AGENTS:
NATIONAL METAL WORKS, LTD.
Manufacturers of Building fixtures, Furniture fittings, Electric fittings, Ship fittings and fancy Brass Works.
Gastine is Gasoline economiser. Carbon troubles eliminated, power, speed and mileage increased 26 to 40 per cent., motor car troubles minimised.
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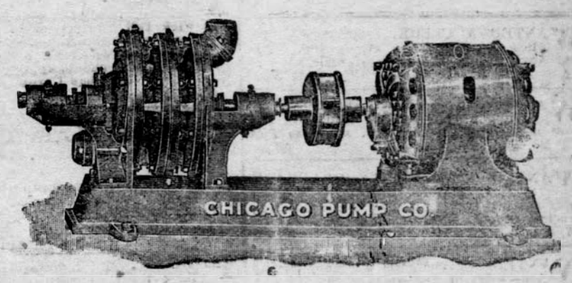

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WANTED—A GODOWN for stone lime near Byculla Goods Shed or Darukhana. Apply to DEWANCHAND & Co., 72, Apollo Street.
F R 417

WANTED—FOUR ROOMS with bath and kitchen for an up-to-date Hindu family. Must be in the Fort area or near about. Apply Box No. 603, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
F

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Excellent large palatial three THEATRES in Bombay. Only Buyers kindly write to Box No. 4051 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
G R 412

MOTORS AND ACCESSORIES.

FOR SALE—8 brand new OVERLAND 4 CARS. What offers? Apply Box No. 4046, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
JA C9566

FOR SALE—One "SUNBEAM" MOTOR CAR, touring body, 4-cylinder, 1921 latest Model, Brand New. Price very reasonable. Apply Messrs. HEFTOOLA NOORUDIN & Co., 351-353, Abdool Rehiman Street, Bombay.
JA R398

MUST SELL.—One 12/16 H. P. 4 cylinder ITALA CAR, with 5-seater body in perfect order at any reasonable price. Can be seen and tried at BOMBAY CYCLE and MOTOR AGENCY, LTD., 16, New Queen's Road, Bombay.
J A C 9587

MACHINERY, TOOLS, ETC.

WANTED—BOILER, second-hand or new. Apply GULABRAI GOVINDRAM, Akola.
A C9572

FOR SALE—New 10 H. P. Electric Motors A. C. complete with slide Rails, Pulie and Starter. Apply Box No. 4025 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A R 351

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—One new or second hand STEAM ENGINE, compound condensing Rope driving of approved make in good condition capable of driving 60 Platt's Single Roller Gins. B. P. SAOJI Factory, Mulkapur, Berar.
K 409

FOR SALE—Three Lancashire BOILERS by Tucker and Shenton brand new, size 30 x 7½ x 160 lbs. pressure just imported highest offer above 35,000 each will be considered F. O. R. Lahore. Apply BALARAM GRANJEVILLE, Simla.
R9551

WANTED TO PURCHASE—Second-nand or new Doubling Frames, Sizing machines and Warping machines. Apply with specification and full particulars with lowest rates to C. AARON & SONS, Weaving Establishment Pappinisseri (North Malabar).
K R 330

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE—One quite new LANCASHIRE BOILER. 30ft. by 7ft.—6inft Diameter 200lbs. Pressure and some Looms and Dobbies, Bombay delivery. Particulars apply Box No. 3060, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
K C9598

EDUCATIONAL.

NEW SESSION OF DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, commences on the 6th of June, in the new large premises at Great Western Hotel Building, Apollo St., where intending students should immediately apply for prospectus.
R 388

ALEXANDRA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.—New Term begins on 7th June. Students desiring to acquire sound training in Book-keeping, Accountancy, Banking, Theory and Practice of Commerce, Shorthand Theory and High Speed, etc. are requested to write for prospectus to PRINCIPAL, opposite Whiteaway.
M R378

FRESH FIELD AND PASTURES A NEW.—Excellent and well paid appointments for STUDENTS successful in A.B.T., L.C.C., N.U.T., R.S.A. Bankers Examinations Special Quick training in Shorhand, Banking, Law, Accountancy, Auditing, Typewriting, etc., in a very short period. Apply LENTIN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, 285, Hornby Road, New Term commence from 6th June.
M R 418

FOR THE EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT, Ratlam State. (1) An experienced graduate, strong in English and Mathematics, for the post of Head Master, Darbar High School, Ratlam. (2) A graduate in science, for the post of Science Teacher, Darbar High School, Ratlam. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating terms, etc., to the Home Member, State Council, Ratlam.
M C9597

PRABHURAM AYURVEDIC COLLEGE—New term of the College will begin from Monday, the 4th July, male and female candidates desirous to join should appear before the Principal from Thursday 30th June to Saturday the 2nd July, 1921, for the test examination. RATILAL POPAT, A.A.M.S. Bhishagwar, Registrar. Office Bhuleshwar. Bombay.
M C9681

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects—"Book-keeping and Accountancy. Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.
M

INSTITUTE OF COMMERCE—Established 1906—Sound Training in Book-keeping & Accountancy, Auditing, Banking, Law etc., Imparted by Principals, A. J. Mukati and R. S. Bharucha (Late of the Kalkadevi Shorthand and Typewriting Institution): Fees Moderates, Enrolment Daily. Classes Morning and Evening. Kanta Building, Kalbadevi Branch, Maratha High School Premises Sandhurst Road, Bombay Prospectus on Application.
M

BOOKS & STAMPS.

A Best Selection of latest French and English Novels going very cheap at King and Co., Booksellers, News Agents, Hornby Road, Bombay.
L R285

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

FOR SALE—BAILING PLANKS in large quantity. Immediate delivery, also a lot of hoop irons. Apply Box No. 610, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
N

REBUILT OLIVER NO 5.—With B. S. & Tab Rs. 140. Secondhand Empire No. 1 (Portable) Fine Rs. 150—Secondhand Oliver Rs. 100. Brand New Fox standard and Portable typewriters. One very slightly used MULTIGRAPH (like new) in perfect working order. Eureka. Tagger Ribbons and Carbons. Repairs at Moderate Rates. STANDARD TYPEWRITING CO., 259/261, Hornby Road, Opp. Messrs. Cox and Co. Fort, Bombay.
N

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

WANTED—FREE RECEIVERS of Begum Bahar Diary of 1921-22 free on application. Two anna stamp for an excellent wall almanac with two fine pictures. Apply to BEGUM BAHAR OFFICE, Post Box 709, (B), Calcutta.
P

LOST & FOUND.

A BLANK HUNDI form for Rs. 2,500 drawn by The Western Stationery Mart of Bora Bazar, Bombay and endorsed by Jayantilal C. Patel of Bombay is LOST or MISPLACED. We, therefore, inform the public not to deal with the said form, and if anyone does, he shall do so at his risk and responsibility. J. CHIMANLAL & Co., Proprietors, Bombay, 1-6-1921.
PB R390

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—To advance rupees five lakhs. On sound securities moveable or immoveable. Apply with full particulars to P. D. SHETTI, Vandravan Building, 1st Floor, Corner of New Charni Road, Sandhurst Road, Bombay.
R422

SPORTS

NOTICE since the entries for the ALL INDIA ROQUET TOURNAMENT are very poor there will be no tournament for the Professionals this time at Mysore. SADEQ Z. SHAH, A.D.C. to H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore.
S C9592

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

GRAND REDUCTION SALE—Boots and Shoes—16th May to 16th June, 1921 Discount 2 annas per Rupee. RUSTOM KHAN and Co., Prag Mahal.
T—R 24

FOR SALE—The MOTOR LAUNCH "WHELAN" in good running order is available for immediate delivery. Apply for particulars, etc., to MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co., P. B. 122 Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.
T 9565

GENTS' SUITINGS for hot weather "Lusitania Tussor" Cloth, specially manufactured for the Company. Piece for one suit complete (8 yards) Rs. 10 only. Apply to the AGENTS, INDO-LUSITANIA RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD., 110, Medows street, Fort, Bombay.
T C9296

WANTED—Purchasers of Punjab, made (Khes (or cotton beddings) Purely Swadeshi, product. Moderate prices. Hand-some Commission, to smart agents. Trial order solicited. SITARAM MELARAM, Importers and Exporters, Rangmahal, Lahore, Telegrams: Svern.
T R 300

SKIN DISEASES of any name and nature yield to almost magical effect of "SRI" Ointment and Soap. Soothes at a touch, draws out poison and effects speedy cure like a charm Get them from "SRI" Works, Beadon Sq., Calcutta, for Rs. 2/8. Money returned if no profit.
R 331

TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Remington No. 10 Brief Size	220
Underwood, slightly used	320
Oliver Rebuilt No. 9, like new	200
Remington No. 8 Brief	110
Empire No. 1 Visible	100
7 lbs. Fox Pertable with case	165

THE GLOBI TYPEWRITING CO., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, 'Phone, 4869.
T S

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE:—

	Rs.
National Portable No. 3 with Case	125
Remington 7, 2 Cols., Rs. 120, Oliver 3...	125
Empire 3, Rs. 150, Sun, Back Spacer	150
Oliver 5, American Rebuilt, like new	190
Yost 20, Latest, Brief, little used	250
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 210, 240	27
Remington 10, Brief, Rs. 225, 11, Policy.	2
Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, Brief	3
Underwood 5, new, used few days	325
Remington 10, new, used few days	275
Smith 5, Rs. 250, American Reb	275
9, American Rebuilt, Brief	275
Royal No. 5, Visible, 2 Cols., B. Spacer.	175

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp Patit Institute,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

ON and from the 6th instant the REGISTERED OFFICE of the EASTERN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY LIMITED will be REMOVED to 24, Mangalore Street, Frere Road, near B. I. Office.
SHAKIFF HASSUM & Co.,
C9568 Agents.

TENDERS.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Ordnance Officer, Ordnance Depot, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. on 8th June, 1291, for contract for washing, cleaning and carrying out petty repairs such as fixing buttons and work involving a few stitches where necessary to garments and articles of necessaries, woollen and cotton as detailed below for the period of one year commencing from 1st June, 1921, on the following conditions:—

Cotton clothing	Per hundred
Light woollen clothing	,,
Heavy woollen clothing	,,
Blankets	,,
Mattress cases	,,
Pillow cases	,,

2. The contractor will have to lodge a sum of Rs. 200 in Government Promissory Notes as a security deposit on acceptance of his tender.
3. The Ordnance Officer does not bind himself to accept any or lowest tender.
4. Tender forms can be obtained at the Ordnance Depot Bombay, on payment of Re. 1.

W. DREW, Lieut., R.A.O.C.,
Ordnance Officer,
Ordnance Depot, Bombay.
Bombay, dated 1-6-1921.
TA C9560

NOTICE,

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of 200 tons per month first class steam coal for the Sholapur Water works from July 1921 to the end of July 1922.

S. V. BAPAT,
Chief Officer,
Sholapur Municipality.
T A C9594

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the supply uniforms to the Forest staff of the Bombay Presidency, including Sind during the year ending 31st March, 1922. Form tender and particular of uniforms to be supplied can be obtained on application to the Personal Assistant to the Chief Conservator of Forests at Poona. Tenders together with the samples of cloth to be submitted not later than 20th June, 1921, to The CHIEF CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS, Bombay Presidency, Poona.
C9577
TA

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE attention of the Public is invited to the advertisement in detail published in the "Mysore Gazette" dated the 2nd June, 1921, calling for tenders for the purchase of the Government Soap Factory Bangalore, up to 12 noon of the 30th July, 1921.

C. S. BALASUNDARAM IYER,
Officiating Director of Industries & Commerce
C9567

UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

THE HEAD OFFICE of the BANK will REMOVE from 7, Mursban Road, to the Bank's new Premises in Apollo Street, on 9th June, next.

The Bank undertakes banking business of every description on favourable terms. All possible facilities rendered to constituents.

Copy of Rules on application.

A. B. OLIPHANT,
C 9411 Ag. Manager.

FOR SALE.

BUILDING STONES such as Copy Khanki Rubble, Corner Stones, Metal Reader, etc.

Also machine extracted "Sisal Hemp or Agave Fibre.' For samples and rates apply to the AGENT, the Powai Estate 59, Medows Street, Fort.

SHORTHAND CLASSES AT SYDENHAM COLLEGE, BOMBAY.

SHORTHAND CLASSES—(Pitman's System) will be held at Sydenham College from June 10th onwards.

HOURS:—5-30 p.m. to 6-15 p.m., 6-15 p.m. to 7 p.m. Every day except Saturday, and at other times still to be arranged.

FEES:—(to be paid in advance).
5 lectures a week: Rs. 20 per term.
5 lectures a week (Speed Class): Rs. 16 per term.

ENTRANCE QUALIFICATIONS:—Matriculation or School Final, or a standard that may be regarded as equivalent to these.

Admissions are made daily, between 5 and 5-30 p.m., when the instructor can interview applicants.

An advanced speed class will be started if a sufficient number of applications is received.

Written applications to be addressed to
THE PRINCIPAL.
C9498

50,000 HIGH CLASS COTTON BLANKETS.

READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

Size 48in. by 78in., Rs. 2-4-0 each.
Size 48in. by 96in., Rs. 2-12-0 each.

IN KHAKI, FAWN, Grey and Red Colours. If required in white eight annas less. Delivered to any part of India by Post. These Blankets are now being used in India, Africa, Arabia, Mesopotamia, by European as well as Indians of all classes and creeds and continue to give universal satisfaction.

Over 10,00,000 Blankets sold in the year 1920.

Inquiries from Trade are invited, Apply:—
HARJIVAN VALJI,
17, Champagalli,
Near Mulji Jetha Market,
Bombay No. 2.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

I, the undersigned, carrying on the profession of Accountant and Auditor, under the style of B. P. Gharda & Co., at Century Blds., Hornby Road, Fort, hereby notify that I have taken into partnership Mr. Navroz A. Davar, M.A., A.S.A.A., Incorporated Accountant (London) from to-day. The business will be carried on under the old name and style of B. P. Gharda & Co., at the above address.

B. P. GHARDA,
Accountant and Auditor.
Bombay, 3 June, 1921.
R 408

NOTICE.

THE Public is hereby informed that the property of The Standard Transport Co. Ltd. (in voluntary liquidation), will be sold by Public Auction at their garrage in Karanj, Ahmedabad, on Saturday, 4th June, 1921, at 3 p.m.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

1. Fiat 3½ ton goods lorry engine about 50 horse-power.
2. Ford lorries 2 with passengers' bodies.
3. Ford Touring Car one.
4. Accessories, carburettors, horns, magnetos, tools, tyres and tubes.
5. Furniture, cupboards, tables, chairs, benches, etc.

Terms and conditions of the auction will read over at the time of auction.

NATHUBHAI MOTICHAND SHAH,
Hon. Liquidator.
TA R405

THE WARDHA MILLS COMPANY LTD.,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the STATUTORY MEETING of "The Wardha Mills Company, Limited" will be held, at the Registered Office of the Company, Readymoney Building, Apollo Pier, Bombay, on SATURDAY, 11th June, 1921, at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.).

By order of the Board,
Messrs. RASTAMJI GOVERDHANDAS & CO.,
Agents.
Readymoney Building, Apollo Pier, Bombay.
C9530

TENDERS FOR RE-ERECTING FLIGHTS OF STEPS.

AT MOUNT MARY'S CHAPEL, BANDRA HILL.

TENDERS are INVITED for the above work which will consist of approximately:—

Pavement on main landing	130 Brass.
Steps	70 ,,
Random rubble parapet wall on both sides about 3 ft. high by 2 ft. wide	160 ,,

Alternative tenders for Tandur or medium or rough dressed Khanki stone may be submitted.

Tenderers should state how soon they can commence the work and complete it.

The plans and any other information required may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

DE SA,
Vicar St. Andrew's Church, Bandra.
Bandra, 31st May, 1921.
C 9537

THE NATIVE SHARE & STOCK BROKER'S ASSOCIATION.

MEMBERSHIP CARDS of the above Association are offered for sale by the Defaulter Committee of the said association. Intending purchasers should send in their written offers to the undersigned.

A. H. MADAN.
Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.
Dalal Street, Fort. C9568

NOTICE.

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

ONE Ten-Bowl Finishing and Chasing Calender, 50in. wide on face of cotton bowls. Open type frames, and machine-cut spur wheels to gear the top and bottom chilled bowls—by Mather and Platt—imported at the end of 1913, and since sparingly and carefully used.

SIX Cotton Bowls, Three chilled iron bowls 14in. diam. steam heated, One cast Iron bottom bowl prepared for steam heating, 24in. diam., 5ft.—2in. over shoulders with 8in. ends, case-hardened. Arrangement for putting pressure on bowls by means of worm and wheel operated from floor level. Entering batch, Plaiter complete can be seen in working order at the Bombay United Mills by previous appointment with the Manager.

ONE Mercerising Range consisting of one 3-Bowl Mangle 50in. wide, one Stentering Machine 30ft. long, 50in. wide with patent clips, one c.i. centrifugal pump, one pine cistern 4ft. by 4ft. fitted with 9 pins rollers with Patent Expander complete, fitted with double diagonal steam engine 9in. cylinders, 16in. stroke for driving the range. Lang Bridge make 1909.

ONE Single Nip Hydraulic Schreiner Calender 52in. wide with one steel bowl 10in. diam. by 52in. wide engraved, fitted with gas heating apparatus and wooden Bowl 24in. by 52in. Lang Bridge make 1909.

ONE Pair Hydraulic Steel Cylinders and rams 7in. diam. to stand working pressure of 2 tons per square inch complete—one hyd. single crank Pump, one accumulater with one extra engraved bowl. Lang Bridge make 1909.

ONE 2-ROLLER Lancashire Beetling Machine with 2 c.i. beams each 16in. diam. by 14ft. between flanges, 41 Fallers each 5ft.—6in. by 5in. by 4in. Stripping and Winding on motion—driven by means of friction clutch and pulley by Lang Bridge.

All the above Machines can be seen at the Bombay United Mills, Charni Road, by appointment with the Manager.

Offers for the above will be received by Messrs. TATA SONS, LTD., Agents, Tata Mills, Ltd., Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay.
C9491

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NEW STEAM NAVIGATION & TRADING CO. LTD.

SHAREHOLDERS, who have not so far applied for their Share Certificates, are requested to call for same immediately between 12 noon and 5 p.m.

MAZAGONWALLA & CO.,
Sec. Treasurers and Agents.
C 9571

KARACHI MUNICIPALITY.

SALE OF GRAPES.

THE GRAPES in the Municipal and Burns Gardens will be on sale in the Gardens from 1st June next. Orders sent to the Superintendent of Municipal Gardens, Karachi, for grapes to be delivered in Karachi or forwarded by post, will receive every attention.

PRICES.

	Per lb. Rs. a. p.
Husseni or Large White Kandhar ...	1 0 0
Gulabi (Natural Stron Rose flavour)	1 0 0
Royal Muscadine (Special large variety	0 12 0
Humburg Jet Black	0 12 0
Mexican Raisins	1 0 0

Early applications are advisable as the grapes will remain in season only until the end of June.

(Sd.) MEASHAM LEA,
Chief Officer and Secretary,
Municipal Gardens,
Zoo and Sewage Farm Committee.
Municipal Office,
Karachi, 28th May, 1921.
C9584

THE GOKULDAS CULLIANJI BARSI COTTON PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held on WEDNESDAY, 15th June, 1921 at the Registered Office of the Company No. 74-76, Bora Bazar Street, Fort, at 3 p.m. (B.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report, and the duly Audited Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 30 June 1920, and Balance Sheet as at that date of the Company.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
3. To elect Director in the place of the Director who retires by rotation but is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint an auditor for the ensuing year and to fix his remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 10th June 1921 to 22nd June, 1921, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
HEERJI OOMERSEY & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Bombay, 31st May, 1921.
C9593

THE COORLA SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTYNINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Readymoney Building, Apollo Pier Road, on Wednesday the 15th June 1921 at 5 p.m. (Standard Time) to transact the following business:—

I. To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts made up to 31st March 1921.
II. To declare a Dividend.
III. To confirm the appointment of Messrs. Byramjee R. B. Jeejeebhoy and Kikabhai Premchand.
IV. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation.
V. To appoint an Auditor or Auditors for the current year and fix his or their remuneration.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Wednesday the 8th June to Wednesday the 22nd June, both, days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
COWASJEE JEHANGIR & Co., Ld.
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Readymoney Building,
Apollo Pier Road, Fort, Bombay.

N. B.—The Dividend, when declared, will be made payable at the Registered Office of the Company on and after Monday the 20th June 1921 to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 8th June, on production of their Share Certificates.
9585

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned NAGINDAS LULLUBHAI, POPATLAL KHIMCHAND and GOVERDHANDAS MULCHAND have contracted to sell the undermentioned property and that all persons having any right, title, interest, claim, or demand into or upon the said lands, hereditaments and premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, charge, mortgage, sale, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required within 14 days from the date hereof to make the same known in writing to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay or to the Collector of Land Revenue Bombay or to the undersigned at their office within the Fort at 135 Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay and that otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to such claim if any and the same will be considered as having been waived and Void.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Quit and Ground Rent land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Bapu Khote Street, without the Fort, in the Registration, Sub-District of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old? No. 216, New No. 75, Old Survey No. 1933, and New Survey No. 760 and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under C Ward No. 5995, Street Nos. 216-218 and containing by admeasurement 95.7/9 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by Bapu Khote Street, on or towards the West by the sweepers passage on or towards the North by the property of Maho medalli Essaji and on or towards the South by the property of Narotum Crishnajee.

Dated this 3rd day of June, 1921.

TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C9600

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. MANMOHANDAS PURSHOTAMDAS and KALLIANDAS PURSHOTAMDAS, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned Property free from all incumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said Property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office Nos. 12-16, Oak Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that land admeasuring 389 square yards or thereabouts situate on and being plot No. 34 of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust Board's Lal Baug Estate in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay and bounded, on the North-East by Plot No. 33 of the said Estate agreed to be leased to Lalji Nathoo on the South-East by Governors Road, on the South-West by plot No. 35 of the said estate agreed to be leased to Messrs. Simon Reuben and Motilal Itchhalal and on the North-West by a proposed 2 feet road and forming a portion of the premises bearing New Survey No. 2567 and is assessed by the Municipality under F Ward No. 593 (3) and Street No. 1B and is now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors.

Dated this 3rd day of June, 1921.

MEHTA LALJI & Co.,
Purchasers Attorneys.
C9589

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. RAMCHANDRA MADHAVRAO CHOWNKER, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the property described below to our client free from any and all incumbrances claims and demands whatsoever.

Any and all person or persons having any share, right, title, interest, claim or demand whatsoever in to and upon the said property or any part of parts thereof by way of sale, mortgage, charge lien, gift, exchange, inheritance, trust, lease, possession, succession, survivorship, easement or otherwise howsoever is and are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 4 Motilal Mansions, 14 Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without any regard to any such claim, and the same, if any, will be considered waived and absolutely abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust 999 years leasehold tenure land or ground containing by admeasurement six hundred and twenty-two (622) square yards or thereabouts situate, lying and being at Naigaum Road, Dadar, bearing Plot No. 20 of Board's Dadar-Matunga Estate, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey Nos. 1257 and 1263 together with the messuages, tenements, hereditaments, buildings, premises, etc., etc., erected and standing thereon and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 6672 and Street No. 239 Naigaum Road and bounded as follows:—that is to say on the North-East by Plot No. 21 of the said estate agreed to be leased Vardhman Jetsi on the South-East by plot No. 27 of the said estate agreed to be leased to Goostad Khodadad Irani on the South-West by Plot No. 19 of the said Estate agreed to be leased to Shalome Haeem and on the North-West by a Road 60 feet in width.

Dated at Bombay this 3rd day of June 1921.

FORBES and Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C9591

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DOMINIC MANOEL DESOUZA and JONE LUCY DESOUZA, both of Bandra Christian Inhabitants have contracted for the absolute sale to our clients of the undermentioned property. All persons, therefore, having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof, whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undersigned at their office, No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claims, and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land together with the messuages tenements or dwelling house with the outbuildings yards, etc., standing thereon, situate at Bandra, Taluka Salsette, Zilla Thana, fronting the Bazaar Road on the South side thereof, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, containing by admeasurement from South to North 48 feet and from East to West by 30 feet or thereabouts and the said dwelling house is assessed in the Books of the Bandra Municipality under No. 423 and bounded, on or towards the South by the Bazaar Road on or towards the North firstly by Survey lands and beyond that by the property of one D'Almeida on or towards the East by a public Road and on or towards the West by a lane.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuages tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Bandra, Taluka Thana, Salsette Zilla Thana fronting the Bazar Road on the South side thereof in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra and the said dwelling house is assessed in the Books of the Bandra Municipality under No. 424 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the South by the Bazaar Road, on or towards the North partly by the property of Moti Gangji and partly by the property of F. Gabriel D'Almeida, on or towards the East by a public lane and on or towards the West by the property of Thakore Barber.

AND THIRDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuages tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Bandra Taluka Salsette Zilla Thana fronting the Bazaar Road on the South side thereof in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra containing by admeasurement one hundred and five square yards or thereabouts and assessed in the Books of the Bandra Municipality under No. 426 and the said dwelling house under No. 427/795 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the South by the Bazar Road on or towards the East by the property of Mr. J. A. D'Souza on or towards the West by the property of Thakore Barber and on or towards the North by the property of Kanji Khoja.

Dated this 2nd day of June, 1920.

ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C9588

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WITH reference to the advertisement appearing in the issue of the "Praja Mitra and Parsi" of the 3rd instant under the signature of Messrs. J. S. Mody and Co., for sale by public auction of 1610 bales of cotton waste and other sundry goods on account and at the risk of the Commercial Trading Co., Ltd., we are instructed by our clients the said Commercial Trading Co., Ltd., to inform the public that the said Company has not contracted to purchase any such quantity of waste from the said Messrs. Popatlal Parbhudas and Co. and the said Commercial Trading Co. Ltd. are not concerned with the said quantity of waste or the sale thereof.

We are further instructed to inform the public that on behalf of the said Commercial Trading Co., Ltd., we called upon the attorneys of the said Popatlal Parbhudas and Co., to produce documents in support of the alleged contract and the said attorneys have replied that the alleged contract had not been reduced to writing.

Dated this 3rd day of June, 1921.

ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & Co.
Attorneys for the Commercial Trading Co. Ltd.
C9599

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of MOHANLAL HARGOVIND alias MOHANLAL HARGOVANDAS, late of Bombay, Jain Bania Hindu Inhabitant, a Perfumery Merchant ..... Deceased.

SAMARTHBAI, widow of Mohanlal Hargovind, of Bombay, Jain Bania Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Bhoiwada 2nd Lane, near Bhuleshwar, outside the Fort ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this thirtyfirst day of May the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-one and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

P. B. BALBARI,
Registrar.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

W. J. HOWARD.

The 1st day of June, 1921.

Messrs. MANTRI & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
C9583

SALES BY AUCTION.

[illegible]
No. 35, Hummum Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 4080.

AUCTION SALE OF SCRAP IRON, EMPTY PACKING CASES, IRON CHAIN, GAS ENGINE AND ENGINE PUMP.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY the 10th June 1921 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the P. and O. Dockyard, Mazagaon, the following [illegible]

One lot scrap iron, empty oil cases packing cases, iron pipings, old linen empty tins and jars and paint kegs, etc.

1 gas engine and 1 gas engine pump.

Purchasers will have to pay whatever Custom's Duty etc., that may be due on the goods before they are cleared.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE & CO.,
Bombay, 4th June 1921.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF WHITE AND BLACK GLAZED YARN.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on TUESDAY, the 7th instant sell by Public Auction, at Pydhoni Tamba Kanta, at 1 p.m. (S.T.), by order of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co. Ltd., Agents The Edward Sassoon Mills, and the E. D. Sassoon United Mills and on account and risk of the following defaulting purchasers the following yarn:—

On account and risk of Mr. Eusufalli Currimbhai:—

No. 2-23s. White Glazed Yarn, E. S. Mill, 5,000 lbs.

On account and risk of Mr. Curramchand Ambala:—

No. 2-20s. White Glazed Yarn, E. S. Mill, 3,500 lbs.

No. 3-3s. Black Glazed Yarn, E. S. Mill, 500 lbs.

On account and risk of Mr. Tyeballi Allibhai:—

25 bales 2/20s Yarn each 400 lbs. of J. S. Mill.

15 bales 2-20s. Yarn each 400 lbs. Three Chinamen Ticket of E. S. Mill.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PIECE OF LAND AT KALYAN NEAR RAILWAY SIDING SUITABLE FOR FACTORY, WORKSHOP OR GODOWNS.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, to-morrow SUNDAY, the 5th June sell by Public Auction, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises by order of the owner, the following valuable piece of land:

All that piece or parcel of land situate at Chikanghar Kalyan in the registration sub-district of Kalyan District Thana containing about 5722—4/5 sq. yds. bearing numbers as follows:—

Entry No. 378, Survey No. 75, Pot No. 2, Admeasurement 0—22½ gh. Akar Rs. 1-12-0; Entry No. 384, Survey No. 76, Pot No. 5, Admeasurement 0—17½ gs. Akar Re. 0-6-9; Entry No. 662, Survey No. 141 Pot No. 5, Admeasurement 0—17 3/4 gs. Akar Re. 0-9-3, Admeasurement 1—17½ gs., Akar Rs. 2-12-0.

Bounded on North by Morbad Road, South by G. I. P. Railway, on the West by property of Govind Karson on the East by property of Trimbuk Sadashiv Muranjan. For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Pandia and Col. Solicitors or to the Undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 4th June, 1921.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS METHA & CO.

On Government Land G. I. P. Railway Lines.

AUCTION SALE OF TWO VERY VALUABLE PROPERTIES AT KHADAK STREET ALIAS DABRA GULLI OUTSIDE THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

On WEDNESDAY, the 8th of June, 1921, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA & CO., Auctioneers, will sell, by Public Auction, at the premises, the undermentioned very valuable properties under instructions from Messrs. Hirji Khetsey and Co., and on account and at the risk of the defaulting Mortgagors Messrs. Kallianji Vardhman, Kanji Vardhman and Narsey Vardhman in exercise of the power of sale and all other powers in that behalf vested in the Vendors as the mortgagees under the indenture of mortgage bearing date the 10th day of May, 1918 and made between the mortgagors and their mother Bai Virbai of the one part and the vendors as the mortgagees of the other part and the indenture of mortgage bearing date the 8th day of June 1918 and made between the Mortgagor Kallianji Vardhman of the one part and the Vendors as the Mortgagees of the other part and the agreement dated the 8th day of April, 1919, and made between the said Virbai and the Mortgagors of the first part the Said Kallianji Vardhman of the second part and the Vendors as the mortgagees of the third part.

FIRSTLY:—all that piece or parcel of land or ground of the quit and ground rent tenure with the mesuage tenament or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the East side of the Chamber Wada first road otherwise Israil Moholla Cross Lane otherwise Israil Moholla Cross Lane otherwise Khadak Street in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 206 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's old Nos. 980, 1061 new No. 6710 Old Survey No. 326 and New Survey No 2/2373 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 1729 Street No. 17/21 Khadak Street and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the Public Passage and Israil Moholla on or towards the West by the said Chambhar Wada first Road otherwise Israil Moholla first lane otherwise Khadak Street aforesaid on or towards the North partly by the property of Joseph Ezekiel and partly by the property of Khanbai widow of Haskiel Borakar and on or towards the South by the property formerly of Madan Tejsey and Vardhman Nensey and now of Lavji Lakhamsey and Keshavji Hansraj, together with their appurtenances and which said premises are now in the occupation of the said Bai Virbai widow of Vardhman Jetsey or her tenants.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land of quit and ground rent tenure containing by admeasurement 176 1/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1054 New Nos. 6779 Old Survey No. 318 and New Survey No. 2904 together with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under B Ward No. 1717 and Street No. 18/20 and all which premises are situated at and on the Western side of the Khadak Street at Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded on or towards the East by the said Khadak Street on or towards the West by the vacant land belonging to Keshavji Jadavji on or towards the North and South by a sweeper's passage and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Bai Virbai widow of Vardhman Jetsey or her tenants.

Further particulars and conditions of sale and inspection of Title Deeds can be had of the Vendors' attorneys Messrs. Captain and Vaidya at their office at 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, or of the undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY HIGH CLASS FURNITURE.

In the compound of the Jacob Sassoon Mills Lalbag, Parel.

On SUNDAY, the 5th June, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction in the compound of the Jacob Sassoon Mills Lalbag, Parel, the very valuable handsome and latest artistic designed highly polished household and office furniture by Messrs. John Roberts, Devji Kanji and other well-known makers, consisting of sliding dining tables, rich polished dining chairs, Queen Anne and Louis pattern sideboard, dinner wagons, dumbwaiters, fan and moon pattern spring cushioned drawing room, complete suite of sofa and chairs, artistic hall cabinets, Milner's safes, revolving roll top office tables, Indian hand carved, tables and teapoys, full compass solid mahogany iron framed semigrand cottage piano, rich Persian carpets, Chesterfield sofas and chairs, historic and oleograph pictures, bedrooms double and single almirahs, cloth and gown presses, dressing chests of drawers, marble-top dressing and washing tables, iron and wooden double and single beds, rich plateware, English glassware and crockeryware, etc., etc.

The property of R. Bottomley Esq.,

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE of a very valuable palatial furnished bungalow known as the "Virbaug" near the Old Commissariat house at the Shanker Sheth Road (Bombay Mahabaleshwar Road) Poona and another large bungalow on the opposite side of the said Virbaug and facing the Nala.

On SUNDAY, the 5th of June, 1921, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction at the premises the undermentioned very valuable bungalows with their furniture etc under instructions from Messrs. Hirji Khetsey & Co., and with the consent of Mortgagors Messrs. Kalianji Vardhman, Kanji Vardhman and Nursey Vardhman and also in exercise of the power of sale and all other powers in that behalf vested in the Vendors as the Mortgagees under the Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 10th day of May 1918 and made between the Mortgagors and their mother Bai Virbai of the one part and the vendors as the mortgagees of the other part and the Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 8th day of June 1918 and made between the Mortgagor Kallianji Vardhman of the one part and the Vendors as the Mortgagees of the other part, and the agreement dated the 8th day of April 1919 and made between the said Virbai and the Mortgagors of the first part, the said Kallianji Vardhman of the second part and the Vendors as the Mortgagees of the third part.

FIRSTLY—All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate in the village of Munjeri near Poona in the Taluka Haveli in the Registration District of Poona forming part of Survey No. 95 Pot Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 admeasuring 3 acres and 12 gunthas or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the property of Jethabhai Nursey and Kanji Vishram on or towards the South by a Nulla and burial ground on or towards the West by the property of Meghji Khetsey and Padamsey Ratansey and on or towards the North by the Nana Shanker Seth's Road together with their appurtenances and together also with all the furniture, goods, chattles and effects including the Gas fittings and water pumps and all other moveable property contained in the premises and outside thereof on the said piece of land and all which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Bai Virbai widow of Vardhman Jetsey or her tenants.

P.S.—The above land admeasures about 16,000 square yards on which a bungalow is built and which contains 2 large sq. yards having one big hall, two large

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHTA & CO.—(Contd.)

drawing rooms, 1 large dining room, very large verandas in the front of the whole bungalow and 5 bed rooms all with dressing room and bath rooms attached, a large cooking house consisting of a large kitchen, dining room, store-room, 2 large verandahs. The whole front of the compound is fitted with Shahbad stones with a large fountain in the middle, large well, gas lights, gas machine, 5 horse stables, 1 carriage stable, 6 servant quarters, 10 cow stables, direct pipe connections. The entire furniture in the above bungalow is fitted by Messrs. Ahmed Devji by special order. It has also a separate guest house in its compound consisting of one large hall, 4 rooms and front gallery.

SECONDLY—All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate in the village of Munjeri near Poona in Taluka Haveli in the Registration District of Poona forming part of Survey No. 34 admeasuring 1 acre and 14 gunthas or thereabouts paying Government assessment of ten annas and six pies and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the property of Manekji Jethabhai on or towards the West by a Nulla on or towards the South by Nanashanker Seth's Road and on or towards the North by land bearing Survey No. 93 together with their appurtenances and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Bai Virbai widow of Vardhman Jetsey or her tenants.

The above bungalow admeasures about 4,500 sq. yards having one big hall, two large rooms, four small rooms, galleries on both sides, four servant quarters, one horse stable and one carriage stable.

Further particulars printed conditions of sale, and inspection of title deeds can be had of the Vendors' Attorneys, Messrs. Captain and Vaidya at their office at 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, or of the undersigned.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 4th June, 1921.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS
BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 521.

THE AUCTION SALE OF MOTOR CARS AND MOTOR CYCLES ON ACCOUNT AND RISK OF THE DIFFERENT PARTIES.

By the order of H. C. B. Mitchell, Esq., Acting Administrator-General of Bombay, and Administrator of Estate of Darashek Mullaferoze (Proprietor of Englebert Cycle and Motor Co.), and on account and risk of different parties (who have not still sent in their claims for cars, cycles, etc., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY the 6th June, 1921, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at [illegible] Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, [illegible] wing:—

Motor Car [illegible] an No. Vaux Hall No. 2628.

Motor Bottom Frame.

Motor cycles L. B. 2195 Singer, Douglas No. 2008, Humber Ltd., No. 3664, Scott No. 3031, Scott No. New Hudson 21A Indian No. Triumph No. 3358 U.S.N. 6304 Royal Enfield No. Horley Division with side car No. 6669.

P.S.—The parties to whom the above motor cars and motor cycles belonged are requested to send in their claims to the Administrator-General of Bombay before the date of the sale otherwise their claims will not be entertained and the cars and cycles will be sold off on their account and risk.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 4th June, 1921.

The Sree Charkha

is made to supply the needs of those who want a really reliable and efficient spinning wheel. Special features are:—

1. It is very convenient both for a beginner and an expert as the spindle can be rotated either at 60 or 70 revelutions for every turn of the hand wheel.
2. By a simple contrivance the driving-thread can be tightened or loosened at will.
3. The iron handle is very rigidly fixed to the ALL-WOOD wheel and turns exceptionally lightly in iron bearings.
4. The SREE CHARAKA is strong, stable and durable and yet the merest touch of the hand will set it going like a free-wheel.

Come and see to-day. Enormous demand

Every order should be followed by an advance of Rs. 2.

PRICE Rs. 6 only.

ANNAPURNA COOKER CO.
NEW CHARNY ROAD,
Near West End Cinema, BOMBAY.

SALE

OF BOOKS & THINGS
at 25 % to 50 %
REDUCTION
MADON'S
HEALTH CULTURE DEPOT,
Dhobi Talao.
Upto 30th June only.
Don't Miss this Opportunity.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE
HOME OF SELECT CINEMA
Every day at 6-30 and 10 p. m.
GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
J. WARREN KERRIGAN
In an interesting Drama
"THE BEST MAN."

A strange story of life, wherein a young man being selected to detect a Gang of smugglers disguises himself as the Code expert of the Gang, succeeds in finding out their secrets marries the bride of the man whom he impersonates, and becomes "The Best Man."

Also a rollicking comic:
"THE PANTS"

A DELIGHTFUL ENTERTAINMENT
Prices:- Re 1-8, Re 1, Ans 8 and 4
(Seats in Side Boxes Rs. 2.) (Dress Circle Boxes Rs. 5 each.)

THE LAST WEEK!

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers present To-night and this Week the

Final Two Episodes

of their exceedingly popular and High-Class Society Serial

'When we Love!"

Sabine, in sheer desperation, now strikes the last, blow by showing the Blood-stained Satanic Infamous Marriage Contract to the very woman whom, it was arranged in the Contract, to slay.

"WHEN WE LOVE!"

The shameless infamy of her husband is revealed to her in all its horrible nakedness! See what exciting incidents follow in quick succession.

The Topical Budget (latest) and a roaring Comedy in the Programme.

Five Shows to-day and to-morrow at 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-15 p.m. (S. T.)

WEST-END CINEMA

(New Churney Road).

IMPERIAL

TO-NIGHT
Bessie Barriscale
IN
A woman who understood

Would you risk your life to save an erring husband. See this absorbing drama

PATHE GAZETTE
LATEST NEWS.

A HAPPY LAND
POLLARD COMIC.

TIME
Daily 7, 8-45 & 10-30 p. m.
Saturday and Bank Holiday at 5 p. m. and Sunday 3-30 and 5-15 p. m.

POPULAR PRICES.

ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW.

AT AGRIPADA, RIPON ROAD, near the Salvation Army Quarters.
To-night! at 9-30 p.m. To-night!

Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

2 shows each day 1st show at 5 p.m. 2nd show at 9-30 p. m. In Saturday night's performance Prof. Gopal Krishna Row of Mangalore will exhibit his marvellous feats of strength such as stopping the Motor Car in front.

PATWARDHAN CIRCUS
AND
MENAGERIE

African Lions, Cheetas, Elephants, Horses and dogs perform most wonderful feats. Artists, Acrobats, Boys and Girls work miracles on Monocycle, Wire, Horizontal Bars, &c. and keep the audience Spellbound.

Bobby the Mathematical dog doing addition and substraction.

Prices:—Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1 and annas 8
V. G. Patwardhan, Proprietor. R. V. Patwardhan, Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR
Direction, MADAN THEATRES, Ld.
LAST 2 PERFORMANCES.
EDGAR WARWICK COMEDY COMPANY.
TO-NIGHT at 9-30 p.m.
The Popular London Success
"BROWN SUGAR"
To-morrow (Sunday) at 5-30 p.m.
FAREWELL PERFORMANCE
REDUCED PRICE MATINEE
The Ever Popular Farce
"Eliza Comes to Stay."
BOOKING for above PERFORMANCES will be done at the THEATRE from 10 a.m. TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

EXCELSIOR
TO-DAY at 6-30 p.m.
TO-MORROW at 9-45 p.m.
PATHE'S LATEST COMEDY
"CHOQUETTE AND HER AGE"
A New 5 PART AVIATION COMEDY featuring the PRINCE of Comedians
WIFFLES
WIFFLES
WIFFLES as a BOGUS AVIATOR is ONE LONG SCREAM FROM START TO FINISH.

THE EMPIRE
Direction: MADAN THEATRES Ld.
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW
AT 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
MADAN THEATERS Ld. present
THEIR LATEST CINEMA STAR
BEAUTIFUL and TALENTED
DOROTHY DALTON
DOROTHY DALTON
DOROTHY DALTON
in
a Great PARAMOUNT picture
"GREEN EYES"
"GREEN EYES"
"GREEN EYES"
Her husband went through life nursing a terrible grouch; he thought she loved everyone on earth except him.
Things went from bad to worse until—
Then—
That's it! THEN!!
SEE THAT "THEN"
PATHE GAZETTE
"OUR GIRLS"
PATHE PICTORIAL

THE EMPRESS
To-day and To-morrow at 3-30, 6, 8-15 and 10-30 p.m.
Madan Theatres Ld. present their Third Indian Masterpiece
"DHRUVA CHARITRA"
featuring
JAMES McGRATH
and a host of
INDIAN DRAMATIC STARS.
3rd WEEK & STILL BREAKING RECORDS
FIFTH WEEK!
of the grand Double Programme of two powerful Serials together!
Messrs. K. D and Brothers present TO-NIGHT and This Week Episodes 13-14 and 15—of
"The Broken Coin"
Featuring
GRACE CUNARD, FRANCIS FORD and EDDIE POLO
Also Episodes 9 and 10 of
"The Death Mask"
Five Shows To-day and To-morrow at: 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. (S.T.)
No Prizes will be given in the 3-30 and 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) Shows.
Globe Cinema
(SANDHURST ROAD.)

COMMERCIAL

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

CLOSING PRICES.

New York, 2nd June, 1921.

July	12 67-7
Oct.	13 43-7
Jan.	13 92-7

Liverpool, 2nd June, 1921

July	8 10-
October	8 49-8
January	8 71-9
March	8 80-8

London, 2nd June, 1921.

Telegraphic Transfers	1/3 3/8 Dd: Toy.
Bar Silver Spot	33 1/2 Quiet
Bar Gold	105/9 Quie

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, 27th May, 1921.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	15,000
Exports to Great Britain	Nil
to Continent	Nil

Futures at New York	July ...
	Oct. ...
Futures at New York	Jan ...
Spot Cotton at New York	...
Orleans	...
Tone of Spot Cotton:—	
Futures at New Orleans	July ...
	Oct. ...

Cotton Markets are closed to day

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	6 9/16
Demand Bills	3.89.50
Silver Commercial Bars U. S. Mined	99 1-4
" " " Foreign	58 5 8

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES MIDDLE QUOTATIONS

London, 2nd June 1921

Stockholm	16.94
Christiania	25.58
Amsterdam	11 33
Switzerland	22.23
Belgium	46.93
Athens	66.25

LINSEED CALCUTTA June July

Buyers	18 5/8

Solders asking higher prices.

EXCHANGE.

London, 2nd June 1921

On London in Paris	46 50
In Germany	250 50
In Italy	73 67
Discounts Bank Bills 3 m/st	£5 9/16
Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	£5 5/8
Fine Trade Bills 3 m st	£6 5/8
— — — 6 m/st	£7
Rents 5%	44 1/2

New York, 2nd June, 1921

Demand Bills	388.75

COPPER.

2nd June, 1921.

English Best Selected Copper	£73 1/8
Standard Copper G M B	£73 15/16
Tin Block	£170

Liverpool, 2nd June, 1921.

Mid American Cotton Spot	8.03
Egyptian F G F Sakels	16.00

METALS.

London, 28th May, 1921.

English best Selected Copper	£73 1/2
Standard Copper G. M. B.	£73 15/16
Copper Braziers	£111
Yellow Metal	£9 3.4
Hard spelter	£21
Corrugated Sheet	£27

EXCHANGE.

On London, at Paris — Francs — 46 75

WAR LOANS, ETC.

Funding Loans 4%, 1960/90	71 3/4 unchd.
Victory Bonds 4 %,	79 3/8 "
War Loan 5% 1929/47	88 9/16 "
Consols 2 1/2%	47 "
Rupee Paper 3 1/2%	36 1/2 "
Indian Stock 3 1/2% (Sterling Loan)	57 1/4 "
Govt. Securities 3%	50 1/4 "

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure, June-July, 10 1/2

Tone:—

Plantation First Latex Crepe June, ... 8 3 4

Tone:—Steady.

JAVA SUGAR.

London, 1st June, 1921.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta June, Sellers	25/-
June July Sellers	23/-
Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay June-July, Sellers	24/-
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi June-July, Sellers	24/3

Tone:—

WHEATS.

London, 28th May, 1921

ROSARIO SANTA FE—62 1/2 lbs. —

— — May-June Sellers — 278

Australian F. A. Q. paid 76/

WHEAT AFLOAT to N- K: 36,70,000 Qrs,

SHARES.

Chartered Bank	£14 1/8
Hongkong "	£98
National "	£40

SEEDS.

London, 28th May, 1921

RAPESEED, Ferozepore Real Bold May-June, Value	£19 1 2
RAPESEED, Yellow Guzerat, 416 lbs. ex-Ship	
RAPESEED, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship May-June, Quoted	£18 3/4

TONE OF RAPESEED:—

LINSEED, Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship May-June fully steady ... £19 3/4

TONE OF LINSEED:—

LINSEED, Argentine (La Plata) May-June Value	£16 3/4
Do June Agust Buyers	£17
COTTONSEED, Bombay (sound delivered per ton) May-June, sellers	£ 10
TORIA RAPESEED:—May-June, Sellers	£ 20 1/2

BOMBAY MARKETS

COTTON

(From our Correspondent)

June 3.

The Marwari Bazar opened this morning for Fully Good M. G. Broach July-August at Rs. 344 and gradually declined to Rs. 342. It then advanced till Rs. 346½ the rate at 3 p.m. being Rs. 345½. The Bazar finally closed at Rs. 345. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 343 1/2 and after touching Rs. 344 closed at Rs. 343.

Our market for ready cotton remained steady yesterday with a small fluctuations and about 7000 bales are reported to have been sold.

The Marwari Bazar and Colaba markets are closed to-morrow for "Tht King's Birthday" holiday.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS (6 p. m.)

Bombay, 3rd June, 1921.

			Rs.
Fully Good Broach	July/August,	...	343
Fully Good Bengal	July,	...	249
Fine Oomra	July,	...	297
"	September,	...	311

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, 3rd June 1921.

F. G. Broach	July August,	...	345
Fully Good Bengal	July,	...	260
Fine Oomra's	July,	...	300
" "	September,	...	313

SPOT QUOTATION.

Bombay, 2dd June, 1921.

Description	Super-Fine	Fr Good	Good,
M.G. Bengal and Sind Punjab	273	258	243
M.G. Oomra's No. 4	315	305	290
M.G. Central P. No. 1	345	335	320
M.G. Central P. No. 2	330	320	305
M.G. Broach	340	330	315
Southern 7	—	360	350 335

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p. m. on 2nd June, 1921.

Cotton	...	14130	Bales
Wheat	...	23520	Cwts
Linseed	...	4290	"
Rape, etc.	...	Nil	"
Gingellyseed	...	444	"
Poppyseed	...	143	"
Groundnuts	...	2436	"
Castorseed	...	2047	"
Rice	...	124636	"
Myrabollams	...	000	"
Cottonseed	...	19119	"
Mowraseed	...	Nil	"
Gram	...	3560	"
Jowar	...	4671	"
Masur	...	4848	"
Barley	...	3326	"
Bajra	...	3476	"
Coal	...	1506	Tons

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, 3rd June, 1921.

Market Rates.

Bank Telegraphic	1-3 1/4
Bank Demand	1-3 9/32
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s	1-3 5/8
Doc. Demand	285
American Dollars	407
Hongkong Dollars	200
Shanghai	286
Japan	192
Singapore	183

Market:—Quiet.

THE METAL MERCHANT'S COMPANY.

Issued Rates for Brass and Copper Daily Quotations.

3rd June, 1921.

	Per Maund.	Rs. a. p.
Brass	3 4	85 0 0
Do.	1	87 0 0
Do.	1 1-4	87 0 0
Do.	1 1/2	85 8 0
Do.	1 3/4	90 0 0
Do.	2	93 0 0

COPPER RATES.

	Rs. a. p.
Copper	3/4 84 0 0
Do.	1 93 0 0
Do.	1 1/4 103 0 0
Do.	1 1/2 103 0 0
Do.	1 3/4 103 0 0
Do.	2 95 0 0
Copper Cruses Rass	—
Tubes	25 0 0
Copper English Bars	86 0 0
Brass-Bars	86 0 0
Lead	54 8 0

PIECE GOODS.

The Cloth market has remained in a dormant state, owing to the total absence of demand, wholesale as well as retail. Buyers seem to be remaining aloof at the moment, and until the advent of the monsoon there are little hopes of any revival in the demand. Sellers have been watching developments, and are not inclined to reduce the current rates owing to unfavourable exchange. Rupee prices have therefore remained nominally steady with hardly any alteration. Imports have been on a small scale and the stocks in the warehouses are being reduced. Although the resolution of 7th December last, has been rescinded, there has not been a rush to buy. The Importing Firms have recently bought fair lines of their well known cloths at cheaper rates compared with the prices now quoted for fresh business. Besides this, as no guarantee is given regarding the time of shipment, trade is very much hindered. Many importing firms are reluctant to accept orders from dealers, whose old accounts are outstanding on account of the exchange difficulty. Some shippers have also been proposing new terms to their constituents, for fresh business, which are quite repugnant to the dealers, as no merchant will care to place deposits and give margin money with orders. Makers have been working short time and the engagements some of them extend to August, September and that is the main reason why such impossible terms are being suggested by the makers and the shippers. But as time passes and their orders run down, they will be more reasonable to deal with, when they are in want of orders.

In Karachi it is reported that some big dealers have become insolvent and several merchants have been affected thereby. Several lots have been offered for sale from Karachi, and where lower prices are quoted they are readily taken up.

In the local market, stocks of 46 and 48 inches by 18 yards Nainsooks worth Rs. 8 to Rs. 8-8 per piece are scarce and have attracted the attention of buyers. Stocks of White Mulls are generally low and prices are sure to go up as soon as the demand sets in. Grey Drills have been neglected at the moment. Grey Jaconets have remained steady. Mansoor Grey Shirtings have not been much in demand, but local mill cloths have been in fair demand and are selling well.

It is reported that all cotton operatives' organisations have decided in Manchester to cooperate in resisting the employers' demand for 30 per cent. reduction in wages and to approach the employers for opening negotiations.

The cloth markets will be closed on Saturday on account of the King's Birthday and on Monday owing to the *Amwas* holiday.

The quotations for the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

GREY SHIRTINGS—

	Ins	Yds.	Rs.	a.	p.
Kalli's Fari No. 2009	39	37 1/2	16	0	0
" 10...	45	"	18	8	0
" No. 35 000	38	"	17	8	0
" " 2720	27	"	14	0	0
Graham's No. 2720	39	"	15	8	0
" Yellow Horse"	42	"	..		
" No. 3510	44	36	..		
Dewhurst "GDH"	40	"	26	8	0
" "ZH"	..		..		
" "Empire No 8	38	"	..		
Bombay Co.'s No. 3001	44	36	..		
" No. 1560	36	37 1/2	15	8	0
" No. 3008	39	37 1/2	14	0	0
Ritchie's No. 510	..	..	..		
" 4002	..	..	16	0	0
" 1000	42	37 1/2	..		
Border " 501	38	37 1/2	..		
Lyall's "Bazaar"	40	"	..		

PRINTERS DRILLS—

Pepperell's Dragon	40	40	27	8	0
Kalli's Marabu No. 626	60	40	16	0	0
Ritchie's "Mercury"	36	36	22	0	0

FANCY JACONETS—

Kalli's No. 19	36	32	11	8	0
" " 48	48	32	10	8	0
" " 1436	60	36	..		
" " 986	44	28	10	6	0

FANCY SHIRTINGS—

Kalli's No. 9	41	36	10	4	0
" No. 50	46	36	11	4	0
" No. 606	61	36	12	4	0
" No. 6005	96	36	13	12	0
" No. 64	96	36	..		
" No. 1378	47	36	5	0	0
" No. 310	56	36	11	8	0
" No. 1440	56	36	9	0	0
" No. 3064	60	36	14	0	0
" No. 870	..	..	15	8	0
" No. 1440	54	36	22	0	0
Ritchie's No. 1306	37	36	5	0	0
" No. 119	47	36	7	0	0
" No. 2309	48	36	7	8	0
" No. 3005	67	36	8	0	0
" 2/48 36" "48"	56	36	9	12	0
" No. 1308	52	36	12	8	0
" No. 60005	48	36	7	8	0
" No. 30005	40	36	8	0	0
" No. 1308	40	36	8	0	0
" No. 1310	40	36	9	0	0
" No. 3005	40	36	9	0	0
Graham's "Bahoor"	54	36	..		
" No. 1005	44	36	11	0	0
" No. 3008	47	36	11	0	0
Graham's No. 3008	47	36	9	2	0

WHITE SHIRTINGS—

" No. 1005/3008	42	36	5	8	0
" No. 60/64	..	..	5	2	0
" No. 1005	..	..	4	10	0
" No. 60 1/2 B	25	36	8	10	0
Graham's No. 60/3008	54	36	6	8	0
" 3008/1005	..	..	..		
" Garaweed	36	36	11	0	0
" Tiger A N W	44	36	7	8	0
" No. 3008	..	..	8	8	0
" Nos. 60/40, 3008/3, 3008/4	..	..	9	8	0
Lyall's Nos. 4040/3030/6707	38	36	5	8	0
Wigram's Nos. 3008/60008	..	..	..		
" No. 4005 F. S.	38	36	8	12	0
Ritchie's Nos. 3500/4510/3510	46	36	5	8	0
A. W. & Co.'s Nos. 3005/3008 "Motor Car"	..	..	5	8	0
Bombay Co's 42/7626	..	..	..		

The above quotations are on usual terms discount at 2½ per cent on grey goods and 4 per cent on White Goods.

STOCKS OF PIECE-GOODS AND YARNS.

The list issued by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce indicates a stock of 29,716 bales and 46,973 cases of cotton piece-goods as on 30th April last, which shows a decrease of 6,109 bales and 3,284 cases compared with the figures of the previous month. The stock of Cotton Twist and Yarns on the 30th April—last stands at 8,289 packages, which shows a decrease of 1,862 packages as compared with the previous month. The approximate total deliveries during April last have been 16,620 packages of cotton piece-goods and 5,626 packages of Yarns. The imports during April 1921 of cotton piece-goods have been 6,677 packages and of cotton Twist and Yarns 3,764 packages, including those from Japan.

It is understood the Committee appointed by the Government to deal with the Madras City Tenants Protection Bill has come to the conclusion that it is absolutely necessary to legislate for payment of compensation to tenants who have built houses in the city on lands belonging to other people in the hope of their being allowed to continue there on payment of fair ground rent.

Telegrams:—CHEMICOLOR BOMBAY. Telephone 3642 & 2331 BOMBAY.
K. H. KABBUR & Co.,
(K. H. KABBUR)
COLOURS CHEMICALS—MILLSTORES
56, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.
also at
LONDON—ALEXANDRA—PARIS—MILAN.
MADRAS—CALCUTTA—DELHI—MADURA etc.
Aniline, Alizarine, Indanthrine and Algol-Colours, also heavy Chemicals for Bleaching, Dyeing, Printing, leather, paper and other works.
The Following Consignments just received:—
SULPHUR BLACK
CONCORED
RHODAMINE
ORANGE II
DIRECT YELLOW
Indanthrine BLUE RS (double paste)
Indanthrine BLUE G. C. D. (Single and double paste)
Indanthrine YELLOW G. T.
Idanthrine Red VIOLET RRN
ALGOL-RED, BLUE PINK, etc.
TRIAL ORDERS SOLICITED.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LD
(Registered, December 1911)
HEAD OFFICE—The Central Bank Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
LOCAL BRANCHES—(1) Mandvi, (2) Zaveri Bazar (3) Dalal street.
BRANCHES—Amritsar, Calcutta, Jharia, Karachi, Lahore and Lyallpur.
LONDON AGENTS—The London Joint City and Midland Bank Ltd.
NEW YORK AGENTS—The Equitable Trust Company of New York.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL	Rs.	1,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	"	1,00,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	"	49,00,000
RESERVE FUND	"	20,00,000
DEPOSITS (31-12-20)	"	10,93,81,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—3 per cent. per annum on daily balances over Rs. 500- from January to June and 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.
DEPOSITS—for Rs. 5,000- and over are received for 12 months at 6 per cent. per annum. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS & CASH CREDITS allowed on approved securities at favourable rates.
PURCHASE AND SALE of securities at best rates available effected without commission.
Detailed Rules and further particulars on application.
S. N. POOHKARANAWALA.
Managing Director.

BANCO NACIONAL ULTRAMARINO.
NATIONAL OVERSEAS BANK.
Incorporated in Portugal.
ESTABLISHED 1864.
Authorised Capital Esc. 48,000,000 (£10,656,000)
Capital Paid-up Esc. 24,000,000 (£5,328,000)
Reserve Fund Esc. 24,900,000 (£5,527,800)
STATE BANK OF THE PORTUGUESE COLONIES,
Head Office—LISBON.
BRANCHES.
LONDON:—275, Throgmorton Street, E. C. 2.
PARIS:—8, Rue Helder.
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OTHER BRANCHES.
Portugal (30 Branches).
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Azores (2 Branches).
Madeira.
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Over 500 correspondents in all important Commercial Centres.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
BOMBAY (Temporary) OFFICE.
Great Western Building. Apollo Street, E. da Modeiros, Manager.

FREE FREE
Purchasers of 36 tins of our well-renowned Ringworm Ointment, price As. 4 per tin, or of 12 Phials of Otto Mushk-hina, Price As. 12 per tube, will be sent.
A WRIST WATCH FREE.
King George Coronation Co.,
BOMBAY No. 4.

DR. S RANGASWAMI IYENGAR.
"DIABETES SPECIALIST."
RARE AND INVALUABLE SERVICE FOR THE CURE OF "DIABETES."
The following are taken out of the numerous certificates received:—
Mr. Kanyalal Badridas, Cotton Merchant, Bombay, writes:—"I was suffering from 'Diabetes' for the last 12 years. Commenced Dr. Iyengar's treatment. My urine was examined by the Bombay Municipal Analyst, S. P. Gr. being 1037 and Sugar 5-62 per cent. After treatment and on my urine being examined by the same Municipal Analyst and by Dr. N. H. Clubwalla, M.D., B.Hy. (Bom.), at Dr. Masina Hospital and Pathological Laboratory 'Sugar was found NIL' and S. P. Gr. 1013."
Mr. Bhailal V. Kothari, B.A., LL.B., late Vakil, High Court, Bombay, (now Sub-Judge, Zagadia, writes:—"I was suffering from Diabetes for over 4 years and had tried many well-known Doctors of Bombay, but without any effect. When put myself under the treatment of Dr. S. R. Iyengar and he prescribed a course of 7 complete weeks for me. As each week progressed, the disease that could not at all be controlled before, began to abate with the result that I was completely cured at the end of the course in such a marvellous way that I can very well say that Dr. Iyengar is not a Diabetes Specialist in name, but a Specialist INDEED IN REALITY. My S. P. Gr. was 1038 in the beginning of the course came down to 1015 at the end and grains of Sugar per ounce of Urine fell down from 24 to 'NIL', while deliments were not at all visible."
Mr. N. K. Karode, Chemical Analyser, Junagadh State, writes:—"I am glad to certify that Dr. S. Rangaswami Iyengar treated Rao Bahadur Keshavlal G. Trivedi, Chief Revenue Officer, Junagadh State (Now, Deputy Political Agent Mahikantha, for Diabetes and effected cure in the course of about six weeks. At the commencement of the treatment, the S. P. Gr. of his urine was 1058 and it gradually fell to 1015 and accordingly the quantity of Sugar also decreased and came down almost normal. Dr. S. R. Iyengar's treatment seems to consist of native drugs and the effect is marvellous. I am of opinion that anybody suffering from this disease should take benefit of Dr. Iyengar's treatment."
CONSULTATION HOURS:—8 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 7 p.m.
Address:—Ghia Buildings, Opp. N. G. Library, Khetwadi Main Road, Bombay.
Telegrams:—"DIABETES" Bombay.

"Irresistible!"
—That's what everybody says of the famous.
Mitchell's Old Hetherdew Scotch Whiskey
at all bars.
Sole Agents.
BHIMJI JAYRAJ & Co.
Chowpatty Sea Face, BOMBAY.

STOCKS AND DELIVERIES.

Stocks and Deliveries of Cotton, Silk and Woollen Piece-goods and Yarns, also of Copper and Yellow Metal Sheets (including deliveries from Docks-sheds to Railway-sidings.)

Description		A Stock on 31st March, 1921.	B Imports during April, 1921.	C Stock on 30th April, 1921.	D Approximate total deliveries during April, 1921.	E Increase or Decrease as compared with previous month.	Corresponding Stocks on 28th Feb. 1920	1919	1918	1917	1916.
(1) Cotton Piece-goods	Bales.	35,825	6,134	29,716	16,243	—7,109	23,823	43,421	48,541	30,716	33,977
(2) Cotton Piece-goods	Cases	50,257	2,493	46,973	5,777	+3284	8,360	7,138	12,503	32,489	27,373
(3) Silk and Woollen Piece-goods	Bales	1,414	40	1,425	49	—9	320	1434	11955	337	317
(4) Silk and Woollen Piece-goods	Cases	3,730	1,489	3,799	4,36	—69	1,108	1,493	956	1,629	739
(5) Cotton Twist and Yarns	Packages	10,151	3,764	8,289	5,626	—1862	3,238	11654	8,157	7,435	7,930
(6) Silk and Woollen Twist and Yarns	Packages	2,198	673	1,931	1,141	—493	2,077	4,246	2,705	2,845	2,588
(7) Copper—Braziers	Tons.	1,626	151	1,735	12	—19	560	91	559	1,642	2,866
(8) Yellow Metal—Brass	Tons.	1,674	103	1,639	228	—135	1,178	483	221	623	1,267

*B. Including imports from Japan as follows:—(1) 1,369, (3) 27, (3) Nil, (4) 647, (5) 2,351, (6) 812, (7) Nil, (8) Nil.

†This amount includes 126 Tons brought into the Port Trust Warehouses from private Godowns.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO DAY.

King's Birthday—Bank Holiday.

MONDAY, June 6.

Result of the Inter. Arts Examination, University Hall, 1 p.m.

TUESDAY, June 7.

Meeting of the Standing Committee Corporation Hall, 1-30 p.m. (B.T.).

Domestic Occurrences.

DEATH.

AJINKYA:—Bai Maneckai widow of Ganpatrao Atmaram Madhavji Esq., and the second daughter of the late Rao Bahadur Ram Balkrishna Jayakar of His Majesty's Customs, died after a short illness, aged 51 years, on 2nd of June 1921. Deeply mourned by a large circle of rtlatives. R407

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mails for Singapore and Japan per s.s. Saigon Maru will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m.

ENGLISH MAILS

The Mail Steamer Syria with the outward Mails of the 19 ultimo is expected to arrive in Bombay at 4 p.m. on Tuesday next.

THE BENGALEE UNION.

A Social Gathering and Musical entertainment of the above Union will take place today, (Saturday) in the Hall of the Union at 6-30 p.m. Bengalees are cordially invited to attend.

BAND AT BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

The band of the G. I. P. Rly. Regt. A. F. (India) will play at the Bombay Gymkhana this evening and also at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club on Monday the 6/6/21 after dinner.

KAMDHENU DUDHALAYA CO.

His Holiness Sri Shankaracharya Shri Bharat Teerth Krishna Swami of Sharda Peeth has kindly consented to be a Patron of the Kamdhenu Dudhalaya Company Ltd. (of Baroda).

PATWARDHANS CIRCUS.

At to-night's performance of Patwardhan's Circus and Menagerie, at Agripada, Ripon Road, near the Salvation Army Quarters, Prof. Gopal Krishna Row of Mangalore will give an exhibition of some of his rare feats of strength for the first time in Bombay.

BENGAL UNITED FOOTBALL CLUB.

A meeting of the Bengal United Football Club will be held this evening at 5 p.m. (S. T.) sharp at the "Bengali Milan Mandir", Ramjiman Bdgs., Pydhownie. All Bengali Footballers and Football lovers are cordially invited to attend the same.

SUBU BAN CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Suburban District Congress, Executive Committee will be held at Santa-Cruz on Sunday the 5th instant at 8-30 a.m. in Mr. Hiralal Desai's Bungalow, A meeting of the whole Suburban District Congress Committee will be held at the same place at 9 a.m. to elect seven more members on the Provincial Congress Committee and one member on the All-India Congres Committee. Members will please accept this as the only intimation and attend the meeting.

GOKHALE EDUCATION SOCIETY.

The New English School of the above Society will re-open after vacation on Monday the 6th instant in the Society's new premises at No. 1 Mughbhat Lane, near the Tramway line. On account of insufficient accommodation the middle school classes will meet in the morning from 7-30 to 11 and the High School Classes will meet in the afternoon 11-30 (a.m.) to 5 p.m.

PUBLIC MEETING AT DADAR.

Under the auspices of the G Ward (Dadar) District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to-night at 9 p.m. at Kirtiker's Wadi, near Dadar Station, when Srij. K. P. Khadilker, Dr. Savarkar, Mr. L. V Lelit and others will speak on Temperance Work and Picketting. All are requested to attend.

G. I. P. RY. STAFF UNION.

A general mass meeting under the auspices of the above will be held under the Presidentship of Mr. Gidney (Ex Officio President of the Igatpuri Conference, Kalyan Centre) at the [illegible] grounds, Kalyan, to-day (Saturday) [illegible] to record opinions in connection with the replies of the last Igatpuri Conference Resolutions and to consider what steps to be taken and to communicate the same to the Chairman Manmad and Igatpuri Conference, Igatpuri. All are requested to attend.

TEMPERANCE PROPAGANDA IN G. WARD.

The G Ward District Congress Committee has decided to commence this movement in their District; and people of all castes and creeds are requested to volunteer their services for some hours in the day for this beneficent and humanitarian cause, and register their names at once in the office of the Committee, Khandkeo Buildings, L. J. Road, Dadar. The stoppage of drink-evil is the most important of all the movements, especially in G Ward, and it is expected that volunteers will come forth in numbers and take the credit of stopping this vice.

PARSEE GATHERING AT CAWASJI JEHANGIR HALL.

To-day being His Majesty's Birth day there will be a Parsee Gathering at Sir Cawasji Jehangir Hall at 5-30 p.m. (Standard Time) where the members of the Zeroastrian Physical Culture and Health League and the Bombay Parsee Boy Scouts will give a display of Physical Culture feats as also well known ladies will kindly give a musical entertainments; while the chief function of the evening will be the distribution of the Certificates of Merits bestowed by Government to the members of the community who rendered special service. The tickets of the entertainment can be had during the whole day at the Hall.

BOMBAY ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

The Bombay Gymkhana will open their Association football season this evening against the Y. M. C. A. on the Cooperage. From the names given below it will be seen that most of the teams that did so well last year are available and a successful season is expected.

The following will represent the Gymkhana tonight:—King, Whittington, E. Bradley, Souter, Bell (Capt), Kerr, Gillespie, Thow, Ethemington, Walker, and Hicks.

Kick off at 5-30 p.m.

On Monday next June 6th at 5-45 p.m. on the Oval, the Gymkhana will play against the newly formed Imperial Bank eleven. This promises another European team for the Harwood League season.

G. WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A general meeting of all the members of G. Ward Congress Committee will be held on Saturday the 4th June at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at Heerabag Hall near Kandevadi, for the following business:—

(1) To elect office-bearers.
(2) To appoint a Managing Committee.
(3) To appoint a Committee to frame rules and regulations for G. W. D. C. C.

VILE PARLE CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

Under the auspices of the above Committee Messrs. G. D. Raichura and Bhaidas O. Bhutta will lecture in Gujarati at the "Diamond Hall" of Sheth Hemchand Mohanlal Zaveri at Vile Parle to-morrow (Sunday) at 9-15 p.m. (S.T.) on "Broach Political Conference." Mr. Shirji Devshi will preside.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

June 3.

We have to report a very much depressed market during week with large stocks and small demand and consignees of Mauritius sugar ex. s.s. Engine Gwsos being very nervous and eager sellers prices have been reduced by six rupees per cwt. all round. Deaelrs have got frightined and are selling their holdings at any prices they meet buyers.

Karachi and Calcutta markets are also depressed with many sellers and no buyers for any position. Java market keeps quiet and prices have declined to 13 gilders for July-August first cost without any business doing.

Owing to continual decline in the prices of ready sugar there are no buyers for any positions at any price. Home and American markets are quiet.

The following are the bazar rates and stocks:—

T M O Rs. 31-8-0 eq. 30s. F. B. Harbour stocks 50,000 bags.
Natal Rs. 30-0-0 Stocks 100 tons
Mauritius Rs. 21-0-0 to 32-0-0. Stocks 50,000 bags.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET

Bombay, June 3.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 36-5-0.
Bars Silver ready Rs. 91-13-0.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London 1/-3½.
D. D. on London 1/3 9/32.
D. D. on Paris Frcs. 250.
3 M/st D. A. Frcs. 325.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 193.
60 D/st D. P. Rs. 166.
American Cross rate $3.883.
Paris Cross rate Frcs. 46.90.
German Cross rate 240.
London Silver spot D. 33¾d.
London forward D. 33 1/8d.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent. War Loan 86.
5½ per cent. War Bonds due 1920-21 100-4.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 75.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 56.
3½ per cent. Paper 60.
4 per cent. Port Trust due 1974 65.
6 per cent. Port Trust due 1930 96.
4 per cent. Municipal due 1974 65.
5 per cent. Municipal due 1929-49 96.
4 per cent. Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 65.

SHARES.

Market opened weak but after many fluctuations closed quiet.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

COTTON MILLS.

Ahd. Advance 2150, By. Cotton 1150, By. By. Dyeing 1720 xrt., Century 1187½, Colaba Land 2670, Central India 4170, Crescent 650, Currimbhoy 1575, David 1620, Fazulbhoy 1500 N. Finlay 1140, Ind. Bleaching 182/8 xd., Ind. Malwa 640, Kasturchand 1450, Kohinoor 3380, New Great 842/8, Pearls 1170, phoneix 1155, Shapurji 352/8, Simplex 800, Swan 1120, Swadeshi 4150.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 680, By. Burma 600, By. Burma N. I. 170 pr., Bt. Burma Petrol 15/12, By. Tramway 128/12, By. Steam 307/8, Bundi Cement 39/8, Ind. Cement 355, Katni Ord 290, Katni Defd 1420, New India Ins. 2 dis, Shivrajpur 31, Tata Ord. 130, Tata Defd 665, Tata Hydro 955, Tata Oil 100, Tata Bank 22/8, Scindia Steam 18dis.

CHEMICALS.

June 3.

There was a very healthy demand for Sago-flour, C. I. F. Quotations for Singapore Sago are varying between Rs. 10-8-0 and 11; Farina continues still scarce and is now Quoted at Rs. 25/26; Maize starch ruled active with offers for Rs. 27 and less per cwt. China Clay is abnormally high and is quoted at Rs. 200 and upwards. There is a general scarcity for China Clay.

Fine Chemicals are comparatively quiet. Aniline Salt witnessed decline, Antimony Salt, too, saw further reduction in value. Epsom Salt was quoted at Rs. 9; Bichromate Soda went down by Rs. 4 per cwt. Bichromate Pofash also saw shrinkage in value and is quoted at Rs. 24 per cwt. Yellow Prussate Potash is steady at Rs 1-12-0 per lb.

Heavy Chemicals are rather active. Zinc Chloride had robust demand. Sodium is also fair in inquiry. Magnesium Chloride is steady at Rs. 15; Bleaching Powder German is offered at Rs 25 per cwt. Caustic soda is unsteady.

Quotations:—
Farina (K) Rs. 25/27.
Sago Rs. 13/14.
China Clay Rs. 200 (Eng.)
Maize Starch Pearl Rs. 25/26.
Caustic Soda Rs 35.
Bleaching Powder Rs. 25. (Ger.)
Bichromate Soda, Rs. 85.
Bichromate Potash Rs. 35.
Epsom Salt Rs. 9.
Sodium Surphide Rs. 30.
Aniline Salt Rs. 1-3-0.
Zinc Chloride Rs. 40.
Antimony Salt Rs. 2-4-0.

MILL-STORES.

June 3.

Cotton goods, such as Bandings and Ropes have no important fluctuations. There was rather a tendency to decline in Oldham and Lambeth. Several consignments arrived in Oldham Bandings and many more consignments are expected still to arrive. There is a probability of the market going down in Bandings. Cotton Healds have continued very active. There are several merchants who have cornered good Healds. The market rules between Rs. 3-4-0 and Rs 3-8-0 per 800 eyes. Reeds are steady at Rs 0-5-0 per 100 dents.

Woolen goods continue still dear and scarce. Kenion Roller-cloth, clearer cloth are quoted very high. No immediate prospect of reduction is evident. The market is firm at present.

Shuttles and Bobbins markt is dull without inquiry. The rates are as under:—

Healds Rs. 3-6-0; Reeds Rs. 0-5-0 to 0-6-0; Pickers No. 4 (Headm) Rs. 75; Pickers No. 4 (Bromley) Rs. 115; Roller skins Rs. 90/115; El. Healds Rs. 15; Roller cloth (K) Rs. 12/15; Sizing Flanned Rs. 7; Slubbings (Jap) Rs. 45; Rowing (Jap) Rs. 37; Conical Pim 5" Rs. 9; Ring Rabbeth 5" on Rs. 13.

COLOUR-MARKET.

Bombay, June 3.

The market witnessed no important fluctuations The demand all round is less than normal excepting in Alizarine 20 per cent. paste. Mofussil demand is also poor and the local demand in small loats only. The rates are quoted as reported last time but in view of poor demand some concessions are offered to the genuine purchasers. Congo-Red of deep greenish tinge is in demand in the Madras presidency and some of the merchants from that place have come here; however the demand seems to be limited. The tone on the whole is poor.

Quotations:—
Congo-Red Rs. 3-8-0 to 4-8-0 per lb.
Magenta Crystals Rs. 15 per lb.
Magenta Crystals Zu. Rs. 17 per lb.
Malachite Green Rs. 8-8-0 per lb.
Auramine Wh. Rs. 2-10-0 per lb.
Methyl Violet Rs. 8-8-0 per lb.
Bismark Brown Rs. 4 pe rlb.
Alizarine 20 per cent. Rs. 700 pes cask.
Rosesine B. Rs. 8-4-0 per lb.
Best Red Rs. 12-13-0 per lb.
Cryssphinine Rs. 7 per lb.

HYDERABAD STATE CONFERENCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—While requesting you for your favour for inserting these few lines into the columns of your worthy paper, it is needless to write here the various miserable and untolerable conditions of the subjects of this State arising out of the present condition of the Government. Though in these days of the twentieth century, when the great war gave fruits of Self-Determination to the Western World, yet we are being compelled to be kept aloof from the advantages of the present age, and so we are obliged to see or hear or do any deed through your organ, which I think will be taken as a public voice.

As it is notified in your paper of the 30th instant, that the Hyderabad (Dn.) State Reform Association is going to hold a Conference on the 11th and 12th June at Hyderabad (Deccan), I must thank and congratulate to the leaders of the above Association and at same time I take this opportunity of suggesting and requesting to the leaders of the Association not to copy blindnessly the examples of neighbourers, which have been proved fruitless after 35 years' experience, as the real demand was not made in the beginning itself.

The world is progressing and if the leaders of the Association are really alive to their duty and wish to stand as their neighbourers, they should be bold, courageous and truth-speaking as other National leaders are.

Yesterday I—through one of my friends, who is deeply connected with the floating of the said Association—got an opportunity of perusing the draft resolutions which are to be moved in the proposed Conference by the leaders of this State, which, in my humble opinion, are not rightly tuned according to the present era. I think the actual want of the subjects of this State is to have them the "Responsible Government", as the old days have now gone by. And, in my opinion, the responsibility on the leaders of this State is much more than that of their other fellow leaders of other States. I think they are fully aware with the subjects of this State, that they are hero-worshippers or rather deaf and dumb. In such a delicate state of affairs, they will act their real part and will not keep a loop-hole to their blind followers to be blamed by them and by the future generation also. If these leaders will not demand their timely want and keep themselves aloof with their ignorant mass of followers,—from their birthrights for their selfishness—, it will be considered as a treacherous thing to their Motherland and also cause a worse calamity on their followers and their generation.

In conclusion, I request you to lay stress on the above suggestion and have your own thoughts on this subject in your Editorial Notes, so that your brethren may not prove a decayed part of the whole body of India to cause aheavy and unnecessary burden to your movements in future.

Thanking you and the leaders of the Hyderabad State Reform Association in anticipation.—Yours, etc.,

ONE OF THE LOYAL SUBJECTS OF H. E. H. THE NIZAM.

Aurangabad (Dn.), May 31.

COAL FREIGHT MARKET.

(From our own Correspondent)

CALCUTTA, May 31.

The market opened firm with several definite enquiries for June steamers to Bombay, which are none too plentiful. Shippers are willing to pay Rs. 15 Bombay but have so far not found takers.

For July the position cannot become definite until the issue of export licenses (expected about the 8th/10th June) and shippers are inclined to hold off in the hope that more tonnage will be available for that month.

There are tentative enquiries for June/July tonnage to Madras, Rangoon and Colombo, mostly small sizes, but Bombay is the principal taker.

Fixtures reported are:—6000 T. str. June Rs. 16-4-0 Karachi, a parcel 1000 T. May Rs. 9 Rangoon.

Rates quoted are:—Karach' Rs. 16-4-0, Bombay Rs. 15 to Rs. 15-4-0, Madras Rs. 9, Rangoon Rs. 9, Colombo Rs. 10-8-0.

Note:—S. Africa and Australian coal fixtures as before.

Time Charter rate s.s. Trans atlantic Trade s.s. Dundrennan 6000 and 10 per cent. 6/9s. 6 or 8 months.

CALCUTTA FREIGHT MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, May 31.

The market is very quiet with little enquiry, the only booking reported being 500 tons of seeds to Southampton June shipment by the Anchor Brocklebank Line at London rate, and about 6000 bags shella to New York, June shipment.

The rates to the River Plate are now:—

June/July Jute, Gunnies per 50 c. ft. 40s. less 5s. rebate.

August Jute, Gunnies per 50 c. ft. 50s. less 5s. rebate.

September Jute, Gunnies per 50 c. ft. 50s. less 5s. rebate.

OUTBREAK OP MONSOON.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, June 3.

The monsoon has broken on the Malabar Coast and the Bay. The current has been more active in Burma. The Western disturbance is entering Kashmir. Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam, Konkan, and Malabar, and local in Burma, Bengal and Kashmir. Few falls also occurred in Bombay Deccan. Chief amounts are:—Mergui one inch, Moulmain two, Myitkyina one, Dibrugarh two Sibasgar and Shillong one; Tezpur, and Gauhat one, Cherrapunji fouri Narayangang one and a half, Barrisal, Berrahmpore one, Jaipaiguri two, Dras a half, Karwar and Mangalore one. Cashut three, Cochin four, Ahmednagar a half.

Forecast:—Increase in Canara and a few falls in the Punjab Hills.

TATA BANK.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—In your report in to-day's issue relating to the adjourned meeting of the members of this Company held yesterday, you say, "At the outset the result of the poll showed that by a majority of about 49,507 votes the report had been adopted and with such a large number of proxies to back them up the shareholders concluded that any more trials of strength between them and the directors would not come to much."

I am directed by my Board to point out that the directors did not receive any proxies for the poll.

I request that publicity may be given to this communication.—Yours, etc.,

R. H. PARKER.
Secretary.

Bombay, June 2.

THE TATA IRON AND STEEL CO., LTD.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Herewith I beg to enclose a letter for insertion in your paper which I have forwarded to the Chairman and Directors of the Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd.

I hope the shareholders will muster strong in the meeting and unanimously support me in my motions that tend to the eventual benefit of the shareholders. I also request them to listen patiently to other pertinent remarks of mine on the report.—Yours, etc.,

B. A. NARIMAN.

Tram Terminus, Grant Road,
Bombay, 2nd June, 1921.

To

The Chairman and Directors,
The Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd.,
Navsari Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Gentlemen,

I am to give notice under Sections 71, 117 and 161 of the Articles of the Company that at the Ordinary General Meeting of the Company to be held on the 9th instant, I shall move as follows:—

(1) That a Committee selected from among the members of the Board and the existing shareholders not exceeding 12, be appointed to investigate how far economy in the expenditure of the administration of the Company can be effected, without impairing efficiency and to submit their report to the shareholders within three months from the date of their appointment.

(2) That a small committee from among the members of the Board, should in rotation repair to "Jamshedpur" at the end of every six months to see everything for themselves and that their half-yearly reports be published for the information of the shareholders soon after their return to Bombay.

(3) That it is exceedingly important to have on the Board of Directors three experts at least who should be every year elected and who are every way competent and qualified to give the benefit of their advices and experience on technical details of "Iron and Steel Industry."

Yours faithfully,

(Sd.) B. A. NARIMAN.

ANGLO-INDIA COL. AND NAVIGATION CO.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Mr. S. B. Billimoria some time back charged the Directors, the members of the Committee, and himself unconsciously—as he is one of them—with indecision, delay and wastage. I trust I have shown by the open letter I addressed through your columns to the shareholders that there is no ground for this belief of Mr. S. B. Billimoria.

I am sure the shareholders—also the public—will be interested to know what answers Mr. S. B. Billimoria has to give to the pertinent questions Mr. B. F. Bharucha put him through the public press.

I trust his triple position,—and thus one better than that of the cook who was also the coachman in Moliere's "L'Avare",—of being a member of the Committee, the auditor and the provisional liquidator at the one and the same time will not prevent him from doing so. We are told "more the merrier", if so Mr. Billimoria can answer thrice for asked once, if so, why his silence.—Yours, etc.,

LAKHMIDAS ROWJEE TAIRSEE.

"INDENTURE LABOUR IN DISGUISE"

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—History has not known deeper slavery or bondage than that just now going on in British India under the benign care of the present bureaucracy. Slaves of ancient times were kept in utter darkness and total iguorance as to what "Liberty" and "Freedom" meant, but in these days educated people are constrained to submit to a treatment more servile and inhuman than anything for which the past can be justly blamed. Let the scrupulous reader turn to the Agra Medical School: The Government claims to impart free education to students who are annually admitted to the Agra Medical School. But this is far from being literally true; the facts are otherwise: innumerable restrictions are imposed on the guardians and the students by compelling them to sign bonds separately. The terms of these bonds are in no way inferior to those executed by ignorant labourers who migrated to Fiji. Prior to being allowed to attend lectures, "the parent, guardian or friend" of the student, "who has elected for Government service", is required to execute a bond, whereby he undertakes to indemnify the Government to the extent of the total amount spent by the latter on the professional education of the student, in the event of the student relinquishing his studies, or after completing the course refusing to enter Government service or refusing to execute the agreement, which every successful candidate must execute as a condition precedent to his receiving the diploma. In addition to this, after the student has successfully completed his course, he must execute a bond that "he shall faithfully and diligently" serve the Government as a Sub-Assistant Surgeon for a period of ten years, and shall, when ordered, proceed to any part of British India, or of its Dependencies, or of the states in alliance with it (that is to say, almost all the world over), and shall also in the event of necessity serve on military duty throughout the British Empire. In case of the student leaving off Government service before the decade has expired, or in case of his being dismissed on account of some fault on his part, he shall forfeit to the Government Rs. 1,000.

Such is the nature of the so-called "Free Education" imparted in the Agra Medical School, which applies without exception to all the eighteen medical schools throughout India, controlled and managed by the Government. Is it not indentured labour in disguise?—Yours, etc.,

"LANCET."

EMIGRANTS FROM FIJI.

TO ARRIVE ABOUT JUNE 18.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 2.

Intimation has been received that s.s. "Ganges," carrying 996 returning Indian emigrants, left Fiji on the 24th May and is expected to arrive at Calcutta about 18th instant.

MR. BHUDEO SHARMA.

PREFERS JAIL TO EXECUTING BOND

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALIGARH, June 2.

Mr. Bhudeo Sharma, who was tried under Section 108 Criminal Procedure Code, refused to execute a bond and give securities, and was consequently sentenced to one year's simple imprisonment.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 3.

Home Department:—Mr. Justice B. H. Heald, C.S., Acting Judge, Lower Burma Chief Court, becomes Judge vice Mr. Justice, C.S., resigned. Sir William Vincent has been appointed Vice-President, Executive Council of the Governor-General under Section 38 of the Government of India Act.

Foreign and Political:—Mr. H. W. Child has been appointed Acting Vice-Consul for Spain at Rangoon. Mr. J. H. Acheson, C.S., and Mr. [illegible] W. Wytie, CS, have been appointed [illegible] in the Political Department. Major C. S. Bruce Deputy Commissioner, Kohat. Major C. G. Crosthwaite has been posted Deputy Commissioner. Lt.-Col. W. J. Keen has been posted as Political Agent, Khyber. Major M. E. Rae has been posted as Deputy Commissioner, Dehra Ismail Khan, Mr. A. R. Jeff has been posted as Political Agent, Eastern Rajputana State.

Finance Department:—Mr. U. L. Mujumdar has been posted as Accountant-General Central.

Revenue: Mr. E. B. A. Harris has been posted as Assistant Accountant-General, Bombay. Mr. O. A. Travers has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Punjab, vice Mr. Jagat Prasad, granted five months leave.

FIRE IN RLY. WORKSHOP.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BANGALORE, June 2.

A fire occurred at the M. S. M. Railway Workshops, near the city station, on Tuesday night, when a quantity of Railway stores, consisting of rubber and woodwork, valued several thousand of rupees, were burnt. Enquiries show that the fire was purely accidental.

PRINCE HIRO ITO'S FAREWELL MESSAGE.

HIS LASTING IMPRESSIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 30.

Prince Hirohito in his farewell message to the British people expressed his deep appreciation of his reception and particularly dwelt on the lasting impressions of London, Edinburgh and Manchester and the glories of Windsor. He bade farewell with a heart full of gratitude.

JAPANESE PRINCE LEAVES ENGLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 29.

Prince Hirohito left London for France to-day after a most successful visit. His Majesty the King, the Prince of Wales and the Duke of York took a cordial farewell of the Prince at Victoria Station.

Official & Personal.

His Excellency Sir G. Lloyd accompanied by Mr. C. G. Adam, Private Secretary Major U. H. Benson, Military Secretary and Captain J. H. Carmichael and Captain G. S. Raystorne, Aides-de-Camp, arrived at Government House, Ganeshkhind from tour on the morning of 3rd June.

It is understood that the Madras Revenue Settlement Bill is under consideration of Government. It is doubtful whether the Bill will be ready for introduction in the next session of the Council.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and staff arrived at Government House, Naini Tal on Friday as guests of His Excellency Sir Harcourt Butler.

Mr. Gandhi has offered the following suggestions for the collection of Gujerat's share in the Tilak Swaraj Fund, a lakh of rupees from Dakore pilgrims and ornaments from Gujerat's ladies and tradesmen.

SPORTING NEWS.

FIRST TEST MATCH.

AUSTRALIANS WIN BY 10 WICKETS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 30.

The weather was unsettled and 18,000 spectators had assembled when the Test Match was resumed to-day The Australians after slow scoring were dismissed for 232. The English fielding was poor. Woolley took 3 wickets for 48 runs.

In their Second Innings England were dismissed for 147 runs, of which Knight contributed 38 and Wooley 34. For the Australians McDonald took 5 wickets for 32 runs. The Australian fielding was splendid.

In their second innings, the Australians score 30 for no wickets, thus winning the match by 10 wickets.

Kent beat Northants by 284 runs.

INTERNATIONAL POLO.

CHANGE MADE IN AMERICAN TEAM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 29.

A notable change has been made in the probable team to represent America in the forthcoming Polo tests. Reserve Hopping has been substituted as Number Two for Hitchcock.

The change is regarded as satisfactory, and is the outcome of the trial game yesterday against the Hurlingham side, which was beaten by ten goals to six.

The first Polo Test Match is being played at Hurlingham on June 18th. It is asserted that the English Team has not yet been chosen. Experts are in favour of Tomkinson, Lockett and Wodehouse, but would substitute Lieut-Colonel Melvill for Major Barrett.

Another American bid for British Sporting honours has failed by Miss Cecil Leitch British Champion) beating Miss Alexa Stirling (American Champion) 3 and 2 in the first round of the Ladies' Open Golf Championship at Turnberry.

Singles of the Middlesex Tennis Championship at Cheswick were won by Doctor A. H. Fyzee, who beat F. Hunter 4/6, 6/1, 6/3, 6/4.

DERBY SCRATCHINGS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, May 30

Yellow Dwarf and Sunblaze were scratched from the Derby.

THE ARMY CUP RACE.

REVISED CONDITIONS.

(From a Sporting Correspondent.)

The following are the revised conditions of the race for the Army Cup, as approved by the Stewards of the Royal Calcutta Turf Club.

The Army Cup.—A Cup value Rs. 750 presented by the Lucknow Race Fund, and Rs 3,000 to the winner, Rs. 1,000 to the second and Rs 500 to the third.

A Welter Handicap for Horses in the 3rd and 4th Divisions which have never won an open flat race, hurdle race or steeple-chase value Rs. 1,200 or over, bonafide and free from contingency the property of Officers in His Majesty's Army or Royal Air Force on full pay.

Lowest weight not less than 9st. 7lbs

To be ridden by Officers qualified to enter.

Distance.—7 (seven) furlongs, on Cup course

First entries close 1st October 1921

Final entries close 31st October 1921.

The Rail fares to and from Lucknow of all horses starting in this race and coming from a distance of 50 miles or further from Lucknow, will be paid by the Lucknow Race Fund.

In connection with the above I quote the valued comments sent to me by a well known military sportsman and owner.

"I have only one criticism to make. I think, on the whole, and that is, with the Scale of weights.

I am opinion that, if they are going to fix a *minimum* weight of 9 stone 7 lbs. they should also fix a *maximum* of 12 stone 7lbs. as in the English Grand National.

Otherwise, some horses will get crushing weights!

It is all very well to have a higher scale in a country like England, where the "going" is such that these big imposts can be shouldered without much risk, but one must cut one's cloth to suit, and the higher scale has very appropriately been found unsuitable in this country, where the courses and the State of the going are so much harder.

At an up country meeting last Season the scale of weights in the "Welter" races at this meeting, were from 8 stone 7 lbs. upwards. If 8 stone 7 lbs. is thought to be too light for amateurs (though a reference to the old volumes of the Calendars disclose many amateurs riding at this weight, and often less) I see no reason why 9 stone should not be fixed as a minimum? After all 9 stone is the bottom weight (and in my opinion very rightly so) over fences and hurdles, and the additional 7 lbs. (which, mind you, is only put in presumably, to allow an amateur riding the bottom weight) raises the scale all round, and will put the top weight at a considerable disadvantage.

Of course the race must be, this year, something of an Experiment, and I'm sure they have done the right thing in making it a Welter handicap for horses, as against an Arab, or countrybred pony race.

The condition they have put in, that horses must not have won Rs. 1,200 requires very delicate handling, in order that the class shall be kept as good as possible. For example, this scale must march with that at other meetings. I think I am right in saying that the smallest races at Poona are Rs. 1,500 for 3rd Division horses, and Rs. 2,000 at Calcutta. Therefore a winner of 3rd Division Race at Poona, or a 4th Division Race at Calcutta, is debarred! And it must be borne in mind Calcutta provides the best market in 4th Division horses at present, considering the rate of exchange!

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Saturday, June 4, 1921.

BOMBAY DEVELOPMENT.

While the programme of the Development Board in the matter of the Back Bay reclamation is fundamentally wrong, its efforts outside Bombay with reference to the Island of Salsette and Trombay are open to the criticism that they are not so prompt and whole-hearted as they should be. In so far as its work involves a careful thinking out of the problems of housing, of communications, of building material, it is in the right direction. Over and over again the question of improving the efficiency of the suburban line of the B. B. & C. I. Rly. and G. I. P. Ry., has been discussed with reference to electrifying the lines, increasing the number of trains and quadrupling the lines. It is, therefore, cold comfort to the public to read "that the G. I. P. Railway might attain the capacity suggested above in about five years, but it hardly seems likely that the B. B. & C. I. Railway can do so much in under ten." So long as the position of existing railways is not improved, the suggested new suburbs near Khar Village and Chapel Road cannot in themselves do much good. Nor does it appear that the Development Board has considered the increased traffic likely to arise on these lines with the completion of the Mahim-Dharavi, Dadar and Matunga schemes. The improvement of Bandra-Ghodbunder Road is a creditable item in the programme; but it will assist only the motorists and those who use the aerodrome at Andheri. In the rest of the programme as set forth we do not see any mention made of any improvements in communication except the proposed Trombay-Salsette railway and the proposed extension of kutchra siding. We have no doubt that this railway when constructed would lead to great improvement, but we would suggest as an earlier measure likely to lead to immediate results the extension of the tramway connection from Dadar through Wadala into Mahul. We would also emphasise the need of opening to public traffic the Harbour Branch of the G. I. P. Railway. The construction of a 80 feet road from Dadar into Mahul would have a more immediate effect in diverting population than any of the measures mentioned in the Development programme. In the suburban areas Government have to guarantee people protection and safety besides facilities of rapid and easy communication and good water supply. Sir G. S. Curtis in his public lecture spoke of definite arrangement with the Municipality for water supply from Pawai Lake, while the Director reports that investigations are being carried out about Tansa Mains to solve the water problem. We venture to say that the question of water supply should be settled without any delay. What about the Pawai Lake? Calcutta thought it solved its problems of water supply by raising a huge tank 10 years ago and now we find 3 crores of rupees are necessary adequately to meet the present demand for water. Even Bombay island is going without water now. This question, therefore, cannot brook any delay.

We do not approve of the wholesale acquisitions which are notified by the Development Board in Trombay island. We have great sympathy with the owners of land who are charging the Government with pure profiteering, but it is not on that ground alone but on that of public policy that we must point out the check which the Government are giving to private enterprise in the matter of building by acquiring lands which would be built upon as soon as the means of communication are provided. The principle of acquisition which has been employed by the Bombay Improvement Trust in respect of valuable city lands stands quite apart. We think there is a quicker and more economical way of getting things done than going in for wholesale acquisition and that is to frame definite rules which all builders have to carry out as in the Municipal area. We would even countenance the suggestion of taxing, after ready communication is established, owners of vacant lands who have not begun building operations. We suggest for serious consideration of the Government that if the unnecessary and ruinous Back Bay scheme is carried out they will have not enough money left for acquiring and paying for all the land shown red on their plan as West Salsette and for providing roads, drainage and water supply in that area, much less will they have money for any building operations at all. The scheme which would be giving best results would be that which would involve the smallest amount of displacement. Instead we have notifications for the acquisition of these lands and we shall have the spectacle for the next ten years of no land being ready for building inside the area shown red in the programme of the Development Board. We have further some apprehension that when the land is ready for building, it will be available on terms prohibitive to the small investor and the small householder. After all the Development Board must recognise the fundamental principle that those who want to go to live in the suburb, will do so if they have a nice little home of their own on cheaper terms than a few rented rooms in a large flat house and in crowded localities. We hope some of these notifications will be reconsidered; in any case we do not think that the Government of Bombay have acquired any title or moral right for wholesale acquisition by anything they have done in the past for the last dozen years or more. They had before them the scheme for the development of Salsette, they had costly establishment for this purpose which can show no results at all to-day. We have now twenty times more costly establishment which, while yielding smaller proportionate results, strikes at the root of private ownership and private enterprise in land and buildings.

We cannot say the Development Board is explicit in its report. We should have liked further particulars of the orders which have been placed for plant through the Stores Department of the Indian Office. We learn unofficially that these orders run into about two or three crores of rupees and that some orders were actually placed before the Department was formed. This is a constitutional matter on which the public look to the Government of Sir George Lloyd for immediate satisfactory explanation. We have already drawn attention to the numerous large appointments which have been filled and in which the claims of Indian engineers and architects at present in the Government employ or in private practice have been altogether ignored. Have the Government of Bombay still to learn that no scheme, however well-conceived it may be, can ever become popular in India in these days or at any time in future unless the legitimate claims of Indians for higher appointments are recognised? We must also point out that the provision for the housing of working classes does not get that degree of priority in the programme, which it should on account of its urgency and importance. We think that since the formation of the Board there has been enough time for actually beginning building operations in connection with the two schemes for industrial housing mentioned in the report. That the Development Board can do very quick work is seen by the manner in which it has put up within two or three months magnificent offices for itself in the Old Customs House area. Some substantial achievement affecting directly "the masses" will secure a beter moral support for the Development Board's activities than a well-worded report with elaborate designs and maps. The general impression left in our mind after reading the report is that the Board is not itself altogether clear as to what it is going to attempt and it seems that the rest of its work in Salsette and Trombay is a mere ornamental supplement to the primary object of its existence, viz., the Back Bay reclamation. The public of Bombay however regard the Back Bay reclamation as not only an altogether secondary but also superfluous item involving immense waste and gross misdirection of public funds. What we would like to see is improvement of communications and laying down of roads with freedom to private enterprise to build as quickly as is possible under suitable building bye-laws.

HYDERABAD STATE CONFERENCE.

The path of political reformers in Indian States is, we know, not strewn with roses. On the other hand, a double layer of thorns encounters them on all sides in their onward march. Still, courageous souls have to face the ordeal, regardless of consequences for themselves and sometimes even for the generation about them. The awakening all over British India is rousing the peoples of Indian States also to a consciousness of their own rights and responsibilities and urging them to secure by all legitimate means the redress of the grievances under which they have groaning for a long time past. They too have come to realise that the aspiration to share in the administration of their own State is not only not a crime, but a laudable sentiment, whatever some of the princes, fed on antiquated traditions and reactionary views, might think to the contrary. It is a happy sign of the times that the Rulers of these States are one by one coming, though slowly, to acknowledge the right of their "subjects" to participate in the administration. Several of them have established legislative assemblies, to which the people are entitled to send their own elected representatives, though these institutions are more sham than otherwise. Among the major States, however, H. E. H. the Nizam's Dominions are still without a popular legislative assembly even of this type and the administration is being run on the old "benevolent despot" traditions. We have no reason to think that his Exalted Highness is opposed to the idea of imparting a democratic tone to his administration. We are glad to learn that there is a movement in the Nizam' Dominions to hold a conference of the people with a view to voice their aspirations and to bring their grievances to the notice of the authorities. We trust the movement will be crowned with success and that the sympathy of the official world will be extended to it in a generous measure. Sympathy begets trust and suspicion engenders distrust and discontent, whether in private affairs or in the administration of a State. The movement should be welcomed by every one in the State. But what is essential is that the movement itself should be really popular and democratic and should aim at nothing less than the attainment of full responsible government as soon as possible.

Notes of the Day.

Is It Stage Managing?

The unexpectedly wide publicity which Reuter has, contrary to its own past traditions, given to the Hon. Mr. Sastri's views regarding India and the Empire, has already given rise to a suspicion in well-informed circles that the whole affair has, perhaps, been cleverly stage managed. It is believed that the object may be to create a favourable atmosphere in this country regarding the "official" delegates—not of India, but from India—to a conference at which India will be predominantly "represented" by a member of the British Cabinet. Rightly or wrongly, several people think that Mr Sastri has given expression to views, which are as strong and as emphatic as those of any red-hot "Extremist", to camouflage any weakness on his part at the Conference itself We do not share these view, though we cannot blame those who entertain such a suspicion, particularly in view of the somersaults some of the Moderate "Elders" have been guilty of in the past. On the other hand the existence of such suspicion affords every reason why Mr. Sastri should firmly adhere to his (now) publicly expressed views, and if he fails to make any impression on his select audience at the Conference table, it would be his obvious duty to enter an emphatic protest and walk out of the Conference where things might be done arbitrarily to dispose of India's destinies—economic and political—without so much as "by your leave."

Government and Assam Labourers.

The facts which are coming to light every day in connection with the exodus of Labour from Assam make the utterly misleading character of the recent communique issued by the Director of Information, Bengal, on the subject, increasingly plain. The communique is, indeed, a study in whitewashing, if not dissimulation We do not know what purpose the Director or the Bengal Government imagines is served by issuing such communiques. They do not certainly raise the administration responsible for maintaining the office of the Director in the estimation of the public. Moreover, they will not deceive even a child. The truth is bound to come to light sooner or later if it has not already come to light. The only effect of such communiques at a time of grave agitation of the public mind, is to exasperate the people. Take this statement in the communique: "Government are not interfering in any way with the passage of those in possession of the necessary tickets." Now this statement is utterly falsified by the following letter, addressed by Messrs. Kilburn & Co. of Calcutta to their Agent at Chandpur. which Mr. Hardayal Nag of Chandpur has unearthed:—

"To Joint Agent, Chandpur, 17-5-21. "Have interviewed Government Secretary who requests us place no further special steamers for Coolies. Also requests us not to issue any tickets on local Government officials' requisition. This cancels arrangements with Collector. Understand Government issuing instructions to all concerned.

From—Mindaros
Calcutta Kilburns."

Misleading Communiques.

Again, the statement that the "coolies" at Chandpur station "moved off after some resistance" to the Gurkhas, is also quite misleading. Eye-witnesses, including station officials, who gave evidence before the non-official committee of enquiry at Chandpur assert emphatically that the labourers did not offer the least resistance, that many of them were sleeping when the Gurkhas charged at them and the panic was so great among them that many left their belongings and even little children behind in trying to escape from the ruthless onslaught of the Gurkhas. Here is a portion of the evidence of the head parcels' clerk:—

No one asked them ("coolies") when they were lying down after the trains had left, to leave the station. Some 10 or 15 minutes after the mixed train left the station, I came out to the verandah after finishing my work. We found Gurkhas marching from the east and passing by us ran into the 3rd class waiting room. There was a military Sahib with the Gurkhas.

The Divisional Commissioner followed the military Sahib at rapid pace. I heard a sound "go on" which seemed to be made by the Commissioner. The Gurkhas then began to push the coolies with their boots and asked them to get up. I saw the Gurkhas beating the coolies first with lathies picked up from them (coolies). The Gurkhas had guns in their hands also. I also saw the Gurkhas striking the coolies with the butt-ends of their guns and with bayonets. Among the coolies who were assaulted, there were men, women and children, even new-born babies. The Commissioner was standing near by just outside the waiting room and could see the assault. The District Magistrate and also some other officers also were there.

I felt sick on seeing the assault I did not hear the Commissioner or any other officer giving order to stop the assault. The coolies, men, women and children inside and outside the waiting room were being indiscriminately assaulted. The Commissioner had a walking stick in his hand at the time of the assault.

The coolies offered no sort of resistance at the time of the assault but only cried "Jai Manatma Gandhi ka Jai." After the assault began, the coolies ran in different directions. They were pursued and beaten by the Gurkhas even when they were running.

Other railway employees also corroborated the above statement. The official communique says that "the eviction was affected at a cost of 30 minor casualties," while the truth is that there were about 40 serious cases alone, in addition to nearly 100 minor casualties. Further, the communique has stated that "the local civil medical officer has seen all the cases and has reported that no injuries are of a serious character," while the bare fact is that not one of the cases was attended to by the officer in question, but all help was rendered by private medical practitioners of the town. The Director would do well to secure and make public the "report" of the local medical officer, if there is such a report in existence. There are several other inaccuracies, half-truths and downright perversions of facts which make the communique appear as if it is the product of one of the "lie-bureaus" of war time rather than a document which has been issued from a responsible office of a God-fearing Government.

Characteristic.

As was to be expected both the "Englishman" and the "Statesman" are up in arms against Mr. Andrews for his espousal of the cause of the Assam "coolie" and for the hard words he had to say of the attitude of the Bengal Government and of the treatment of the "coolies" in the tea plantations. The "Englishman" goes to the length of raking up Mr. Andrew's past—as if *that* stands in any danger of suffering by the silly attempt of our contemporary. In the estimation of a few ignorant and bigoted "Christians," of course, Mr. Andrews' severance from Holy Orders and the Cambridge Mission and his fellowship with Tagore and other Hindu "mystics" is rank apostacy, betokening a lamentable obliquity of moral and spiritual vision. Hence in criticising Mr. Andrews for his defence of a "mere coolie," these paragons of Christian righteousness cannot but recall his "antecedents." His warning that "the Day of Judgment has begun for all," sounds to the devoutly Christian ear of the "Englishman" more as a Bolshevik cry than anything Biblical and we are assured by our contemporary that Mr. Andrews, "whether he knows it or not, is playing into the hands of the most unscrupulous Extremists of India." The "Statesman," on the other hand, is shocked at what it regards as the jeers of Mr. Andrews at "the rich" and "Mammon", while the "unfortunate" tea garden proprietors deserved nothing but commiseration at his hands "especially at this time of distress." No attempt is made by either of our conscientious contemporaries to meet the charges of cruelty and underfeeding which Mr. Andrews brought against the Gurkhas and the planters respectively. That, of course, seems to be a minor matter with both the journals.

G. I. P. Railway Administration.

The attention of the G. I. P. Railway authorities has been drawn more than once during the last two months in our correspondence columns to a case of undoubted injustice which has occurred in one of the Bombay offices of the Company. The facts may be briefly stated here. On 15th February last, a shorthand typist, engaged in the office of the Assistant Deputy Traffic Manager and having five years' service under the Company to his credit, left the office at 7.5 p.m., just a little before the Assistant Deputy Traffic Manager left. The usual closing time of the Railway office is 5-30 p.m. Next day the typist was told that he had been fined Rs. 5 for "disobedience of orders!" The typist states that he had neither "orders" to sit as along as the Assistant Deputy Traffic Manager sat nor had he any work to warrant his sitting so late. The punishment being an unjust one the typist appealed against it with the result, we are told, that the A. D T. M. threatened him with the imposition of making him sit two hours late every day, and, in default, with dismissal. As the typist could not comply with the order without detriment to his health he asked for transfer to his former post, or, in the alternative, for the acceptance of his resignation. The resignation dated 25th February was accepted, but his request for a transfer was not granted nor was the fine cancelled. The typist appealed to the Agent of the Company against this injustice, but the only "justice" he got was a notice of discharge served on him on 23rd March! Such are the facts as have been brought to our notice. The Agents has concurred in the punishment, but he fails, as a responsible officer, to justify it. We would like to know on what grounds or under what rules of the Company's service the fine was imposed. Is it incumbent on the staff to work overtime and not so on the administration to pay them for the same? The fine appears to us to be an act of unmitigated highhandedness. No question of "prestige" should stand in the way of refunding it. If the Agent or the A. D T. M. has any justification of the step to offer they ought to make it public.

UNTOUCHABILITY CONFERENCE.

ADDRESS PRESENTED TO MR GANDHI.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BROACH, June 2.

In the fifth Untouchability Conference which was held at Broach on the 31st evening Mr. Gandhi was presented an address of welcome by the Antyajas in a glass frame. The Conference passed resolutions protesting against the injustice done to them in social matters and requested the dharmgurus to remove this bar of untouchability. Social resolutions regarding untouchability amongst themselves, education cleanliness were also passed.

GREEKS INITIATE POURPARLERS.

WITH MODERATE TURKS IN ROME.

VIEWS OF ANGORA PRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 29.

A Constantinople message says that information from various sources tends to confirm the report that the Greeks recently attempted to initiate pourparlers with more Moderate Turks, privately, in Rome, with a view to arriving at an amicable understanding on the basis of the proposals of the London Conference. The Angora press, however, spurns the suggestion and says that only a complete renunciation of Greek pretentions in the Turkish territory will satisfy the Nationalist Government.

E. AFRICAN CURRENCY.

SHILLING TO BE STANDARD COIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 30.

It is officially announced that Mr. Churchill has now considered the question of the Currency arrangements to be adopted by Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyika Territory and has decided that the scheme embodied in the East African Currency Order in Council of April 26, 1920 shall be maintained but that the standard coin shall not be Florin but shilling in order to prevent the too abrupt fluctuations in the local values and rupee contracts will be construed at the rate of two shillings to rupee. Pending supply of the new shilling currency, which will be expedited as much as possible florin notes and coins are now available and currency notes of the former currency Commissioners of East Africa and Uganda will be used to redeem the Indian coin during a limited period after which the Indian coin will be demonetized.

(Continued from column 6.)

ever they had a rescourse to force in opposition to force.

"FORCE IN SELF-DEFENCE IN LAST EXTREMITY."

Here the speaker described that aspect of the Prophet's life and Islamic teaching in great detail and exhorted Moslems to follow at present only that part of their Prophet's example and his precepts. It was not because Mahatma Gandhi had preached ahimsa that the Brothers also preached it to Mussalmans, but because their Prophet also had preached and practised it before they were permitted, in the last extremity, to unsheathe their sword in defence of Islam against its implacable foes. The teaching of Mahatma Gandhi was dear to them because, in similar circumstances, it had been the teaching of their Prophet. But should circumstances change, nobody knew better than the Mahatma and nobody honoured them more for it than he did that they would follow their own faith and their own conscience. What they certainly considered mean and despicable beyond measure to do was to sail under false colours and make use of the Non Violent Non-Cooperation movement to create an atmosphere of preparedness for the use of violence.

KEEPING FAITH WITH CO-WORKERS.

If nothing else, the honour of Islam itself demanded, from the Brothers and those whom they could influence, a faithful and literal adherence to the joint programme worked by Hindus and Mussalmans, and the followers of other faiths at two successive sessions of the Congress, and initiated in the first instance by the Central Khilafat Committee itself. They were glad that Government had abandoned the idea of prosecuting them for adherence to their faith; but they would have equally and gladly faced such a prosecution. What concerned them was the movement of Non-Cooperation and keeping faith with their co-workers, not what Government chose to do or not to do. Had they feared an impending prosecution and recanted from their earlier beliefs, the time to do that was at Allahabad some weeks ago when it was at first arranged to their knowledge that they would be arrested and prosecuted. But they had only emphasised still further their beliefs on that occasion. If, to-day they issued a public statement regretting the unnecessary heat of some detached passages in their speeches it was because of their friends who had drawn their attention to them and whom they were anxious to placate and obey so long as they could do it without prejudice to their faith and not because of a foreign Government to which they owed nothing but their present misery.

SAVE THE TURKISH ORPHANS.

Concluding, the Maulana told the Mussalmans that to-day only monetary sacrifice was required of them and not the sacrifice of life and made a stirring appeal in connection with the forthcoming Id rescuing from starvation the orphans of those Turkish martyrs whom Indian soldiers and latterly the Greek had killed during the war. That was the least reparation that they could make for their past sinful conduct, and thus save the race of those who had defended Islam with their lives during the last four centuries from extinction. (Prolonged cheers.)

Amidst cries of "Allah-o-Akbar" the Maulana resumed his seat after having spoken for eighty minutes. The appeal of the Maulana met with a ready response, and delegate after delegate came to the speakers' tribune to deposit his contribution to the Smyrna Relief Fund.

After the Subjects Committee had been formed the Conference adjourned at 1 a.m. till to-morrow at 4 p.m.

UPPER SILESIAN QUESTION.

COMMITTEE OF EXPERTS TO BE APPOINTED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, May 30.

Paris.—The British Government has agreed to the constitution of a Committee of Experts on Upper Silesian question, but considers that the Commission should be appointed by the Supreme Council and work in Upper Silesia.

PARIS-LONDON NEGOTIATIONS,

FRANCE URGE A COMMITTEE OF EXPERTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 29.

The present negotiations between Paris and London deal with the question of a Meeting of the Supreme Council. Britain desires an early meeting, but France urges that a Committee of Allied Experts, Jurists, Soldiers and Diplomatists should examine every detail of the Silesian question before the Supreme Council assembles. Meanwhile, Britain is urging the scheme for creation of three zones in Upper Silesia to be occupied by the Poles, Germans and Allied Forces, respectively.

GERMAN REPARATIONS.

BONDS WORTH 850 MILLION GOLD MARKS HANDED OVER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 30.

Paris.—Bonds worth 850 million gold marks have been handed over to the Reparations Commission by the German courier, who arrived in Paris last night with bonds in ordinary diplomatic valise.

GERMAN INDEMNITY.

MILLIARD MARKS SENT TO ALLIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 29.

A Berlin message states that Treasury drafts, endorsed by the leading German banks, representing the balance of a milliard gold marks demanded by the Allies by May 21st, have been despatched to the Reparations Commission.

BRITAIN AND BORAH RESOLUTION.

IS IT PUT INTO OPERATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 30.

In the House of Commons replying to Commander Kenworthy with regard to the American Senate's passing the Borah resolution, Mr. Lloyd George said that he had not yet received invitation from General Harding to attend the Conference on the limitation of Naval armaments.

Replying to the question whether in the meanwhile further British Naval Construction could be stopped, the Premier said that he did not think that could be done anywhere in the world. Everything would depend upon whether the Borah Resolution put into operation.

Commander Kenworthy suggested that in view of the strength of our naval position we could afford to lead the way in stopping construction, Lord Curzon pointed out that the Borah Resolution did not refer to ships in course of construction to which the Premier agreed.

AEROPLANE CRASH AT MORGAN TOWN.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, May 30.

Washington.—A telegram from Morgan Town (West Virginia) states that an Army Ambulance Aeroplane crashed from a great height during a thunder-storm at night. It is supposed to have been struck by lightning. All occupants consisting of 5 officers and 2 civilians were killed.

CABLE ITEMS.

London, May 28.—The Duke of Connaught was present at a dinner at the Claridge's Hotel given by the India Office in honour of Lord Chelmsford, last night. Tables were decorated with crystal vases on mirrors filled with carnations. The guests included Lord Birkenhead, Lord Lytton, Mr. Churchill, Mr. Montagu Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Sastri, Earl Cromer and Mr. Ameer Ali.

Cape Town.—Mr. South has sailed for England to attend the Imperial Cabinet.

Marseilles.—The Maharaja of Kutch has arrived.

At the forthcoming meeting of the Peninsular and Oriental Banking Corporation, a Dividend of 5½ per cent. less Income Tax for 9 months will be declared. Mr. C. E. Malkinson has been appointed the London Manager.

Miss Satyapriya Ghosh of Calcutta is the first Indian Lady to pass the Royal College of Surgeons' final examination.

PRINCE'S VISIT ABANDONED ?

REPORTED OFFICIAL REASONS.

ANNOUNCEMENT SHORTLY TO BE MADE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 29

The "National News" says that a definite announcement will be made shortly about the visit of the Prince of Wales to India, but the Prince will probably not go. The paper states that advices from India indicate that the Duke of Connaught's visit did all that was necessary, and that another royal visit would impose an unfair burden on the officials and native princes. The former have as much work as they can at present tackle, and the latter are certai to spend most lavishly, which is the last thing the Government of India desires.

ULSTER ELECTIONS OVER.

COMPOSITION OF NORTHERN PARLIAMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 29.

The Ulster election results are now virtually completed. The Northern Parliament will consist of forty Unionists, six Nationalists and six Sinn Feiners.

Every Unionist candidate returned to Parliament, will meet on June 7th to elect the Speaker, after which they will adjour until June 21st.

MAJ. COMPTON SMITH.

MURDERED BY SINN FEINERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 29

It is officially announced that Major Compton Smith, of the Welsh Fusiliers, who disappeared from "Ballyvonare," Cork, on April 16th, was murdered by Sinn Feiners in cold blood.

The farewell letters to his wife were found among the documents captured in the raid on the Sinn Fein Headquarters in Dublin on May 26th.

NEED OF PRAYER.

PRELATES' MANIFESTO.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 30.

The Archbishops of Canterbury and York after consultation with other Church authorities, including the president of the Free Church Council, have issued a manifesto urging the need of prayer at this time of anxiety. They recommend that a special prayer for the Nation and World, particularly with regard to Ireland and the Industrial and International conditions should be read in all churches on June 26th and also prayer on behalf of the Statesmen and All holding responsible office throughout the Empire.

AGENDA OF IMPERIAL CABINET CONFERENCE.

FACILITIES FOR DISCUSSION ASKED FOR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 30.

In the House of Commons to-day Major Ormesby Gore and Col. Wedgwood asked that facilities be given for the House of Commons to discuss the agenda of the Imperial Cabinet before the Conference was held.

Mr. Lloyd George replied that if there was a general desire for discussion he would try to arrange it but unless some precise indication was given as regards the matters, which it was desired to discuss he would be unable to fix a day.

Major Ormesby Gore asked the Premier to follow the precedent of the Dominions whose Premiers had made statements in their Parliaments.

Mr. Lloyd George repeated the above reply adding that as the time was very limited they did not wish to press the House to devote a day to the purpose.

COAL SETTLEMENT.

GOVT. SCHEME REJECTED.

BY LANKASHIRE MINERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 30.

The first District Meeting of the Miners of Lanarkshire has rejected the Government scheme. There was not a single vote in favour of arbitration.

ALSO BY SCOTTISH AND S. W. MINERS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 30.

The Scottish and South Wales Miners' Executives have recommended rejection of Government's proposals.

NO COMPULSORY ARBITRATION.

PREMIER CLEARS MISUNDERSTANDING.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, May 30.

As a result of the statement made by the Representatives of Miners on Saturday, it was understood, that Government contemplated compulsory arbitration in the event of parties not reaching an agreement and hence there was a sensation created in the House of Commons; at question-time today, when Mr. Lloyd George denied that he had informed the Miners' Executive that if they did not accept Government's proposals legislation would be passed to compel them to submit to arbitration. The Premier added that the words "Compulsory arbitration" were not even mentioned during the whole of the proceedings and he hoped that at future Conferences no unauthorised communication would be sent to the Press.

WAGES OF COTTON SPINNERS.

BALLOT AGAINST 30 PER-CENT DECREASE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, May 30.

The Ballot of the Operative Cotton Spinners' Amalgamation on the Wages question shows that ninety-five and a half per cent. are against the proposed 30 per cent. decrease. Mills will close on June 4th failing agreement, but a negotiating Committee of Masters and Men will meet tomorrow. Half a million workers are involved.

COAL EMBARGO QUESTION.

SUSPENDED MEMBERS ASKED TO RESUME DUTY IMMEDIATELY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 30.

There has been an important development of the coal embargo question owing to the decision of the Society of Locomotive Engineers to instruct the suspended members to resume duty immediately so as not to hinder the miners reaching settlement. The Society has received an assurance from the Government that the coal arriving in the British ports will only be used for vital services.

The executives of the Transport Workers' Federation and the National Union of Railwaymen, held a joint meeting to-morrow to consider the new situation created by the action of the Society.

ALEXANDRIA DISTURBANCES.

LATEST DEATH ROLL, 74

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 29.

Alexandria.—The latest death-roll of the recent disturbances includes 56 Natives, 14 Greeks, 3 Italians and 1 Frenchman.

REMEMBER 30th JUNE!

CONGRESS DEMANDS:

ONE CRORE MEMBERS

ONE CRORE RUPEES

20 LAKHS CHARKAS

ALI BROTHERS VINDICATE THEIR POSITION.

STATEMENT ISSUED FOR PRESTIGE OF TRUTH.

NOT FOR FEAR OF PROSECUTION.

FAITH IN NON-VIOLENCE SUPREME.

MR. MAHOMED ALI'S PRESIDENTAL SPEECH

(From our Special Correspondent)

BROACH, June 2.

The following is a continuation of the report of the proceedings of the Khilafat Conference, held here on Wednesday night.

Maulana Mohamed Ali rose to deliver his Presidential address in Urdu, amidst cries of "Alla-ho-Akabar." He said it was too late in the day to give any lengthy exposition of the Islamic doctrine on Khilafat, especially as Moslems in India had already shown, by their unprecedented agitation, that there was hardly any Moslem, man woman, or child, who did not understand that the existence of Islam was bound up with the existence of the Khilafat. He would content himself by alluding to the famous incident when the most loving companions of the Prophet left him unburied for more than a day, and considered it a more important duty of theirs as Mussalmans to settle the question of the Khilafat than to attend to the obsequies of the Prophet whom they loved above all else in the world. For, the regulation of the lives of Mussalmans in their corporate capacity. It was impossible for Indian Mussalmans, to-day to give up the thought of maintaining the power and prestige of the Khilafat intact and of keeping the sanctity of the Island of Arabia inviolate, without giving up their faith here, and hope of salvation hereafter. And he asked every one concerned to answer clearly that one question, whether he could reasonably ask a man to renounce his faith for the sake of any other consideration. And yet it is that the Indian Moslem supporters of the Khilafat are in practice being asked to do for the sake of the British Empire.

Continuing the Maulana said the present time was the worst that Islam had experienced in its long history of thirteen hundred years and he appealed to all Moslems to rally round the banner of the Khilafat and Islam if they desired to remain Moslems. Only a few days ago occurred the anniversary of the battle of Badr, the first occasion on which the poor persecuted inoffensive Moslems were permitted to unsheathe the sword for pure self-defence. The speaker described the circumstances of that battle, and added that although only 313 Mussalmans, including lads of 15 and some even younger, were all that were then available for the defence of their faith, he considered that Islam was exposed to less danger in that first encounter in the field of the battle than to-day, because Mussalmans lacked that abounding faith in divine succour, and in their own love of Islam.

The Maulana then emphasised that feeling about him the presence of his maker in the presence of that assembly, and, if it were possible in the sight and hearing of the whole world he would openly declare that neither he nor his brother would ever be a party to the framing or publication of any statement which could be understood to mean that when a clear call of religion came to them they would do less than what the 313 warriors in the first battle of Islam did, under the guidance of their Prophet, to uphold the cause of Islam.

TRUTH ABOUT THE "APOLOGY."

Referring to the Viceroy's speech at the Chelmsford Club dinner, he said he knew of no speech of his or of his brother in which either had incited anyone to violence, nor did they know of any speech which they had undertaken not to repeat. Their public pronouncement had been worded in the clearest possible manner, and no one was entitled to read into it a meaning that it did not contain. They certainly had expressed regret for the unnecessary heat of some of the passages in some speeches of theirs to which some friends had drawn attention, and they felt convinced that they owed it not to this Government which had still to make amends for the Jallianwalla Bagh and the "crawling lane" but to the Non-Violent Non-Cooperation movement which was as pure as it was powerful and to which they were so deeply attached as their dearly beloved leader Mahatma Gandhi himself, that they should publicly express their regret even for the heat of some stray passages, which it was contended that some people could misinterpret as an incitement to violence. Unlike the Government they had no personal prestige to maintain beyond the prestige of Truth, and they could not sacrifice honesty and justice at the heathen altar of personal prestige. Moreover their attachment to that powerful movement of Non-Violent Non-Cooperation was so deep and their belief in its ultimate and speedy success was so great that the moment they heard that opponents of that movement were endeavouring to place some detached and stray passages of their speeches as obstacles in the way of the acceptance of the demands, they agreed to issue a clearly-worded statement which they had published, so that no possible excuse could thereafter remain for those opposed to the movement of Non-Cooperation to continue their opposition to it. They held that no personality was important-to-day that it could be permitted to jeopardise the success of their great movement and so far as they themselves were concerned they would never dream of allowing personal pique to stand in the way of the speedy success which their movement was destined to achieve. They would rather stretch a point against themselves than hinder the speedy success of Non-Cooperation.

A MISINTERPRETATION.

But it was futile and far from honest for anyone to read into their published statement a recognition that any passage in their speeches reasonably bore the interpretation that it was intended to incite or actually incited, to violence. They refused to recognise such an interpretation as had been sought to be put upon some passages in their speeches and gave no undertaking for the future which they had not already given in the past when they agreed to take their proper share in conducting Non-Violent Non-Cooperation movement under the banner of their guide, philosopher, and friend, Mahatma Gandhi and the fear of any impending prosecution did not influence their conduct in the least. It was the fear of God and love of their country that were the motives of their conduct. It was to their country and their co-workers that their public assurance and promise were in the first instance given, though Government and those who co-operated with it were equally welcome to their assurance and promise. Neither they nor anyone else on their behalf had ever dreamt of bargaining with this Government and to talk of giving up their prosecution as if it were a *quid pro quo* for their expression of regret to their own people is childish. But they would once more emphasise that while their present policy coincided entirely with the creed of Mahatma Gandhi, and those few who like him believed in ahimsa alone for all time, their creed did not coincide with the Mahatma's but also permitted the use of force in self-defence and in certain circumstances made the use of such force obligatory.

SUCCESS OF N-C-O. DEPENDS ON NON-VIOLENCE.

The Ali Brothers wished to guard themselves against being understood directly or indirectly, to be countenancing violence whilst Non-Violent Non-Cooperation was being prosecuted in the country. It was their firm opinion based upon the experience of working the Non-Co-operation programme, that the movement had taken deep roots in the country and that it would be absolutely enough for achieving their purpose, namely the redress of the Khilafat and Punjab wrongs and the attainment of Swaraja even during that year, and they were fully convinced that the success of their movement depended entirely upon the continuance of the spirit of Non-Violence among the people. Whilst, therefore gladly reiterating their faithful adherence to the programme of Non-Violent Non-Cooperation, they must reserve their right to take up arms against the enemies of Islam, should Non-Cooperation be found to have failed, and should a Jehad be proclaimed in terms of the law of Islam. No follower of the faith could shirk the clear duty if it ever came to him, as it had come to the warriors of Badr, of responding to the call of Jehad. But while the Prophet of God, whose example every Moslem must seek to follow led his people on the field of Badr and effectively used his own lance on the field of Ohad, he had also during the greater part of his career as a Prophet kept his sword unsheathed and meekly bore every insult, humiliation and suffering that his enemies could inflict without causing in return the least suffering to them.

Continuing, the Maulana said he and his brother knew the Mussalmans better than any non-Moslem could, and if in their speeches they referred to the force sanctioned by Islam it was only because they knew that no Mussalman could accept their lead in that pacific movement until and unless he was assured that they did not ask the Mussalmans to regard that as forbidden for ever which the law of Islam had not so declared. The Mussalmans could advocate Ahimsa like the Hindus only if they could be convinced that their leaders were not asking them to give up Hinsa for all time. They believed as much in the use of force as their Prophet and companions believe but they also believed as much in Non-violence and in the doctrine of victory through suffering as their Prophet and his companions had believed when for 13 long years they underwent every suffering including three years of the most rigorous form of boycott during the stay in Mecca whence they had to migrate to Medina before

(Continued in column 1.)

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

(BY MHHATMA GANDHI.)

The Afghan Alarm.

It must be a matter of surprise to many people as it is to me, that Mr. Bipin Chandra Pal should be alarmed at the Afghan cry raised in interested quarters. He is a believer in full Swaraj, and I venture to suggest to Mr. Pal that we cannot establish Swaraj in India, till we rid ourselves of the feeling of helplessness. Swaraj means our preparedness to deal with the Afghan and every other menace in our country. The whole scheme of Non-Cooperation is based on trusting other people, and if they prove untrustworthy, on our being prepared to meet their deceit by self-suffering. I remind Mr. Pal of what he truly said at Allahabad at the Hindu Mahomedan Conference in reply to Dr. Sapru, that the same power of combination, resourcefulness and suffering that would end the present system of slavery, would unable us to deal with every other system of a similar nature

Pan-Islamism, which Mr. Pal fears, is an admirable doctrine in so far as a Mussalman wishes the solidarity of all Moslem states. It would be a dangerous doctrine, if it were to mean a combination of Islamic powers for the purpose of exploiting the world or converting it to Islam by force. No sane Mussalman of my acquaintance has ever entertained the latter idea. The world is growing sick of the domination of brute force

I assure Mr. Pal that I do not believe in flirtation with any sentiment. I reject those that are bad, and hug those that are good. I do not believe that serious Mussalmans will welcome Afghan rule, any more than serious Hindus would. In writing my article on the Afghan Bogey, I was minded only to defend the correct position of a comrade, and to warn Ind a against being frightened by the interested cry.

I totally dissent from Mr. Pal's view that the event of an Afghan invasion, or even the mere circulation of a rumour of such invasion will incite a very large part of our Moslem population to lawlessness, if not to open "revolt." On the contrary it is my firm belief that the Mussalmans have too much at stake to-day—the honour of their religion—to do any such foolish act. As Maulana Shaukat Ali has said so often, the Mussalmans are too shrewd to mix up violence with non-violence. Mr. Pal has done a grave injustice to the Hindus by attributing to 'a very large proportion' of Hindus 'a desire to settle their own account with the Mahomedans.' He has, I venture to assure him, entirely misread the Hindu mind. The Hindus are as much in earnest about the cow, as the Mussalmans about the Khilafat. And the former know that they cannot save the cow—the cherished dream of every Hindu—without the goodwill of the latter. I promise that the Hindus will forget every wrong done in the past by every Mussalman, when the latter help them to save the cow, as I know every Mussalman will feel eternally grateful to the Hindus, if he finds that he has retrieved the honour of Islam by their voluntary aid.

I deny *in toto* the truth of the proposition laid down by Mr. Pal, that Moslems and Hindus would welcome an Afghan invasion. The protests that have been made against the supposed intentions of Maulana Mahomed Ali are surely enough to convince anybody that India will not tolerate an Afghan invasion.

Mr. Pal suggests that if the Amir invades and if we do not aid the Government, there can only be a revolution. I venture to suggest another alternative. If India as a non-cooperating India does not assist, the Government will make terms with the people. I do not consider the British people to be so utterly devoid of commonsense or resourcefulness as to leave India, rather than come to terms with her and heal the Khilafat and the Punjab wounds. That India does not yet possess the power to command attention, I know only too well. I have simply suggested a contingent alternative.

Mr. Pal sees a difference between Lalaji's and my declaration at Simla and our previous declarations. I know, none—neither Lalaji nor I—have ever welcomed an Afghan invasion. But I gladly lay down my own position in categorical terms.

(1) I do not believe that the Afghans want to invade India.

(2) I believe that the Government is fully prepared to meet an Afghan invasion.

(3) I am sorry to confess that if there was an Afghan invasion, every Raja and Maharaja will render unconditional assistance to the Government.

(4) I believe too that we as a people are still so demoralised, diffident and distrustful of Afghan intentions, and Hindus and Mussalmans of one another, that many would in mere panic rush to the help of the Government, and thus still further strengthen the chain that binds India.

(5) In theory, it is possible to distinguish between an invasion of India and an invasion of the British Government for the purpose of the Khilafat. In practice, I do not believe in the Afghans invading India to embarrass the Government, and being able in the event of being successful to resist the temptation of establishing a kingdom in India.

(6) In spite of such belief, I hold it to be contrary to the faith of a non-cooperator to render unconditional assistance to a Government which he seeks to end or mend.

(7) A handful of conscientious objectors may make no impression on the then current of events, but they will sow the seed for raising a manly India

(8) I would rather see India perish at the hands of Afghans, than purchase freedom from Afghan invasion at the cost of her honour. To have India defended by an unrepentant Government that keeps the Khilafat and the Punjab wounds still bleeding, is to sell India's honour.

(9) My faith, however, in the British nation is such that when we have shown sufficient strength of purpose, and undergone enough measure of self-sacrifice, the British people will respond fully. My reading of history is that they do not yield to justice pure and simple. It is too abstract for their 'commonsense.' But they are far-seeing enough to respond to justice when it is allied with force. Whether it is brute-force or soul-force, they do not mind.

(10) It is the duty of every non-cooperator to let the Afghans know that he believes in the capacity of Non-Cooperation to restore the Khilafat to the pre-war status, and that India does not want their armed intervention, that non-cooperators would appreciate their refusal to enter into any deal with the British Government for holding India in subjection, and that India has none but the friendliest feelings for her neighbours.

English Learning.

Elsewhere the reader will see my humble endeavour in reply to Dr. Tagore's criticism of Non-Cooperation. I have since read his letter to the Manager of Shantiniketan. I am sorry to observe that the letter is written in anger and in ignorance of facts. The Poet was naturally incensed to find that certain students in London would not give a hearing to Mr. Pearson, one of the truest of Englishmen, and he became equally incensed to learn that I had told our women to stop English studies. The reasons for my advice, the Poet evidently inferred for himself.

How much better it would have been, if he had not imputed the rudeness of the students to Non-Cooperation, and had remembered that non-cooperators worship Andrews, honour Stokes, and gave a most respectful hearing to Messrs Wedgwood, Ben Spoor and Holford Knight at Nagpur, that Maulana Mahomed Ali accepted the invitation to tea of an English official when he invited him as a friend, that Hakim Ajmalkhan a staunch non-cooperator had the portraits of Lord and Lady Hardinge unveiled in his Tibbi College and had invited his many English friends to witness the ceremony. How much better it would have been, if he had refused to allow the demon doubt to possess him for one moment, as to the real and religious character of the present movement, and had believed that the movement was altering the meaning of old terms, nationalism and patriotism and extending their scope.

If he, with a poet's imagination had seen that I was incapable of wishing to cramp the mind of the Indian woman, and I could not object to English learning as such, and recalled the fact that throughout my life I had fought for the fullest liberty for women, he would have been saved the injustice which he has done me, and which, I know, he would never knowingly do to an avowed enemy. The Poet does not know perhaps that English is today studied because of its commercial and so-called political value. Our boys think, and rightly in the present circumstances, that without English they cannot get Government service. Girls are taught English as a passport to marriage. I know several instances of women wanting to learn English so that they may be able to talk to Englishmen in English. I know husbands who are sorry that their wives cannot talk to them and their friends in English. I know families in which English is being *made* the mother tongue. Hundreds of youths believe that without a knowledge of English, freedom for India is practically impossible. The canker has so eaten into the society that in many cases, the only meaning of Education is a knowledge of English. All these are for me signs of our slavery and degradation. It is unbearable to me that the vernaculars should be crushed and starved as they have been. I cannot tolerate the idea of parents writing to their children, or husbands writing to their wives, not in their own vernaculars but in English. I hope I am as great a believer in free air as the great Poet. I do not want my house to be walled in on all sides and my windows to be stuffed. I want the cultures of all the lands to be blown about my house as freely as possible. But I refuse to be blown off my feet by any. I refuse to live in other people's houses as an interloper, a beggar or a slave. I refuse to put the unnecessary strain of learning English upon my sisters for the sake of false pride or questionable social advantage. I would have our young men and young women with literary tastes to learn as much of English and other world-languages as they like and then expect them to give the benefits of their learning to India and to the world, like a Bose, a Roy or the Poet himself. But I would not have a single Indian to forget, neglect or be ashamed of his mother-tongue, or to feel that he or she cannot think or express the best thoughts in his or her own vernacular. Mine is not a religion of the prison-house. It has room for the least among God's creation. But it is proof against insolence, pride of race, religion or colour. I am extremely sorry for the Poet's misreading of this great movement of reformation, purification and patriotism spelt humanity. If he will be patient, he will find no cause for sorrow or shame for his countrymen. I respectfully warn him against mistaking its excrescences for the movement itself. It is as wrong to judge Non-Cooperation by the students' misconduct in London or Malegam's in India, as it would be to judge English men by the Dyers or the O'Dwyers.

More Parsi Generosity.

Mr. Rustamji Jivanji Ghorkhodu of South Africa has cabled me Rs. 12,000 for the purpose of distributing spinning-wheels among the famine-stricken people of Gujarat. The reader will recall his munificent donation of Rs. 40,000 for schools. This donation has come in time, because the Famine Committee was hard pressed to meet the want. I hope that those who may not wish to subscribe to the Tilak Swaraj Fund as being for a political purpose, will not hesitate to copy Mr. Rustamji's noble example, and help the Famine Insurance Fund. —"Young India."

SWAMI GANESHANAND.

GETS ONE YEAR'S RIGOROUS IMPRISONMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CAWNPORE, June 2.

Swami Ganeshanand was prosecuted under section 108 C.P.C. He was asked to furnish security which he did not, and was entenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

CARNATIC MILLS STRIKE.

MEN WAIT ON MR. K. S. IYANGAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, June 2.

The Carnatic Mills workmen, now on strike, waited in a deputation on the Hon. Mr. K. Srinivasa Iyengar this morning, at his residence. The Hon. Member strongly advised men in their own interests not to go on lightning strikes without due representation of their grievances to the management and invoking the aid of the Labour Commissioner.

WARRANT AGAINST A MOULVI.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

The "Leader's" correspondent writes that warrant has been issued under section 10[illegible] Criminal Procedure Code against oulvi Abdul Haq of Badaun for inciting ignorant villagers in Aligarh against Government.

SARDAR SARDUL SINGH CASE.

AKALI EDITORS REMANDED TO

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, June 2.

The case against Sardar Sardul Singh Cavessieur, B.A., under Sections 124 A and 153 A Indian Penal Code, was heard to-day before Mr. Harris, Additional District Magistrate, the subject matter of the complaint being certain articles purporting to have been contributed by him on the Nankana tragedy and published in the "Akali" newspaper in March last. Mr. Shibkrishna Banerji, M.A., Oriental Translator, put in the English translation of the original "Gurmukhi" articles in the "Akali." Mr. Heera Singh, Joint Editor, and Pratab Singh, Editor, of the "Akali" were then cited by the Public Prosecutor as witnesses, but both of them refused to answer the questions. The Public Prosecutor remarked that recently the case for sedition against Mr. Pratab Singh was withdrawn on his offering an apology. Still he refused to answer the questions.

The Court then launched proceedings with a view to their being tried under Section 179, Indian Penal Code, and asked them to furnish a security for Rs. 200 for appearance at the trial but, as they refused to do so, they were remanded to custody.

Mr. Bowring, Superintendent of Police, C.I.D., then gave evidence, stating that the accused took more or less prominent part in the press and platform agitation against Rowlatt Legislation, which led up to the disturbances. In April 1919, he disappeared from Lahore on the early part of martial law days and concealed himself at Bagrian, in Ludhiana district. Therefrom, he went to the Nabha territory to escape arrest. Then he sent representation through his relation, the Bhai Sahib of Bagriah, which was submitted through the Nabha Durbar to the Punjab Government, offering to tender an apology to Government, and give an undertaking to cease his journalistic and political activites for the time being. The accused was arrested on the 6th August, 1919, and the witness conveyed orders of the Punjab Government and obtained his apology in writing. Government was then satisfied that a man of the accused's position and literary attainments would keep his promise, but the accused afterwards took part in political agitation.

The accused, who in pursuance of Non-Cooperation, was not defending himself, refused to cross-examine the witness.

The accused's version of the incidents referred to by Mr. Bowring is detailed in the Congress Sub-Committee's report (P 260-4) on Martial Law.

Mr. Grey, Assistant Superintendent of Police, deposed to the search of the accused's premises in which copies of the "Akali," containing incriminating articles, among other things, were found. Two search witnesses corroborated the previous witness.

A Sikh Inspector produced notes of the speech made by the accused in December last at the Sikh League meeting.

The accused was then asked by Court if he was the writer of the incriminating articles. He refused to give an answer at that stage, though he said he might put in a written statement after obtaining copies of the evidence.

The case was adjourned to the 8th inst.

BIRTHDAY HONOURS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 3.

The following King's Birthday honours hace been gazetted:—

G. C. S. I.

Col. His Highness Nawab of Rampur.

K. C. S. I.

Mr. C. G. Todhunter C.S Madras and Sir Henry Wheeler C. S. Bengal.

C. S. I.

The Raja of Muhammadabad, U.P.; Mr. R. E. Holland, Political Department, Ajmer Merwara; Lieut.-Col. F. G. Bevile, Political Department, Central India; Mr. C. A. Innes, C.S.; Commerce Department, Government of India; Mr. C. J. Hallifax C. S. Financial Commissioner, Punjab; Col (temporary Major-General H. F. Cooks, Army Headquarters; Mr. E. M. Proes, Chief Engineer Bombay Government; Mr. L. T. Harris C.S., Agency Commissioner Madras; Mr. A. R. Banerji C.S., Member Executive Council, Mysore; Mr R. I. R. Glancy C.S., Finance Department, Nizam's Government; W. R. Gourley C.S., Private Secretary to Governor Bengal; Colonel K. Wigram I.A., Army Headquarters; Rai Bahadur Dewan Bishan Das, Revenue Minister Kashmir State.

HONORARY C. S. I.

Sheikh Hamad Bin Isa Ali Khalifa, son of Sheikh of Bahrein.

C.I.E.

Mr. W. D. Sheppard, Member of Council of India; Mr. L. C. Porter, CS, U.P.; Lieut.-Col. A. B. Dew, Political Department, Baluchistan, Nawab Khan I Zaman Khan, Chief of Amb, N. W. F. Province; Nawab Haji Fateh Ali Khan, Kazilbash, Lahore; Raja Muhammad Nazim Khan Mir of Hunza, Gilgit Agency, Kashmir; Major-General W. R. Edwards I.M.S Mr. H. Maconochie C.S., Agents to Governor in Kathiawar; Sardar Kantaraj Urs, Dewan of Mysore; Dr. W. H. Willcox, Medical Adviser; Civil Administration, Mesopotamia.

C.I.E.

Mr. J. E. C. Jukes, C.S., Finance Department, Government of India, Mr. E. Burdon, C. S., Financial Adviser, Military Finance, Nawab Muhammad Ahmad Said Khan of Chhitari, U.P.; Mr. H. E. W. Martindell, Chief Engineer, P.W.D. Burma; Mr A. Montgomerie, C.S., Political Department, Bombay; Mr. F. R. Abbot C.S., Commissioner, Multan; Mr. J. C. Smith, C.S., U.P.; Mr P. B. Thomas, Inspector-General of Police, Madras; Mr. J. R. Cunningham, Director Public Instruction, Assam; Mr. S Cox, Chief Conservator of Forests, Madras; Mr. L. M. Crump C.S., Political Department Government of India; Mr. H K Briscoe, C. S. Bihar; Lieut.-Col. H. R. Nevill, C.S., I.A.R.O., Army Headquarters; Lieut-Col. B H Deare, I.M.S., Calcutta; Mr. H. V. Haro Scott, Deputy Director, Central Intelligence; Mr. R. V. Church, Mining Engineer, Railway Board; Major L. M. Heath, Commandant, Seistan Levy Corps; Major L. E. Lang, late commandant, Seistan Levy Corps; Rai Bahadur Milkhi Ram, vice president Municipality, Lahore; Rao Bahadur K. G. Damle, District Board, Akola; Mr. J. W. Mackinson, Bombay Municipality; Mr. A. L. Playfair of Dibrugarh, Assam; Rai Bahadur A C Sen, Jaipur State; Mr. Maganlal Thakordas Balmukandas Modi, Merchant, Bombay; Dr. M. N. Bannerjee, Belgatchie Medical College, Bengal

KNIGHTHOOD.

Mr. Justice T. A. Sadashiv Ayyar, Madras; Mr. Justice W. Teunon, C.S., Calcutta; Mr. Justice W. Tudball, CS., Allahabad; Khan Bahadur Muhammad Israr Hasan Khan, Judicial Minister, Bhopal; Mr. A. D. Picford, Calcutta, Mr. E. J. Holberton, Chamber of Commerce, Burma; Mr H Kothari, Landlord Sind, Bombay; Rai Bahadur Seth Bisheshar Das, Banker, Nagpur.

I.S.O.

Mr. W. A. Hasted, Director of Survey, Madras; Mr. Maung Hla Baw, District Judge Prome and Tharrawaddy, Burma. Mr. C. St. Leger Teyen, Finance Department, U.P.; Rao Bahadur P. N. Menon, Land Records and Agriculture, Madras; Mr. H. B. Gillmore, Deputy Registrar High Court, Lahore; Major W. D. Neil, Medical College Hospital, Bengal. Mr. J. B. Desilva, P. A., to Military Secretary to Governor of Bombay.

KAISER-I-HIND GOLD MEDAL.

Revd. Canon A. W. Davies, St. John's College, Agra; Mr. G. R. Kaye, Bureau of Education Government of India; Revd. W. Meston, Christian College, Madras; Dewan Bahadur D. Seshagiri Rao Pantulu Garu, President District Board, Godaveri; Revd. E. Muir, Missionary and Doctor, Bengal; Mahant of Emar Math, Puri; Mr Lee Ah Yain Member Municipality, Rangoon.

KAISAR-I-HIND SILVER MEDAL.

Revd. P. L. Singh, St. Columbas College School, Hazaribagh; Mr. L. H. Greg, Executive Engineer, Madras; Captain Dabi ruddin Ahmad, I.M.S, (temporary), Alipur; Calcutta; Mrs A. B. Dew, Quetta; Mrs M L Davys, Kasauli; Mr. J. Daniel, Scotch Mission School Gujrat; Punjab; Mr. Bihari Lal, Mission High School, Ludhiana; Mrs M O. Allen, Medical College Lucknow; Miss S H. Commissariat, W. M. S. Dufferin Hospita, Allahabad; Miss E F. Stewart, Superintendent of the Shelter, Cuttack; Revd. J. S. Mackay, Missionary Neemuch, Central India; Doctor B. Harris, Bowing Civil Hospital, Bangalore; Miss G. Prance, S. P. G. Mission, Ahmednagar Bombay; Mrs. R. J. Parker, Trivandrum, Madras; Mr. R. N Rajadnya, Landowner, Satara; Mother Barbara of Loreto Order Benga'; Mr Malk Narain Dass Merchant; Baluchistan; Mrs E L Joyce, Bengal; Mr Maung Htim Wyaw, landlord, Myaungmya District, Burma; and Pund't Nand Lal, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Bhalwal, Punjab.

Raja Bahadur upon Raja Sheo Mangal Singh Bahadur of Mainpuri (United Provinces) as a hereditary distinction.

Raja as hereditary distinction upon Raja Brij Narayan Bahadur, Ra' of Padrauna Gorakhpur District (United Provinces) and Raja Shambhu Dayal of Maurawan, Unao District (United Provinces).

Nawab as a personal distinction upon Saiyid Muhammad Ali, Treasurer, Muslim University, Aligarh, and formerly Honorary Secretary, Muhammadan Anglo-Oriental College, Aligarh.

Raja as a personal distinction upon Kumar Pramatha Nath Mallah of Searsola, Raniganj, Burdwan (Bengal) and Saiyid Ahmad Ali Khan Alvi of Salempur, Lucknow District, (United Provinces).

Rani upon Thakurain Dalel Kunwar, Taluqdar of Lohrasatpur, Hardoi District (United Provinces) a personal distinction.

Mahamahopadhyaya as a personal distinction upon Pandit Ajodhya Nath, Benares City (United Provinces of Agra and Oudh) and Pandit Lakshman Sastri Tailang, Assistant Professor of Sanskrit; Queen's College, Benares.

Shamsulullama upon Maulvi Saiyid Najmul Hasan Mujtahid of Lucknow.

DIWAN BAHADUR.

Tiruvalyangudi Vijayaraghava Acharya, Dewan of Cochin, Tirufaiyar Venkoba Rao, District Superintendent of Police, Cuddapput, Madras Presidency, Thodla Raghavayya Pantulu Garu, Dewan of Travancore State and Lal Indra Saran Singh Deo of Surguja State, Central Provinces.

SARDAR BAHADUR.

Sardar Sahib Kartar Singh, Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Punjab and Bhagwan Singh, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Ajmere, Merwara.

KHAN BAHADUR.

Ellatt Vadagath Amoo, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Madras Presidency, Muhammad Sadulla Badsha, Merchant, Madras; Darab Edaljee Nagarwala of Ahmednagar, Manchershah Ravasji Gazdar, Assistant Secretary to Government, Financial Department, Bombay, Ardeshir Cursetji Dotiwalla, Assitant Engineer, Public Works Department, Bombay; Pestonjee Bomanjee Mehta, Head Accountant and Treasurer, Aden; Shahnawaz Khan Bhutto, Zamindar, Larkhana District, Sind; Maulvi Muhammad Musa, Superintendent, Hooghly Madrassah (Bengal), Saiyid Ahmad Husain Chaudhuri, Chairman, District Board, Mymensingh, Bengal; Maulvi Tasaddak Ahmad, Head Master, Collegiate School, Dacca (Bengal), Shaikh Nasrullah Deputy Collector (United Provinces, Agha Fateh Shah, Chairman, Municipal Board, Sitapur, (United Provinces), Shaikh Saiyid Muhamad of Budaun (United Provinces), Shaikh Badruddin, Kagrol District, Agra; Saiyid Razi, Sitapur; Saiyid Inayat Hussain, Deputy Collector, United Provinces; Shaikh Safdar Husain, Chairman Municipal Board, Najibabad, United Provinces; Chaudhuri Fazal Ali, Honorary Magistrate of Ajnala Gujrat District, Punjab, Munshi Rahim Bakhsh, Extra Judicial Assistant Commissioner, Punjab; Seyad Sardar Shah Gilani, Professor of Bovine Pathology, Punjab, Veterinary College, Lahore; Syed Abdul Aziz, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Chhindwara, Central Provinces; Maulvi Amjad Ali, Pleader, Sylhet, Assam; Ghulam Amdani Khan, Revenue Extra Assistant Commissioner, Peshawar; Sheikh Mahbub Ali, Assistant Political Officer, Khyber; Sarbuland Khan Extra Assistant Commissioner, Baluchistan; Aga Mahomed Ali Sufi, Civil Administrator, Judicial Department, Mesopotamia; Abdul Aziz Ali Qusaibi, Merchant, Bahrein; Kavasji Dhanjibhai Dhanbhura, Contractor, Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway; Munshi Abdur Rahim Khan, Superintendent, Northern India, Salt Revenue, Kalabagh.

RAI BAHADUR.

Kunja Behari Mukharji, Assistant Commissioner of Police, Calcutta; Babu Satyendra Nath Bhadra, Professor, Dacca College; Babu Adwaita Charan Mandal of Nawabganj, Bengal; Sankar Bhattacharji, Teacher, Medical School, Dacca; Babu Manmohan Neogy, Sub-Judge retired, Bengal; Babu Bepin Behari Das Gupta, Sub-Judge, retired, Bengal; Babu Manmatha Nath Bose, Pleader, Midnapore, Bengal; Babu Hemenga Chandra Chaudhuri, Zamindar, Mymensingh Bengal; Babu Rakhal Rai Biswas, Professor, Krishnagar College, Bengal; Lala Ajit Prasad, Government Treasurer, Dehra Dun; Munshi Narsingh Prasad, Gorakhpur District, United Provinces; Thakur Mashal Singh, Hardoi District, United Provinces; Pandit Kharagjit Misra, Advocate Mainpuri, United Provinces; Pandit Binda Prasad, Cawnpore District, United Provinces; Dr Debi Dat Pandya, Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, United Provinces; Debe Lachhmi Narayan, Aligarh District, United Provinces; Babu Abhay Charan Mukharji, Professor Muir Central College, Allahabad; Pandit Baldev Ram Dave, B.A., Vakil, High Court, Allahabad; Munshi Brijlal, Deputy Magistrate retired, Irrigation Department, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh; Munshi Jwala Prasad, Tahsildar, United Provinces; Dr. Bipin Bihari Banarji, Civil Surgeon, United Provinces; Lala Mangal Sen Dhody, Officiating Superintendening Engineer, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, Punjab; Raghbir Singh Ramdhawa, Hon. Magistrate, Amritsar, Punjab; Honorary Captain Rai Sahib Ram Rakha Mal, Public Prosecutor and Government Pleader, Hoshiarpur, Punjab; Lala Benarsi Das, Banker and Mill-owner of Ambala; Kuar Amar Dayal Singh, Zamindar, Palanmau, Bihar and Orissa; Babu Amrita Nath Mitra, Subordinate Judge, Hazaribagh, Bihar; Chuni Lal Ray, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, Manbhum, Bihar; Babu Birendra Nath Chakravarty, Vakil, Chapra, Bihar; Babu Birendra Nath Chakravarty, Vakil, Chapra, Bihar; Babu Jyotirmoy Chattarji, Government Pleader, Manbhum, Bihar; Ramji Prasad, Personal Assistant to Inspector General of Registration, Bihar; Subadar Major Singbir Ghale, Northern Shan States Battalion, Burma Military Police; Babu Ambika Charan De, Pleader, Narsinghpur, Central Provinces; K. Srinivas Naidu, Public Prosecutor, Wardha, Central Provinces; Srih Srijut Debi Charan Barua, Pleader, Jorhat, Assam; Debendra Kumar Mukharji, Extra Assistant Commissioner and Assistant to Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Assam; Aghor Nath Adkhikari, Superintendent, Government Normal School, Silchar, Assam; Diwan Nand Ram, Revenue Extra Assistant Commissioner, Hazara, North West Frontier Provinces; M. Ajudhya Pershad, Inspector of Police, Central India Agency; Munshi Kunj Behari Lal, Retired Secretary, Jaipur State; Lala Amba Pershad, Honorary Magistrate, Delhi; Khakendra Nath Mustafi, Superintendent, Quarter Master General's Branch, Army Headquarters; Lala Daulat Ram, Contractor, Supply and Transport Corps, Agra, Subadar Major Rai Sahib Ranna Thapa, Extra Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, Meerut; Lal Bilas Ram Sehgal, Superintendent, Quartermaster General's Branch, Army Headquarters; Pandit Bisheswar Nath Razdan, Assistant Audit Officer, North Western Railway; Mr. Kali Prasanna Sen, Deputy Postmaster General, Bengal and Assam.

RAO BAHADUR.

Ranga Ayyangar Viraraghava Ayyangar, Chief Judge of Travancore High Court; Jagadabi Chelvaranga Raju, Deputy Director of Agriculture, Madras Presidency; Devamani Koil Pillai, Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, Madras; Panguluri Rama, President, Taluk Board, Tenneserry, Madras Presidency; Pudupparkam Namasivaya Jambulinga Mudaliyar, Merchant, Vellore, Madras Presidency; Kumbakonam Venkatarama Ayyar Visvanatha Ayyar, Registrar, Local and Municipal Secretariat, Fort St. George, Madras; Chintalapati Venkata Surya Narasimha Raju Garu, President, District Board, Vizagapatam; Shridhar Narayan Sathaye, First Class Subordinate Judge, retired, Sholapur, Bombay; Premchand Avatar Jhangiani B.A., Principal, Training College for Men, Hyderabad, Sind; Chantasappa Panchappa Shette of Darihosur Taluka, Haveri, Bombay Presidency; Pundlikrao Narayan Pandit, Late Honorary Organiser, Cooperative Societies, Kanara, Bombay Presidency; Malli Kasik Ling Naik Patil of Bail, Bengal, Belgaum District, Bombay Presidency; Gajanan Ramchandra Kothare, Merchant, Khamgaon, Central Provinces; Laxmi Das Sapat, Chief Judge, Jodhpur; Maharaja Madho Singh of Gainta, Kotah State; Thakur Jaswant Singh Istimrardar of Tantoti, Ajmer, Merwara District; Thakur Nathu Singh of Ras, Jodhpur State.

SARDAR SAHIB.

Gurbakhsh Singh, Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, Punjab; Chanda Singh of Atari, Amritsar District, Punjab; Bhai Kharak Singh, Assistant Professor of Agriculture, Lyalpur, Punjab; Bhai Kartar Singh Aroraof Hadali, Tahsil, Khusab, Shahpur District, Punjab; Chuhar Singh, President of China Khurd Cooperative Society, Jullundur District, Punjab; Gurdit Singh, Officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner, Baluchistan; Kishan Singh, Sub-Divisional Officer, Military Works Services, Karachi.

POLICE DISTURBANCE AT MADRAS.

PROCEEDINGS INSTITUTED AGAINST CONSTABLES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, June 2.

With reference to the police disturbance "New India" understands that legal proceedings will be instituted under section 143 I.P.C., against those who were identified to have taken part in it.

The Police Commissioner to-day held a parade, at which he admonished the constables for their conduct which, he said, was highly disgraceful.

EVIDENCE OF INSPECTOR

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, June 3.

Regarding the Egmore Police Court incident another enquiry was held last night by A. J. Happell at the Vepery Police Station. Inspector A. B. Cooke of Egmore, Police Court, in his evidence stated that at about 10/15 a.m. of 31st May when he went to the Court he saw about 50 or 60 constables under a tamarind tree. He asked them what they were doing there and they said that they had gone there to see Inspector Hankins. He then went on and posted the men upstairs in the Court. At about 11-15 a.m. the Chief Presidency Magistrate sent for the witness. Witness went to his place and saw him standing on the verandah. The Magistrate asked him to depute a man to bring his office box to the Court. He left for the Court and the witness followed him to get the man. When witness reached the back entrance of the Court, he found that a very large crowd of constables in uniform had collected. As the Magistrate passed the crowd some of them shouted out in Tamil, "who is going to escort you" or words to that effect. Witness then went in by the back entrance to fetch the man. The Magistrate went by his usual entrance. Witness did not see any stones thrown. The whole matter was over within a few minutes. He did not anticipate any trouble. The men dispersed immediately afterwards. When Inspector Hankinson came down some of the constables examined admitted that they were present at the Court on 31st May in order to obtain a copy of the proceedings against Constable Yakum Sahib. They also admitted hearing a noise and bad language being used when the Magistrate was going to the Court. A case under section 43 of the Indian Penal Code has been registered at the Vepery Police station and is under investigation by Mr. J. Happell, assisted by Inspector Hankinson.

DISTURBANCE IN TEA ESTATE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DARJEELING, June 2.

A rather serious disturbance occurred in the Kalij Valley tea estate on the 26th ultimo. Some labourers took up a threatening attitude against the assistant manager and on the manager trying to pacify them they attempted to attack them. Twentyfive labourers were arrested on a charge of rioting. The case was settled, the accused undertaking not to create a row in the future.

LONDON LETTER.

THE LABOUR WAR.

IN IRELAND.

NEW WAR BETWEEN GERMANY AND FRANCE.

(Through Hindusta News Service.)

LONDON, May 4

The decent people of this world seem for the moment to be suffering from a kind of paralysis—probably because it is the decent people who are in so many cases suffering from unemployment and starvation. Nothing else can explain the inertia with which the public in this country seem to regard the crimes that are being committed in their name both in Europe and in Ireland—to say nothing of Egypt and India. Yet the results of the Allied Conference just held in London, to take only one of these issues, are likely to affect the British people not only in this generation, but also in years to come. Every Englishman who to-day condones our policy towards Germany is probably dooming his descendants for more than one generation to hardship and poverty. But, except for the usual protests made by the usual people—little groups of economists, pacifists, and others who still struggle to make their internationalism practical—there has been little sign of any public agitation against the suicidal, as well as the bullying policy adopted by the Allies towards their late enemy.

It is true that the official Labour Party issued a manifesto, last week condemning the British Government for acceding to that policy, and that three of its members who were present supported the motion for the adjournment of the House of Commons on the question. But manifestoes by this time have ceased to have any effect upon Mr. Lloyd George; and it is impossible to ignore the facts that if the Labour Party had turned up in strength the motion for the adjournment would not have been lost and the House would at least have had an opportunity of discussing the matter; and also that the failure of the Labour members to support the Independent Liberals who raise the question of the Government's German policy at every opportunity has contributed very largely to the success with which France has been able to impose her views upon the other Allied representatives. This failure of the Parliamentary Labour Party at so critical a moment in foreign affairs is the more deplorable that our Prime Minister at long last seems to have really endeavoured to undo his past errors in diplomacy by combating the French militarist and aggressive policy at the Allied Council. Had there been a strong public opinion on his side during the past week, something effective might have been done to stem the French intransigeance. But although there is good reason to believe that the City and Big Business generally are growing exceedingly apprehensive about the consequences to our trade if France is allowed to pursue her mad projects for destroying Germany altogether, and although Labour throughout the country is not unaware of the connection between this and British unemployment, neither of these important elements of our people has had its views represented in Parliament because, on the one side, Coalition members were elected to hang the Kaiser and make Germany pay and know no other policy, and, on the other side, Labour members, being predominantly trade unionists, are too often absent on their own business, and, when present, have not the Parliamentary experience to make their opposition to the Government effective. Indeed, this failure of the Labour Party in Parliament is causing much concern to many Labour supporters outside Parliament, who see in it not only the immediate political consequences, but also its inevitable effect upon the younger generation in driving them into the Communist Party.

The Miners Dispute

The lock-out bids fair to become a deadlock. The Government has taken every advantage of the men's rejection of its latest terms, which took the form of an offer to reduce the cut in wages during the first month to 3 per shift by a temporary subsidy, but made no mention of the formation of a National Pool or of a National Wages Board. The miners rejected this offer, which they reasonably regarded as a bribe which evaded the main principles on which they have refused to return to work, for, without the unification of the industry (the principle of which was conceded by the Government's own Commission in 1919), they contend there can be no permanent settlement of the question. Yet the Government, which scarcely pretends any longer to be a mediator, but openly takes the side of the mine-owners, has placarded the town with posters informing the public that the miners have refused a large sum of money as a wage subsidy, thus giving the impression that they are out for a rise in wages, and offering every incentive to bad feeling against the men.

In spite of all this, however, there is a great deal of support for the men's side throughout all classes of society. From Bishops (in the Upper House of Convocation last week) to Oxford undergraduates in their Union debating society, members of the middle classes have manifested their sympathy for the miners' aspirations, even if not always agreeing with their methods; while the growing solidarity of railwaymen and dockers who refuse to handle foreign coal while the lock-out continues, shows the determination of the workers to stand by their brothers in this fight. Even more far-reaching in its effects will be the resolution of the International Transport Workers' Federation, to direct its members not to handle coal intended for export to Great Britain. All these sections of opinions are seen in the lists of donors to the Save the Miners' Children Fund, which is growing larger daily and is contributed from every kind of person who does not want to see the miners' question settled merely through the starvation of their children.

Ireland

The most sciorus fact in connection with Ireland at the present moment, more serious even than the increasing practice of shooting Sinn Feiners, or hanging them, for participation in an attack upon Crown Forces in which fatalities occurred—shooting of prisoners of war, as Sinn Fein with considerable justice considers it—is the shameful practice now adopted by the Government of censoring Irish news and substituting false news of its own. In Cork the military authorities now refuse to allow newspaper correspondents to send out news, a manoeuvre which is apparently intended to prevent decent people in other countries (including England) from learning about the executions of prisoners which are so frequent in that district. Meanwhile, the Government issues information purporting to come from Sinn Fein sources, intended to mislead English readers, either in the form of press messages which appear to come from a Sinn Fein source, or in that of the Irish "Bulletin" whose headquarters they raided a short time ago. Although many of these forgeries are very clumsy, they do not fail of their effect upon unsuspecting members of the public; and in any case they serve to prevent anybody from feeling able to trust any single item of Irish news, especially that referring to Sinn Fein policy, which now appears in the newspapers. We have long ceased to trust any item of information given by Ministers in Parliament.

NEWS ITEMS.

A French Council of Actions.

A Central Committee of Action to prevent War has been formed by the Left Wing Socialists in France, and it has issued a manifesto in which it says—"Neither reparation nor justice are involved in this attempt to steal the Ruhr." After calling on the workers to oppose War by any means, including a strike, the manifesto continues:—"French Capitalism needs war because it wishes to co-operate with the German bourgeoisie in crushing the German revolution, and also because it is on the verge of bankruptcy. The occupation of the Ruhr will cost £120,000,000 and will not bring in one sou."

Support for Miners.

In the debate on the miners' lock-out in the Upper House of Convocation at Canterbury, the Bishop of Lichfield, proposed a resolution welcoming the desire on the part of the miners that the strong should help the weak, and, on the part of the mine-owners, a frank recognition that a living wage should be regarded as first charge on the industry and also their willingness to forego profits in the present crisis. The Bishop of St. Albans criticised the Government severely for refusing even to consider the question of a National Pool, as he believed the present system had broken down and that there were a large number of people to-day who refused to be treated any longer as hands, but wanted to be treated as humans. The Bishop of Southwark acquiesced, and said he was frankly in sympathy with the miners. The resolution was carried *nem. con.*

Oxford undergraduates in their debating society also supported miners recently. At the Oxford Union a motion "that this House expresses its belief in the substantial justice of the miners' claim in the present industrial dispute", was carried by 166 to 109 votes.

The Women's Parliament.

The National Conference of Labour Women, just held in Manchester, was the largest gathering of organised working women ever assembled in this country. Over 200 Labour and Co-operative Women's organisations were represented, and Margaret Bondfield presided. By a large majority a resolution was carried by which four women delegates to the Labour Party Conference were in future to be elected by the Women's Conference, and not, as the mover said, "to be dependent on a tarterong of votes between cotton and coal, iron and steel trade unions." Equal pay for equal work as between men and women was demanded, and the Government was called upon to grant pensions to women with dependent children.

Arthur Henderson, Ireland and Germany.

Speaking at Widnes, Arthur Henderson said that to reduce the German working classes to a condition of economic servitude was not only morally wrong, but politically foolish, and it was not to the advantage of this country of Europe to force Germany into a state of bankruptcy.

At the Women's Conference in Manchester he spoke on Ireland, saying it still remained for the Labour Party to influence the Government towards a different policy in Ireland, which it had hitherto failed to do, though there were signs in the country and in Parliament that a change was coming over former opponents to Ireland's freedom.

THE GERMAN SITUATION.

ANTI-WASTE CAMPAIGN

LONDON, May 3.

The industrial war, like any other war, is not remaining within the limits of the original dispute. The miners' lock-out, because of their refusal to accept a cut in wages without a complete revision of the national finances of the coal industry, has been followed by a lock-out of 30,000 British seafarers, while from abroad comes the news of similar action being taken in the United States and in Norway. And in addition sympathetic action is being taken here in support both of the miners and the sea-going cooks and stewards which may easily develop into a dislocation of shipping transport, as well as of the railways and dock labour.

Both dockers and railwaymen are obeying a recognised trade union principle in refusing to handle foreign coal which the Government is trying to bring in with a view of breaking the miners' determination. At this moment the Executive of the Transport Workers' Federation is meeting to consider the situation arising from this action, which in the case of their members arose out of last week's decision of the Executive to refuse to bunker any ship taking less than its normal quantity of coal, or to allow any coal to be transhipped in ports or to discharge any coal from the Continent or from America. So far the Executive seems to be stiffening in its determination to tighten the embargo on foreign coal, and the result of their attitude, unless for hospitals, utility services and domestic use, is that the Government is falling back on non-union labour. A certain number of blacklegs are endeavouring under military and police protection to unload coal at the ports, and the Caledonian Railway Company has been informed by the Government that "it must take all steps necessary to perform its duty as common carriers." If the response to this instruction is an attempt to engage non-union labour, it seems improbable that a rail strike will be averted. Transport workers are already calling out all over the country for a sympathetic strike, and on the Clide this has already taken place; so it looks as though all the efforts of the leaders to avoid the great strike of a month ago have come home to roost and that the rank and file mean if necessary to take matters into their own hands. A similar temper is apparent among the seafaring men, for, in spite of the ruling of the officials of the National Sailors' and Foremen's Union that no part must be taken in the ship stewards' dispute, their members are in many places coming out in sympathy with the cooks and stewards.

As for a settlement, that seems further off than ever. The Government are sparing no effort to turn public opinion against the men, by making drastic cuts in the train services, especially during the Whitsuntide holiday, and by issuing statements palpably on the side of the mine-owners and by making speeches such as that of the Prime Minister at Maidstone—which is being compared by the miners and their supporters with his speech in 1915 (when the miners' labour was essential to the safety of the country) on which occasion he told them they were the salt of the earth, and must be audacious in their demands. Clearly, Mr. Lloyd George's worst enemy is the long memory of any one of his opponents. That it is necessary, however, for some means to be found to change public opinion if this is to keep hostile to the miners is evident from the widespread support of the Save the Miners' Children Fund, which is running into many thousands of pounds and is contributed from all sections of the people, not excluding employers. There is certainly a large volume of sympathy for the miners' case, though whether it will stand firm against the growing inconvenience resultant from the stoppage of the mines cannot be prophesied with any certainty.

The German Situation.

The formation of a new German Cabinet and its acceptance of the ultimatum of the Allies may or may not stop the French advance into the Ruhr; but it is certainly another Act in the tragic farce that is being played out in Europe. On the one side is Germany, making promises she knows (and everybody else knows) she cannot possibly perform; on the other is France, not caring particularly whether she performs them or not, but only angry because she says she will and so prevents (if she does prevent) France from marching into the Ruhr; while Great Britain, persistent in the face of the advice of all her economic and many of her commercial experts, steadily goes on cutting off her own nose to spite Germany's face and presumably to please the beautiful eyes of France. Last night's debate in the House of Commons on the anti-Dumping Bill was another episode in the drama. When Mr. Asquith, in an able and ironic speech, had done demonstrating that the proposed protection of key industries by a duty of 33⅓ per cent. would be far more injurious to France, Belgium and above all to the United States than it ever would be to Germany, J. R. Clynes made a fine speech from the labour point of view, calling upon Ministers to "cultivate the spirit of peace, not waste time on these completely useless devices for converting trade into a war instrument." But did either speech have any effect upon the Coalition Benches? Oh, no. The Bill will pass right enough.

In Ireland

In Ireland the meeting between Sir John Craig and Mr. De Valera, if barren of immediate and direct results, serves to show that it has been as the Labour policy to insist all along, the only hope of a settlement in Ireland is to allow Irishmen of all parties to settle it among themselves. That the two extremists of Ulster and Sinn Fein could get together amicably and discuss anything at all was at least a hopeful sign, and may yet bear fruit. Mr. John Dillon's decision to withdraw all Nationalist candidates from Southern Ireland and leave the election contest to be between Sinn Fein and Unionism is almost equally significant. If it shows that the Government's policy of terrorism in Southern Ireland has utterly destroyed moderate opinion (which is true) it also shows a genuine desire on the part of the few Nationalists who are left not to queer the pitch of the Sinn Feiners, but to leave them to sweep the board and then do their best they can for the settlement of Ireland. It is now apparently decided that Sinn Fein will contest all the seats in Southern Ireland and, even if they refuse to work the Act after they are elected, they will be there as a body evidently representative of the country, to be negotiated with as people able "to deliver the goods" as Mr. Lloyd George likes to express it. That is at all events the only news from Ireland this week that one can chronicle without a deep feeling of shame for one's own nationality. One's only consolation is to be drawn from the remark of the Irish boy, who, after hearing Lady Bonham Carter's (Mr. Asquith's daughter's) expression of shame and apology for the way he had been battered about by her countrymen, said as I have heard other Irishmen say on similar occasions to English people who disassociated themselves from the deeds of the Crown forces in Ireland)—"Don't you bother about it. You can't help it. We understand that."

Anti-Waste.

A charming instance of the Anti-Waste campaign (directed by wealthy tax and rate payers against the "extravagance" of out-relief or unemployment benefit to the unemployed, and such evidences of reckless expenditure) occurred this week in the resolution of the London County Council Education Committee to reduce its course for continuation schools from two years to one. It had already been reduced from the four years originally provided for in the Act. By the fresh economy, perhaps half-a-million pounds will be saved. Well, that will keep the Defence Force for another week in their armed offensive against the miners, though it would be a drop in the ocean if contributed to the expense of "restoring law and order" in Ireland.

The Communists.

The raid on the offices of the British Communist Party, which accompanied the arrest of its leaders on a charge of sedition, has roused protests from other supporters of Labour, whether in sympathy with Communism or not. It is argued that the raid was carried out on the initiative of a police official, not by order of the Court, and that, such organisations not having been declared illegal in this country, where there have been societies advocating Socialist and Communist opinions for half a century, the raid was an outrage against the Law. This is without any reference, of course, to whether the leaders are guilty of sedition or not.

NEWS ITEMS

Reservists and the Coal Strike.

Protests against the Government's hasty policy of calling up the reserves in connection with the coal lock-out are not uncommon. At Aldershot a serious riot occurred on the part of reservists who were angry at being still embodied, and damage was done in the town amounting in windo breaking alone to more than £2,000. At a recent meeting of the Metropolitan Asylums Board strong references were made to the fact that so many members of the staff had been called up as reservists, and it was suggested that a protest should be made against the expense caused "by the panic stricken action of the Government" which was costing local authorities a considerable amount of money, and the country something like £1,000,000 a week.

French Protest against new war.

A monster demonstration was held in Paris just beyond the fortifications, on May 8 to protest against the Ruhr occupation. At least 50,000 persons, drawn from the Labour movement, were present. One speaker said:—"If they give you guns to fight another war for the capitalist class, keep them and make another revolution." On their way back to Paris, although perfectly orderly, the demonstrators were charged by police and National Guards and many men and women injured.

Belgian Labour Too.

The General Council of the Belgian Labour Party at a Brussels Conference rejected a resolution authorising the employment of "sanctions" and the occupation of the Ruhr. It is anticipated that Socialist Ministers will leave the Cabinet.

Oxford Undergrads again

Following up their recent resolution in favour of the miners, the Oxford Union have now rejected a motion by 88 votes to 67 in favour of the continuance of the Anglo-French Entente as a guiding principle in British foreign policy.

In Ireland

From May 13 to 24, election meetings are to be allowed in Ireland in martial law districts where Parliamentary contests are taking place. Mr. John Dillon says, in a statement, he has advised Nationalists not to put forward candidates in the Southern elections. Among the Sinn Fein candidates for Cork are Miss MacSwiney, sister of the late Lord Mayor, and Lord Mayor O'Callaghan, now in America.

The Dail Eirann Ministry of Trade has issued an order prohibiting the importation and sale of British-made margarine on and after May 26. Among articles already prohibited are biscuits, soap, matches, boot polish, and agricultural implements.

Mr. Henry stated in the House of Commons that for "criminal and malicious injuries" in Ireland during the 18 months ended December, 1920, a total of £2,260,696 was awarded. Of this £2,182,110 was awarded against the counties and county boroughs of Southern Ireland, but the Councils refused to pay.

CHANDPUR MISERY.

MR. ANDREWS INTERVIEWS SIR H. WHEELER.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, June 2.

No change is reported in the situation at Chandpur, Goalundo and other places and at present there seems little prospect of settlement of steamship and railway strikes although efforts are being made to secure resumption of work. Mr. Andrews, who reached Chandpur from Goalundo by launch had an interview there with Sir Henry Wheeler, Member Bengal Executive Council who had gone there before and had been personally making investigation. Mr. Andrews pointed out that recruitment of Indian labour for Assam tea gardens was carried out without any arrangement being made for repatriation of labourers. He thought this should be rectified, and urged that in the meantime the Bengal Government should help towards sending labourers back to their villages. He pointed out that there was now little likelihood of more tea garden workers leaving their estates.

BISHOP OF ASSAM'S APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

The Rev. H. P. Pakenham Walsh, Bishop of Assam, in a letter to the Press, describes the sufferings of two thousand coolies still stranded at Chandpur and refers to the heavy cost of maintaining them by voluntary subscriptions. He says two cholera and three general hospitals at Chandpur are full, Government is giving very liberal medical help but the cholera epidemic is increasing. The only solution is to get the able-bodied to their homes as nothing will induce them to return to Assam. The Bishop bears testimony to the excellent conditions under which labourers in the Assam tea gardens lived in the past, but adds the gardens have been heavily hit financially recently. He thinks the present exodus is, to a large extent, economic. The Bishop appeals for donations to help the coolies to be sent to the Baptist Mission House at Chandpur.

TAGORE AND NON-CORPORATION.

HOW HE WAS MISLED.

"The Servant" writes:—

An esteemed correspondent writes to us from Shantiniketan under date 28th May:

For some time past, some gentlemen from outside were sending various false and over-coloured news about Shantiniketan to Sj Rabindranath Tagore. We have now come to know that false rumours and distorted news about non-co-operation also were being supplied to him regularly. The letters which he had written to his intimate friends expressing his deep anxiety at such news were not meant for the public and he could not even dream that they might be exploited in the way in which they have been done.

We have received two letters from Geneva (Switzerland) from him written a month after the one published in the Prabasi herewith send you copies of both. One can get a clear idea of what he means to say only after reading, in due sequence, all his letters from abroad (for the last one year) otherwise misconception about his ideas is inevitable if one quotes only one side of his contentions without stating what he is trying to say about the other side. Our heartfelt thanks are due to you for having tried to understand him properly at this juncture. You may utilise the letters in any way you like.

We are sincerely happy to know that our anticipation about the whole affairs has come out true and we gladly make room for the letters below after translating them from Bangalee:—

I.

"I read the other day in a letter from a gentleman in our country that your Shantiniketan was a centre of non-co-operation' so I got perturbed in my mind. Whatever may be your personal regard for non-co-operation, I could not persuade myself to imagine that the craft of our Shantiniketan was drifting with its sails filled with the stormy wind of non-co-operation. We should not allow our ashram to be moved by any transient guest of passing wind. The idea underlying Shantiniketan is greater than that of any modern political organisation of India. Perhaps you forgot this truth for the time being on your excitement which I understand, has now ebbed away. I remember how in the past when my father came to know that certain professors were carrying certain matters to excess he said— 'Don't be afraid, our mantra is shantam shivam adwaitam." No ghostly disturbance will get a hold there." His observations are quite true, disturbances will visit the place no doubt but will not be permanent. They will come like storms sweeping away all dried-up leaves. Such a dead dried-up leaf this time was the Matriculation Examination and we are relieved that it is gone. As I have to sit at the helm of your affairs, from afar. I have cautioned you against the excitement of politics. Had I been quite at ease in my mind about it you would not have made any efforts to keep your balance and would have unconsciously gone astray. But bear one thing in your mind. I do not want to speak for or against non-co-operation in any way. If you have regard for it that does not matter in the least. What I want to impress upon you is that our Santiniketan is outside all politics and newspaper is not its banner of triumph. The 6th May 192.."

II.

"I am glad to receive your letter after a long time. One year has passed with me in sojourn, so I am anxious to return to Shantiniketan and the time for my return is also drawing near. I shall reach there simultaneously with the re-opening of the school—the clouds of the rainy season and myself will appear there together. I did not ever think that so much of my time will be passed in foreign lands. But when the open air of the larger human world blew against my person on reaching Europe, I felt that some relation must be established between this world and our Shantiniketan, and through that connection, the contact of the world with India would be broader and fuller than before. For want of this communion we are living in the shade, as it were and our self-revelation is so narrow and limited. So I am wandering from country to country beyond the seas to make preparations for inviting the world to our Vishwabharati (University). If I succeed, Santiniketan will be converted into a real place of pilgrimage.

"Of the politics of our own country, I get some news in occasional hints and suggestion but cannot understand everything distinctly from such a distance. So I cannot make bold to judge of them. Recently a presidential address of Bepin Babu has reached my hands, from which I have got the vision of one side, but as yet I have not had the opportunity of hearing the version of the other side fully and clearly. After comparing the Swadeshi movement of Bengal with the present movement, Bepin Babu has remarked that our movement was not a destructive (nastika) but constructive one (astika). To me this appears to be an exaggeration. For my company it was just the other time and I was abused for it by my countrymen. A perusal of my writings of that period will make this clear. At that time it was the aim of Bengal to do injury to Englishmen by having recourse to boycott. Only I myself protested against it and held that the foundation of Self-Government in the country was to be laid with our own efforts. Whenever students came to me. I advised them so and took them to serve the country by going to the villages but they did not pay any heed to my words. At least, with the help of a few of you, I tried to set up as much self-government as I could with my independent efforts at Silaidah, but could not succeed, because Bengal was not then prepared for it. Bepin Babu himself knows what efforts in this direction I made in Calcutta from our residence at Jorasanko, for I invited him to that conference and so far as I remember he came to the meeting but I did not get his co-operation to any special extent. The heart of the country was then captured by the "Sandhya" whose policy was one of destruction. I tried to strike its opposite not in Swadeshi Samaj, but the country did not lend its ears to it. Yet Bepin Babu has sought to glorify the Swadeshi Movement of Bengal by running down Mahatma Gandhi's non-co-operation movement ("nairjuya pantha," and this appears to me to be unfair and unjust. To me it seems that both the movements are fundamentally the same (prakriti eka). The difference is this that the inspiration of the present movement is the life character of Gandhi and the inspiration (shakti) of the Bengal movement was the force of opposition of the policy of exploitation (barjan nitir virudhata) Leaders of character have certain constructive principles at its core, hence it is that whatever may be the wants of this movement in other ways, its success in this direction is very great on account of its greatness in this respect, it has roused and unoted the heart of the whole of India and because of this the ongoing non-co-operation movement of Gandhi is far greater than the Swadeshi Movement. The 5th May, 1921."

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Calcutta—Saturday, June 25, 1921. Page 4 from our own correspondents.
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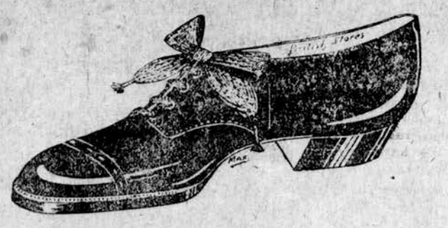
NOTE.—J. P. Ray is alive. This is the best time for writing to specific address:—
J. P. Ray, B. L. Bar-at-Law, Benares.



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AWAKENING OF SHARE-HOLDERS.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—"The Chronicle" has been doing yeoman's service to the best economic interests of the Presidency by giving the lead to the crusade against Directors who have banded themselves into a clique and are adopting ways most obnoxious to Indians and the shareholders whom they more or less ignore. If India is to rise economically and Swaraj is to become a *fait accompli* and to be a blessing, "Swabhog" should be the means to those bright goals. "Swabhog" means self-sacrifice. The shareholders should deem it a duty not merely to themselves, but to the industries of their Motherland to keenly watch the proceedings of the Directors and to rigorously stand against their sins of omission and commission. It is essential that obnoxious Directors should be marked down and turned out of the Directorate forthwith. If an association is formed for the protection of the rights of shareholders in general and there is a compact committee of competent business people (one of whom at least must be acquainted with the details of each company the affairs whereof are to be investigated), lawyers, a few expert accountants and auditors and brokers, it will be impossible for Directors to push shabby and cooked reports through year in and year out. Directors will think a dozen times before gambling and inflating or diminishing the well-earned dividends of the shareholders according to their bullish or bearish deals. They will keep a proper hold on the gigantic expenses of the companies, which spell disaster to the interests of shareholders. They will declare honestly and at length the exact position of the Company to enable shareholders and outsiders to judge accurately as to the sterling and innate worth of shares of each company and the prospects in future. They will only then put down with a heavy hand the ruinous expenses of employment of foreigners and the indifferent treatment of Indians. We wish that Indians do buck up and leave aside all the snobbishness that makes a large part of them look down upon manual labour and incessant hard work as undignified. There is no greater or higher or more genuine dignity than in honest labour. Indians must however be encouraged to the *same* extent as foreigners in every department. There is not the shadow of a doubt that with equal opportunities Indians trained in the best traditions and practical schools (which in Europe and America are ruthlessly closed against them) will soon outshine outsiders. The temporary eclipse on the part of Indian talent matters not.

I would draw the attention of those concerned to turn to the affairs of the Bombay-Burma Trading Corporation, an old and sound concern. Latterly its dividends have dwindled down to ridiculous figures and this is partly ascribed to huge and improperly high payments to a European staff. Timber, the main produce of the Company, fetched fancy prices last year and there was an enormous stock of it shown in the balance in the previous Report. And yet what meagre dividends are declared and why? This Company has been exceedingly well spoken of by the business-world and genuine investors have placed large sums in it. It is, however, a standing grievance against the Directorate that for years past it is stingy in giving out dividends and on the other hand paying its European employees' wages and giving them launches and luxuries which are unwarrantable. I would urge its shareholders to look about, investigate matters and set them right. Only if they make their voice felt by close co-operation, matters will be mended.

It is indeed an irony of fate that two problems which most affect the economics of India have been most neglected hitherto, to wit, charity and affairs of joint stock companies. The moneys locked up in charity in India would run into billions upon billions and yet it is nobody's business to guard them, to keep the reckless or mismanaging trustees in hand or to ask for annual accounts of them! So also in joint stock companies a substantial part of India's wealth is locked up! Why should there be any more indifference amongst shareholders in controlling the Directors and the affairs of the Company? Directors appoint only their select friends (usually the same) and *yahookums* as their co-directors for decades. Practically these are life appointments and sinecures. The flunkey type never utters a word of protest against the malpractices of its patron directors and so the vicious circle is never broken. There is one way to break this magic spell. If the Company law is amended and authority is reserved to shareholders present at the meeting, independently of the number of shares they hold, to appoint at least one-third of the number of Directors at every annual general meeting, the present monopoly of Directors which has been the bane of industries will vanish and powerful new blood will be infused in the Directorates.

I shall take two instances of the extreme danger of the present vicious system of appointing Directors. It is common knowledge, however much directors may try to bamboozle the public, that they borrow huge sums of money from the companies of which they are Directors, shrewdly enough not in their own names, but in the names of their creatures, their brokers, their kin! The dummy co-directors do not care to resist, afraid lest they should be summarily turned out for their pains on behalf of the shareholders! If on speculation the sums are lost they are debited to the nominee and written off as bad debt, the Directors going scot free and still, running rampant to play the same old trick in fresh fields and pastures new where people of their ilk are trying the same game!

Another instance is of a directorate of the select ones, who bought up in booming times huge concerns at inflated prices. They were substantial shareholders in the old concerns bought up, and so benefitted handsomely in the very start. Next they subscribed amongst themselves the shares and left few for the public, who thus duped, bought up at large premiums these coveted shares. The shrewd and heartless Directors taking advantage of this successful ruse, cleared off their holdings and made another haul! The values of shares naturally fell off when Directors were found to be sellers and the poor shareholders have now to hug shares reduced in value in over-capitalized concerns, which will take years to pay dividends sufficient to justify the premia, that the Directors have quietly pocketed. Will shareholders wake up so that the day of the Directors' reckoning may dawn?—Yours, etc.,

FAREDUN K. DADACHANJI.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY LOCAL SERVICE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I shall be grateful to you to publish the following in your esteemed paper:—

The B. B. & C. I. Railway authorities have curtailed a few local trains, as will be seen from the comparison of the last and the latest time tables ostensibly under the pretext of shortage of water. Local service has been irregular for some time in spite of this curtailment. Why should this happen?

Further, the authorities are paying no heed to the crying grievance of the travelling public about the intolerable over-crowding in trains. I am quite sure that this overcrowding can be materially relieved by adding one or two more carriages to each local train and this can be done without any difficulty. The station platforms are long enough to accommodate such augmented trains.

The very fact that the authorities are not following such a course argues that they are short of rolling-stock rather than of water. They are shifting their own responsibility on to the shoulders of our 'city fathers' by saying that they (the Railway authorities) are not getting a sufficient supply of water. I should like to know if they will give an undertaking to increase the service in the near future so as to handle the present passenger traffic satisfactorily on condition of their receiving an adequate supply of water. I doubt very much if they can. The travelling public can wait and see. Time is the greatest and the best judge.—Yours etc.,

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WHY SHE ATTACKS GANDHI

"FUTURE WILL VINDICATE ME!"

"I AM CONTENT TO WAIT."

MRS. BESANT'S REPLY TO CRITICS.

Mrs. Besant writes the following in "New India", in reply to Mr. B. F. Bharucha's "Open Letter" published last Saturday's issue of "The Chronicle".

The above letter is written in so kindly a spirit, that I answer once more the often answered questions, as a busy woman cannot but wish that those who, in a friendly spirit, wish to understand what they call my changes, would read what I say.

1. As to (a) to (f) I remain as I was. There is no change.

2. As to 1 to 4½ I remain as I was. As regards the other half of 5, I was intrigued out of the Presidentship, and carried on my work on exactly the same lines in the National Home Rule League, which founded on the All-India lines, with the more popular constitution framed at Delhi, 1918, December 31, rejected by th All-India H. R. League Council, a practically small oligarchy, on the ground that at the Delhi meeting one person received no notice, owing to the non-fulfilment of his duty by the then Secretary, who supported the intrigue which ousted me. I founded the new League at the request of members who wished the delegation to London to include myself, and to work for the Reforms' enlargement. Since then th original League has wholly changed its constitution and its name under Mr. Gandhi.

3. The Theosophical Society, as such, being an International body, eschews politics. But it does not forbid its members to be active politicians, any more than Christians act politically as one body, but each goes his own way. In this I repeat what Colonel Olcott said long ago. I have never mixed up the T. S. in my political advocacy. We have members of all political parties and of none. A member is a free man, and thinks and acts as he wills.

4. I started "New India" on July 14, 1914. It suffered heavily under the Press Law for years.

5. In July 1918, I criticised the M.-C. Report as unsatisfactory, and in that same criticism pointed out the changes which would make it useful. Earlier in that year, Mr. Tilak and myself stated, that if we got a 4 anna Act instead of a 16 anna one, we would not accept it as giving us our rights, but would work it to get more. I have carried this out when we got a 12 anna one.

6. I opposed the Rowlatt Act as you say, but I refused to take part in Mr. Gandhi's "civil disobedience". Both Mr. Gandhi and I admitted that in the Bill, as altered, there was nothing we could break, unless we became revolutionaries; he decided to break other laws, chosen by Committee, as a protest. I refused to break laws I had hitherto obeyed because there was nothing I could break in the law to which I objected. I went to England on deputation and worked hard to enlarge the Reform Bill. This Bill was much enlarged, most valuable powers were given, powers which could be used to obtain Home Rule quickly. The Amritsar Congress condemned the Act, which it had not read, i the terms applied in 1918, in Bombay and Delhi, to the Report. Mr. Gandhi at first proposed co-operation to work the Act, but gave way to a superficial unity to cover deep disagreements. I refused to take part in an unreal and dangerous pretence, and between 30 and 40 voted with me.

7. I began a campaign to explain the Reform Act in January 1920, because I saw it was not understood. Soon after the Khilafat Committee was formed: Dyer was not allowed to go scot free; he was compelled to retire from the army, and as a fellow-officer remarked, it was a "disgrace worse than death". Sir Michael has gon scot free; but have the critics asked themselves what the Government can do? What they can prove? What had these things to do with the Reform Act, by working which alone we could prevent them for the future? Compare the rejection of Pandit Malaviy attempts over the Punjab atrocities before the Act was at work with the success of Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas' resolution after the Indian Assembly came into being. The "last resource," the futile resource, of Non-Co-operation was preferred to the sensible resources of working the Reform Act. I chose the latter, and am already justified in my choice. In 1918, I pointed out the powers we should work for; in 1919, I worked for them, and with the hard work of Liberals and National Home Rulers some were gained and others, not asked for, granted, in 1920 I stood by and worked for the Act, and in 1921, I see much already gained. I hammered at a closed door in 1914, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19; in 1920, I walked through the opened door, and you blame me for not standing outside, hammering at the open door! I agitated for Reforms; Reforms largely gained. I utilise them.

8. I "apprehend danger". Yes, I do. Already we are having riots, going out of Non-Co-operation. Young men have been taught to disobey their parents and to show no reverence for law. They are taught to hate the British, and to regard once loved leaders as traitors; unruly schoolboys loot patriots on the platform. The Afghan brothers declare their intention to help Afghans in "liberating" India, i.e., in invading the Motherland, "carrying fire and sword through India, and killing Hindus if they assist. For 23 years in India, I have sought to draw India and Britain together; I cannot turn round, and drive them apart. I do not find "Young India" "serene, unruffled," etc. I find it week by week filled with the most violent abuse of Government, of the British Nation: I find it, with smooth words, doing all that is possible to stir up bitter hatred, and Mr. Gandhi declaring that he can look with equanimity on anarchy, and that war is better than the present peace. I regard him as India's most dangerous enemy, destroying all that the Congress had worked for, before, unhappily, it fell under his control.

If Mr. Gandhi, as I hope, will change his policy; if he will drop the advocacy of his fourfold programme; if he will cease to abuse the Government, and to walk about in a powder-magaine dropping sparks, I will instantly cease my attacks: I have no personal dislike of him; I fight him only because he is destroying the open road to Home Rule. If he will confine himself to collecting rupees, and names for the Congress, and distributing spinning-wheels, I will not write another word against him. The Viceroy very rightly saw him, when Mr. Gandhi asked for an interview, and gave him hours out of his well-filled time. We await the result of the interview. If it be a continuance of the policy of abuse, of trying to paralyse the Government, I shall continue my campaign. If it be the changed policy sketched above, I drop it. These are the directions I leave for the conduct of "New India". Because I strive to be what you call me, a "dear, devoted faithful and useful friend of India" I fight a policy which, at the worst, means revolution, and, at the best, sporadic rioting and an envenomed hatred of Britain, which I have never before seen so intense in India. I fight for Union, Comradeship, Freedom, Brotherly Co-operation, I cannot change my attitude to Mr. Gandhi, till he drops his maleficent policy. I know that the future will vindicate me. I am content to wait.

ANNIE BESANT.

A Provincial Judicial Officers' conference will be held at Cawnpore on the 4th July, probably to consider the recent communique of the local Government announcing curtailment of two listed appointments reserved for members of the service, for which they have already submitted memorials and also to form a Provincial Judicial Service Association. Rai Bahadur Jagatnarain, District Judge, will preside.

* * * *

Ram Shankar Trivedi who was posted as a reporter of the "Pratap" was prosecuted by the local Government under section 124A I.P.C. The accused prayed for pardon from the local Government, which was sanctioned and he was acquitted on the undertaking that he would not address political meetings in the future.

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MULSHI PETH PROJECT.

The "Indian Social Reformer" writes:—

The working of the Tata Hydro Electric Scheme at Mulshi Petha Valley has been stopped for the present and the Tata Company have proposed certain definite compensations a very liberal scale to the land-owners or Mavlas. Satyagraha won so far and the liability to adequate compensation and to provide lands elsewhere if possible for the dispossessed, has been recognised. Now it will be the duty of the well-wishers of both the country and of the Mavlas to bring about an amicable settlement of the points at issue and to see that while that Company completely carries out its terms towards the land owners, there is no obstacle put in the further progress of the Scheme when recommenced in September. But if Satyagraha were to take the shape of refusing all reasonable and even generous compensations, with the idea of defeating the project altogether, it will only be an unreasoned and uneconomic attitude, much to be deplored. There is a likelihood of this first triumph making people heady and lose their sense of proportion. Already the suggestion has been made that the Hydro-Electric Scheme should be dropped even though it has cost the Company about Rs. 75 lakhs, that the Government should make good the losses and that the Mavlas should be left in undisturbed possession of the lands. If such impossible demands were to be made they would only put a train on the anxious solicitude and loyalty with which the whole country supported the Mavlas in their just demands for compensation. If this attitude were to succeed it would only lead to economic suicide and the country will certainly repudiate all such fantastic oppositions and the Mavlas and their supporters will not be deserving of sympathy or support from the people at large. It is therefore gratifying to find that Mr. Kelkar in his article on the Mulshi Petha Scheme in the "Maharatta" of May 1st, while criticising the Government for their inactivity, partially concedes the going-on with the scheme. They will be true friends of the Mavlas who secure as much money or lands in exchange, for them, see that the money they get, does not go into the pockets of the sowcars but make the sowcars reduce their demands and their interest so that the latter may not swallow the whole of the compensation money and try to get for the Mavlas some fertile lands in other valleys. There is no doubt that here is a real cause of grievance, that the Sowcars would attach most of the compensation money. Here, the Government and the company should intervene and save for these indebted people a portion of their compensation whether paid in land or in cash. While the company has rightly undertaken to give preference for labour to these Mavlas in their works, they might also seek to remove this grave fear in their minds.

It has been said that this is a fight between Capital and Labour. It will be plain to all that this is a gross misrepresentation so far as Hydro-Electric Schemes are concerned. To apply the term to a large expenditure of capital on harnessing the vast abount of natural energy that is now running into waste, for national welfare and prosperity is wilful ignorance. It does not lie in the mouth of such people to criticise the Government for not helping the industrial and economical development of the country. On the other hand, we ought to welcome many more Hydro-Electric Schemes, many more damming of rivers and valleys to create so much sources of power and wealth, which are now left untilised. It will be a proud day for India if there be a chain of Hydro-Electric Schemes throughout the Western Ghats and the Himalayas and instead of girding at the Tatas, we ought to be proud there is at least one Indian concern capable of undertaking such vast concerns. It has been pointed out that these schemes would not only add to the wealth of the country by freeing so much coal but would lead to the starting of so many chemical industries for which we are now depending on the west. There is the huge Koyna Valley River Scheme which, when completed, it is said, would facilitate the manufacture of aluminium and of many chemical products, the raw materials for which, that part of the country is said to possess in abundance. Again, we should welcome all such electrical schemes which would drive coal completely out of Bombay. When we see Parel with its grimy and filthy soil and its fould air, all due to the coal and coal dust, we are reminded of the black-cotton soil of Bellary, such havoc has coal caused to the natural soil of Bombay. Bombay will become a healthy and clean city only when, amongst other improvements coal is banished for ever and when there is a complete electrication of Railways, Mills, Factories etc. To such end, all the intelligent citizens of the community must bend their energies and co-operate with the Government and the companies which are engaged in such concerns, more philanthropic than even dividend-paying. Even the present schemes now in operation, while they might have added to the profits of the mills, are paying very poor dividends to the shareholders. From the point of view of national health, welfare and prosperity, such electrical undertakings must be welcomed. We are therefore unable to agree with Mahatma Gandhi that even if there be "one extraordinarily firm land-owner" as Mr. Kelkar put it, unwilling to part with his lands, the scheme should be dropped and we trust that the Non-Cooperation or Satyagraha movement will not be perverted to "fouling one's own nest" whether in Mulshi Petha or in Madura. After all Satyagraha means sacrifice and should not a few hundreds of people in these valleys sacrifice their land—not without compensation—and their sentiments for ensuring the greater health and cleanliness as well as the riches of the Nation? Let the Satyagrahis and the so-called 'Republicans' look to the example of France, Switzerland and Sweden where the rulers are trying to conserve all available power from rivers and water-falls. The present *impasse* in Mulshi Petha should serve as a lesson to the Government and the company so for as adequate compensations and due notices to the landowners are concerned, but it should not mean that this scheme or other schemes of like nature should be dropped. The latter would mean an evil day for India.

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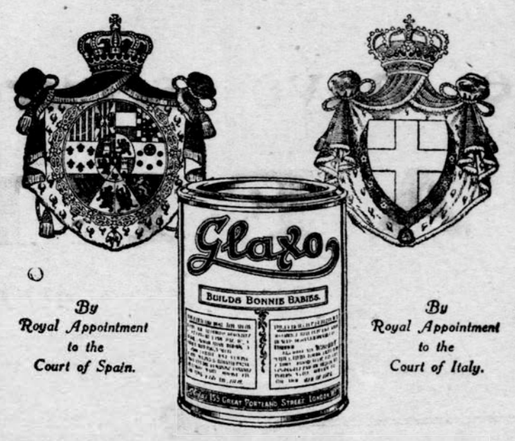

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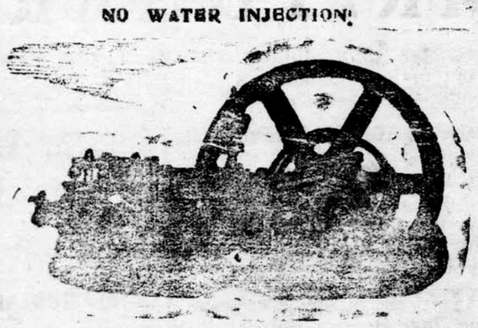

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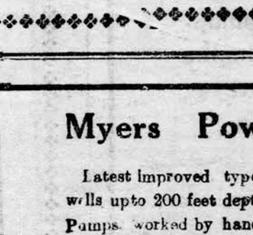

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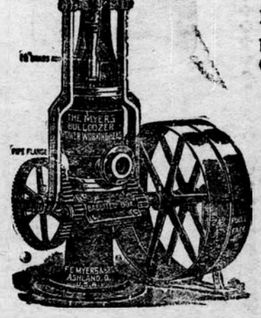

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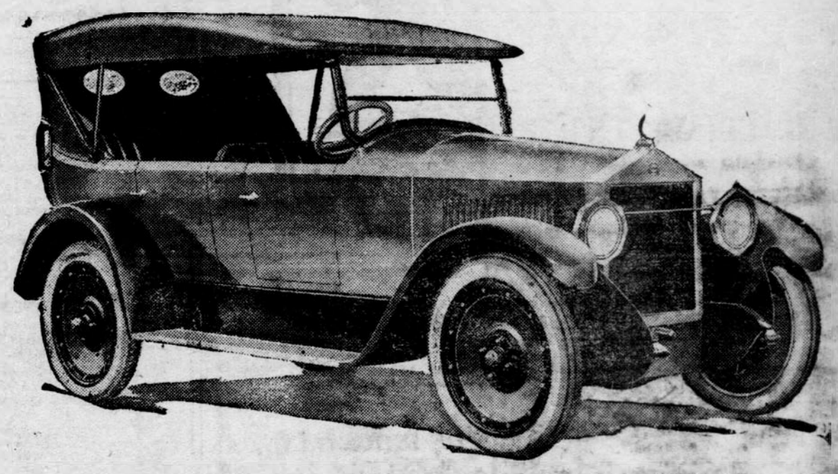

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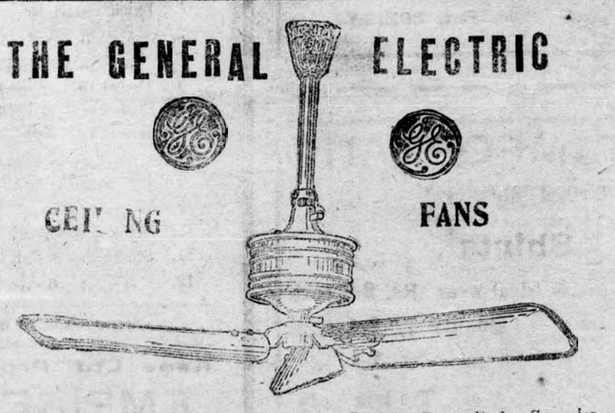

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